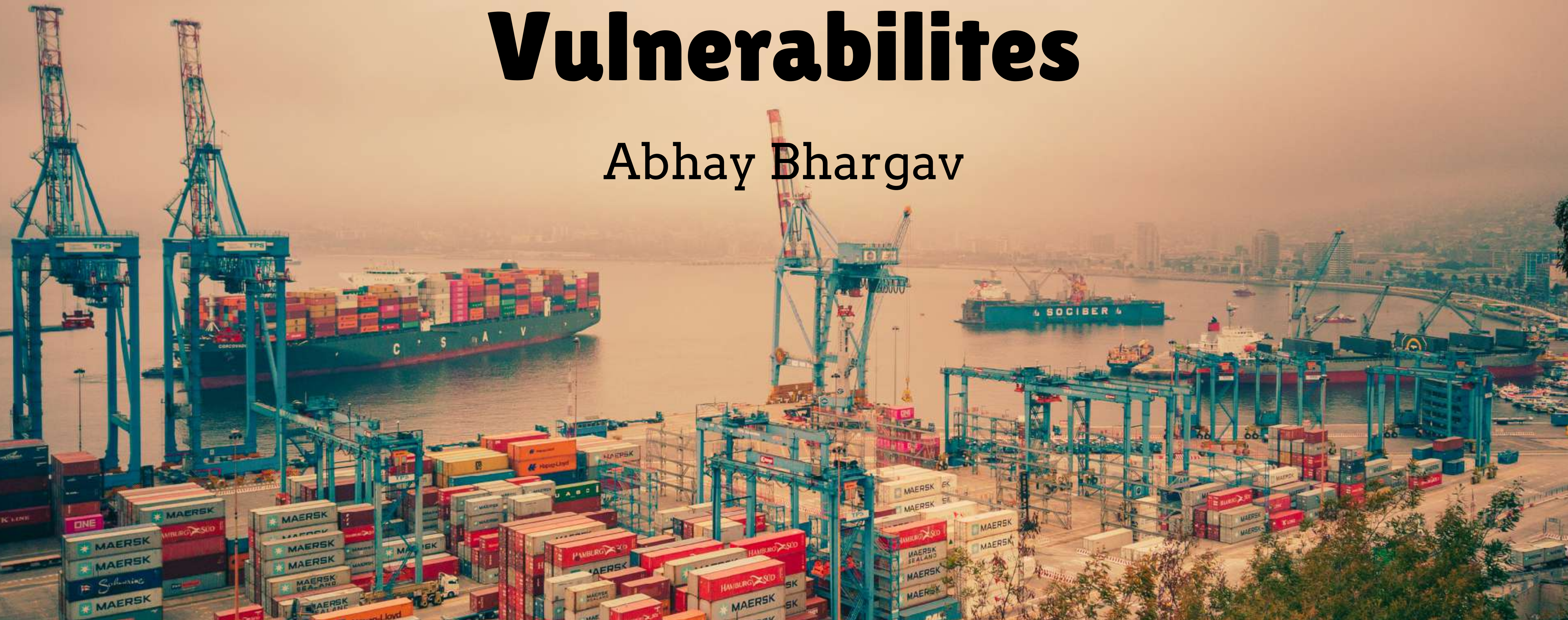


# Fantastic Supply-Chain Vulnerabilites

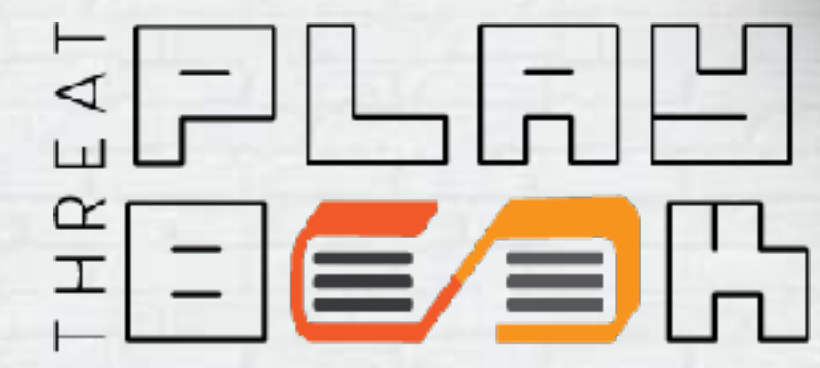
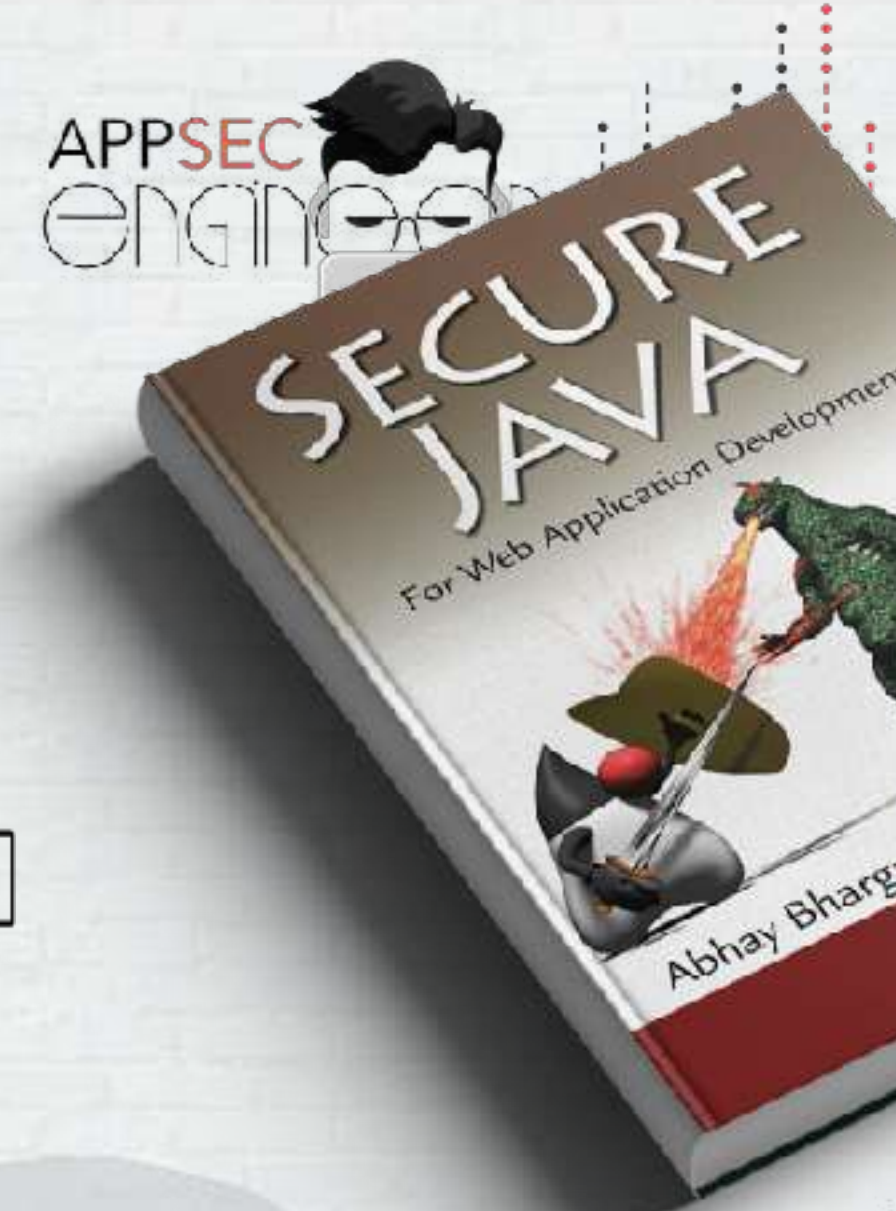
Abhay Bhargav



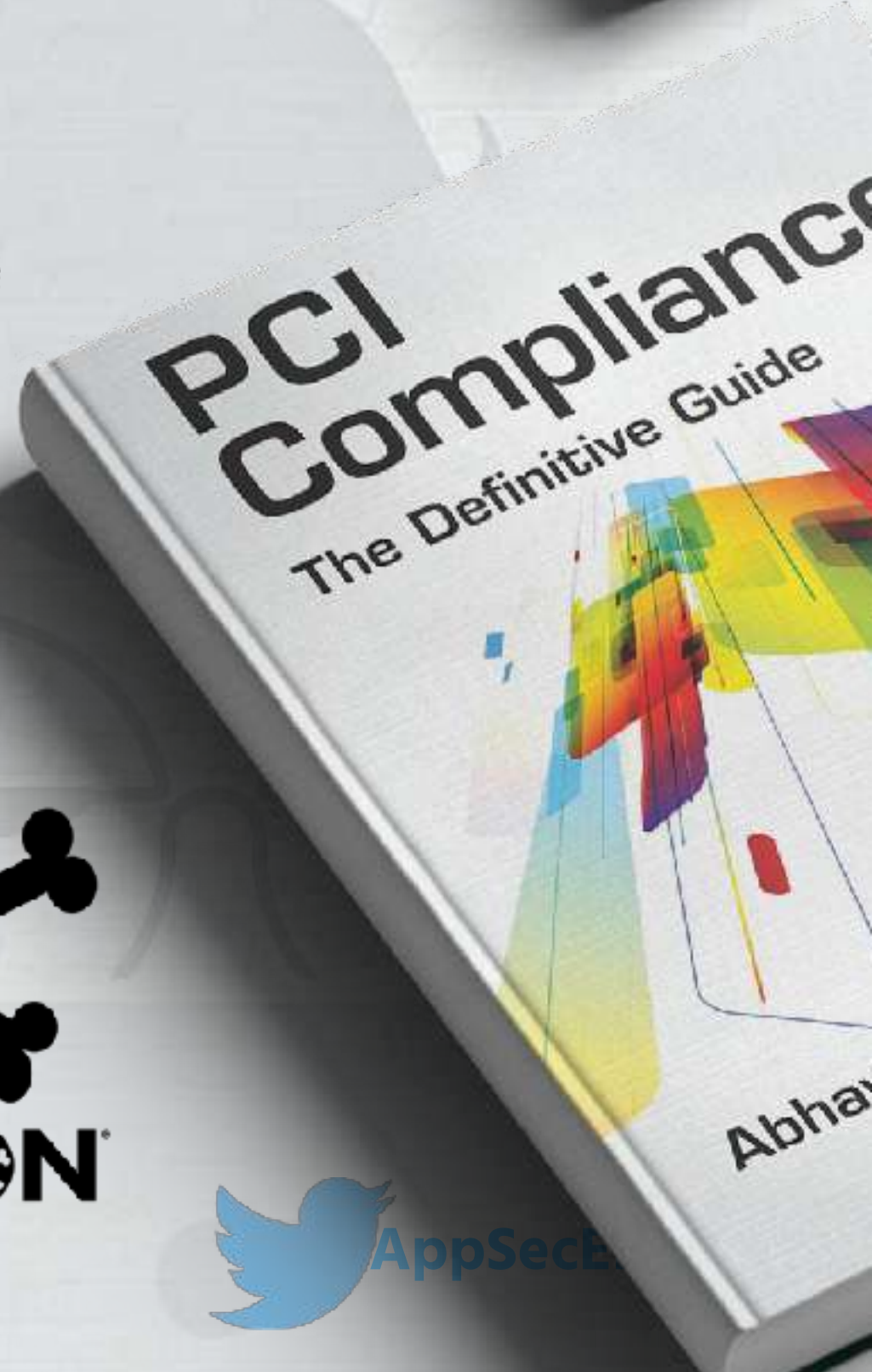


# Yours Truly

- Founder @ we45 and AppSecEngineer
- Chief Architect - Orchestron
- Avid Pythonista and AppSec Automation Junkie
- Trainer/Speaker at DEF CON, BlackHat, OWASP Events, etc world-wide
- Lead Trainer - we45 Training and Workshops
- Co-author of Secure Java For Web Application Development
- Author of PCI Compliance: A Definitive Guide



DVFaaS  
Damn Vulnerable Functions as a Service





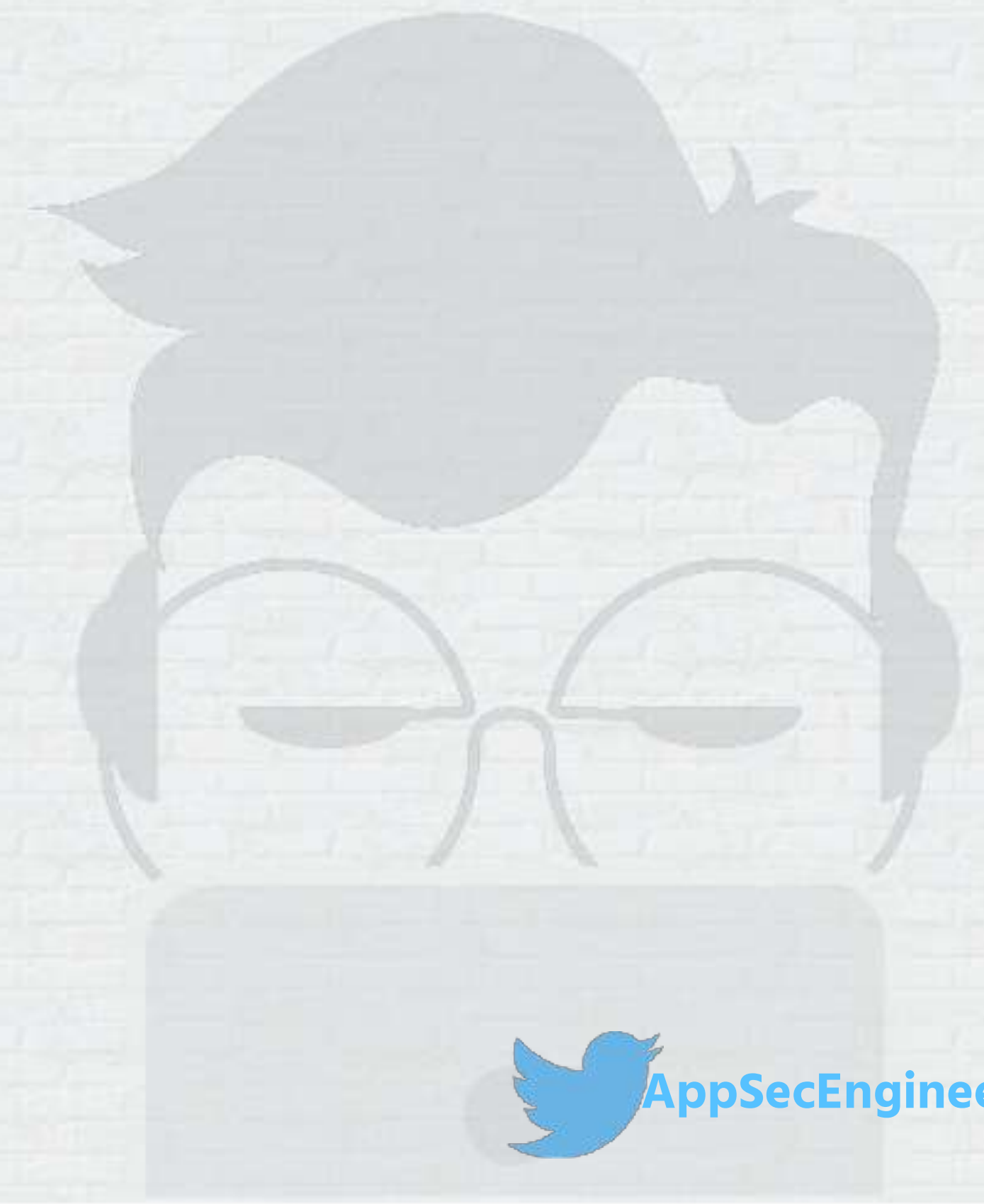
# Community Initiatives



📢 Youtube Channel: [youtube.com/appsecengineer](https://youtube.com/appsecengineer)

📖 Blog: [we45.com/blog](https://we45.com/blog)

🧠 Talks/Workshops at several Events





# My talk...





# My talk...





“the network of all the individuals, organizations, resources, activities and technology involved in the creation and sale of a product.”

–Definition of Supply Chain



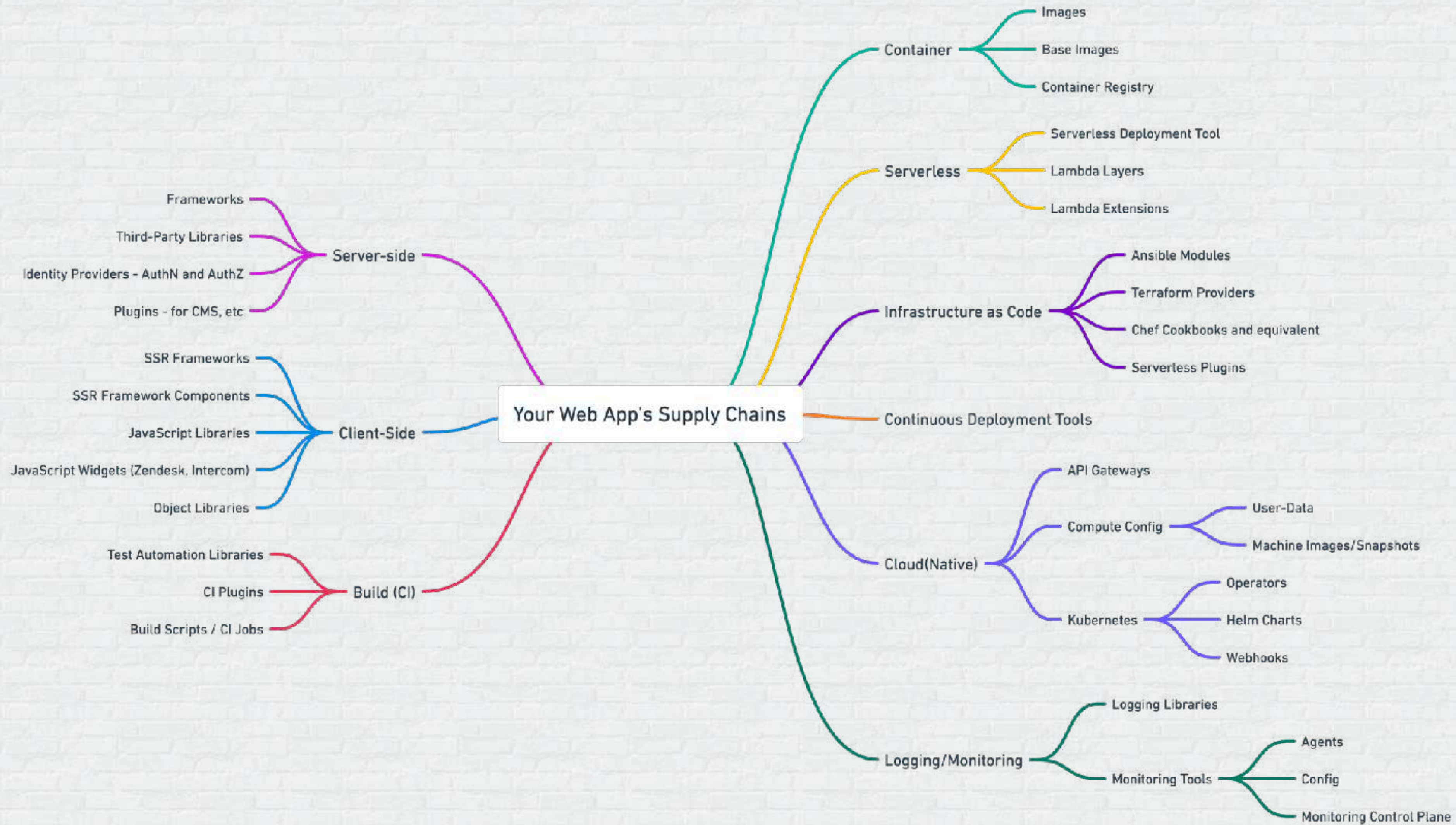


**“A software supply chain is composed of the components, libraries, tools, and processes used to develop, build, and publish a software artifact.”**

–Usenix Paper coauthored by Dan Geer



# Your Application's Supply-Chains

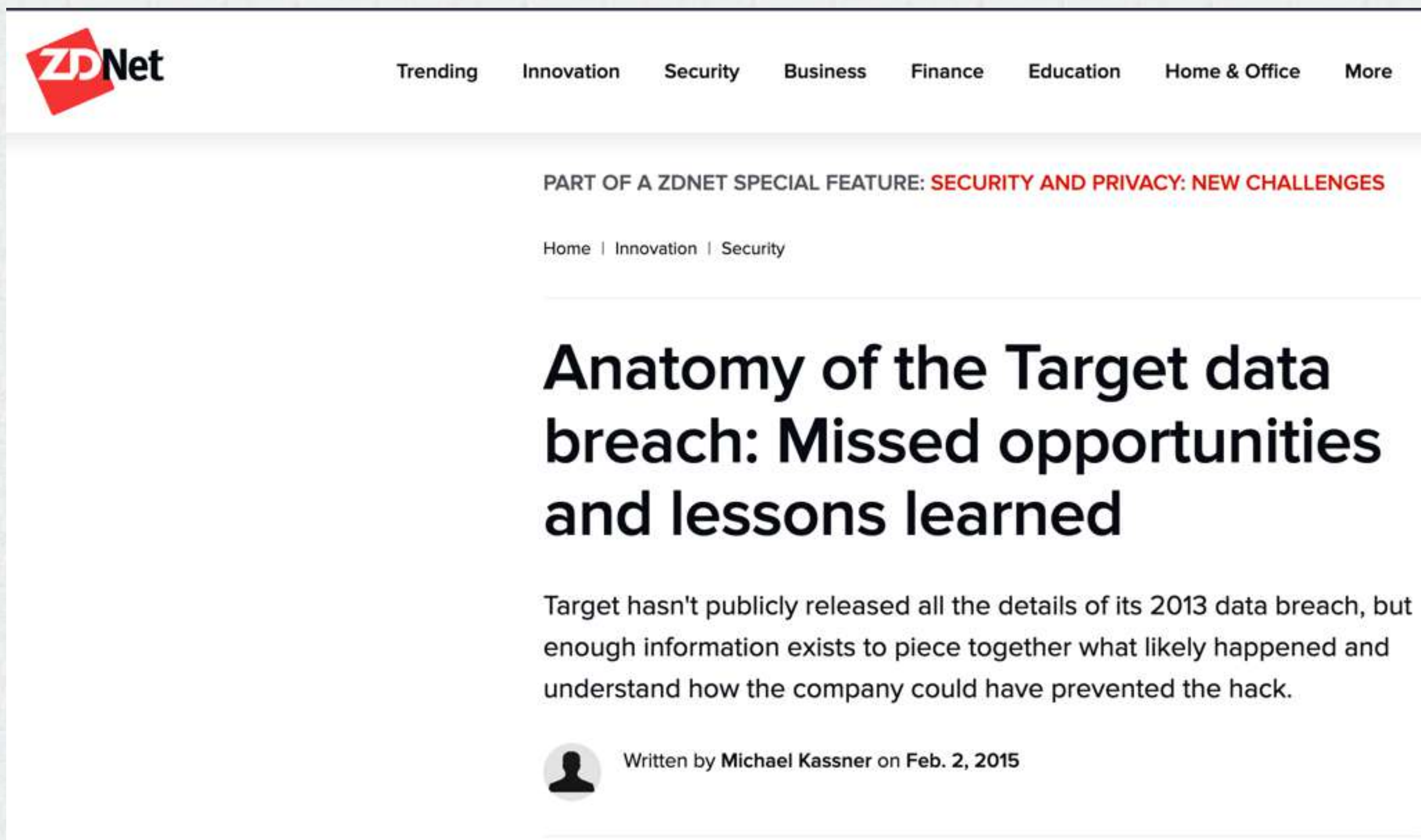




# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks




**ZDNet** Trending Innovation Security Business Finance Education Home & Office More

PART OF A ZDNET SPECIAL FEATURE: **SECURITY AND PRIVACY: NEW CHALLENGES**

Home | Innovation | Security

## Anatomy of the Target data breach: Missed opportunities and lessons learned

Target hasn't publicly released all the details of its 2013 data breach, but enough information exists to piece together what likely happened and understand how the company could have prevented the hack.

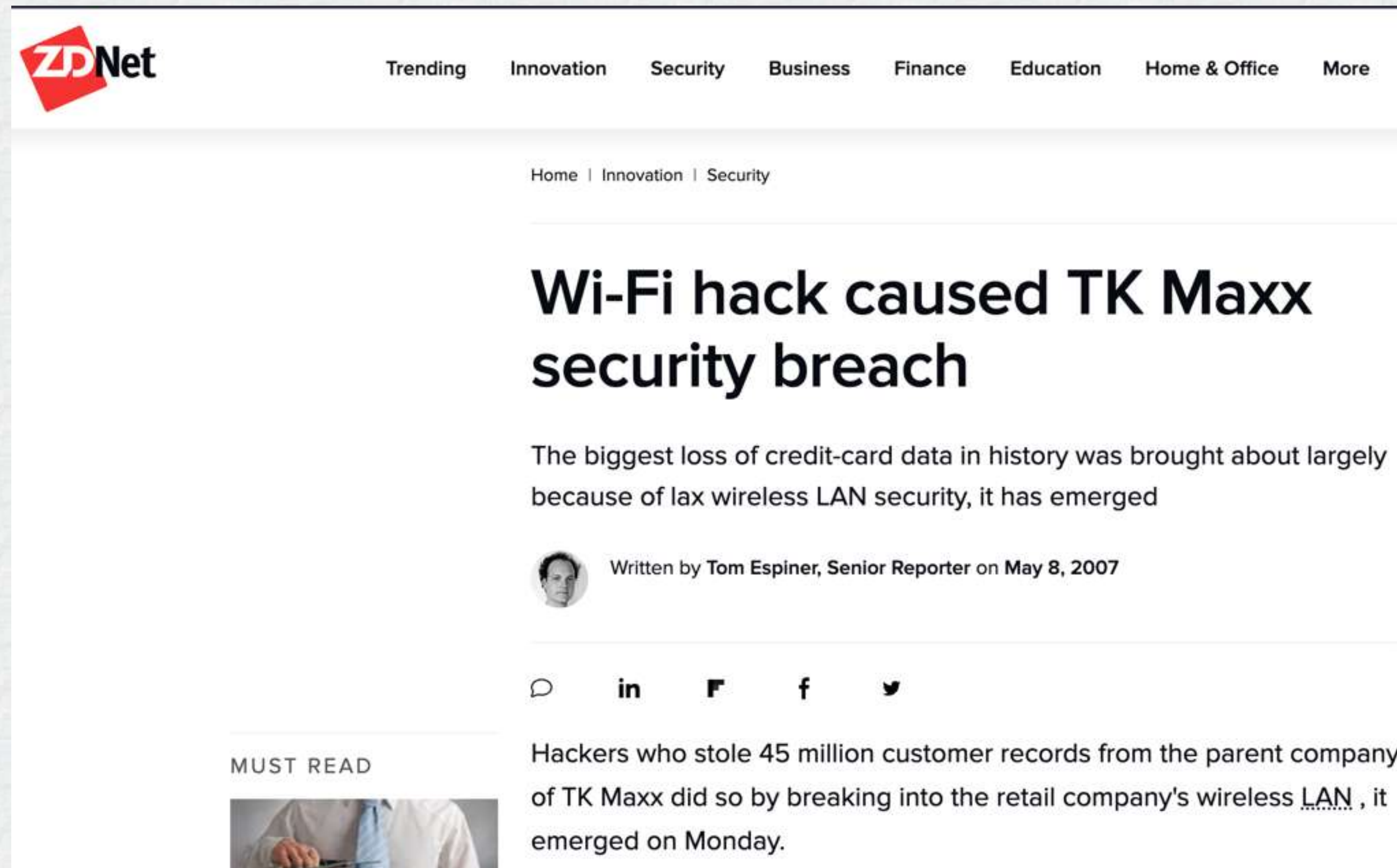
Written by  Michael Kassner on Feb. 2, 2015



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



The screenshot shows a ZDNet article page. At the top left is the ZDNet logo. A navigation bar contains links for Trending, Innovation, Security, Business, Finance, Education, Home & Office, and More. Below the navigation bar is a breadcrumb trail: Home | Innovation | Security. The main headline is "Wi-Fi hack caused TK Maxx security breach". Below the headline is a sub-headline: "The biggest loss of credit-card data in history was brought about largely because of lax wireless LAN security, it has emerged". The author information is: "Written by Tom Espiner, Senior Reporter on May 8, 2007". Below the author information are social media sharing icons for LinkedIn, Facebook, and Twitter. At the bottom left of the article is a "MUST READ" section with a small image of a person in a white shirt and blue tie.



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks

[Home](#) > [Security](#) > [Ransomware](#)

ANALYSIS

## What is WannaCry ransomware, how does it infect, and who was responsible?

Stolen government hacking tools, unpatched Windows systems, and shadowy North Korean operatives made WannaCry a perfect ransomware storm.



By [Josh Fruhlinger](#)

Contributing writer, CSO | 30 AUGUST 2018 19:22 IST





# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks

**NotPetya: How a Russian malware created the world's worst cyberattack ever**

NotPetya malware spread like wildfire across the world, eating into every electronic equipment, computers, extracting data and demanding exorbitant amounts for recovery in form of Bitcoins

**Topics**  
Notpetya Ransomware Attack | Cybersecurity | Hackers

Aparna Banerjea | New Delhi  
Last Updated at August 27, 2018 12:30 IST

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Market

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Facebook, Twitter, YouTube, Instagram, LinkedIn, and other social media icons.

Hand holding a stack of coins.




# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks

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**SolarWinds Orion Security Breach: Cyberattack Timeline and Hacking Incident Details**  
How the SolarWinds Orion security breach occurred: A timeline involving CrowdStrike, FireEye, Microsoft, FBI, CISA & allegations vs. Russia.

by Joe Panettieri • Oct 7, 2021

The [SolarWinds Orion security breach](#), a.k.a. SUNBURST, impacted numerous U.S. government agencies, business customers and consulting firms. Here's a timeline of the SolarWinds SUNBURST hack, featuring ongoing updates from a range of security and media sources.

Among the important items to note:



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks

The screenshot shows a news article on the Help Net Security website. The article is dated July 23, 2020, and is written by Zeljka Zorz, Editor-in-Chief. The title of the article is "Attackers exploit Twilio's misconfigured cloud storage, inject malicious code into SDK". The article text states that Twilio confirmed that for 8 or so hours on July 19, a malicious version of their TaskRouter JS SDK was being served from one of their AWS S3 buckets. Below the text is a partial view of a Twilio interface with various service cards like SMS, Voice, and Video.

HELPSNETSECURITY News Features Expert analysis Videos Reviews Events Reports Whitepapers Industry news P

Zeljka Zorz, Editor-in-Chief, Help Net Security  
July 23, 2020

## Attackers exploit Twilio's misconfigured cloud storage, inject malicious code into SDK

Twilio has confirmed that, for 8 or so hours on July 19, a malicious version of their TaskRouter JS SDK was being served from their one of their AWS S3 buckets.

SMS SMS, Email Voice SMS, Email Video



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks

The screenshot shows a Reuters news article. At the top left is the Reuters logo. A navigation bar contains links for World, Business, Legal, Markets, Breakingviews, Technology, Investigations, and More. The article is dated April 20, 2021, at 5:21 AM GMT+5:30, and was last updated a year ago. It is categorized under 'Technology'. The headline reads 'Codecov hackers breached hundreds of restricted customer sites - sources'. The authors are Joseph Menn and Raphael Satter. The article is a 4-minute read. Below the headline are social media sharing icons for Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, a link icon, and an email icon. A bookmark icon is also present. The start of the article text is visible: 'SAN FRANCISCO, April 19 (Reuters) - Hackers who tampered with a software development tool from a company called Codecov used that program to gain'. A black banner at the bottom left of the article area says 'Register now for FREE unlimited'.



# A Recent History of Supply-Chain Attacks



# Today's Agenda





# Today's Agenda

- Three Stories



# Today's Agenda

- Three Stories
- From different phases of the SDLC



# Today's Agenda

- Three Stories
- From different phases of the SDLC
- With completely different supply-chain implications



# Pre-Commit Supply-Chain Attacks

## Pre-Commit Supply-Chain Attacks

Malicious Dependency - Local Command Exec

Dependency Confusion

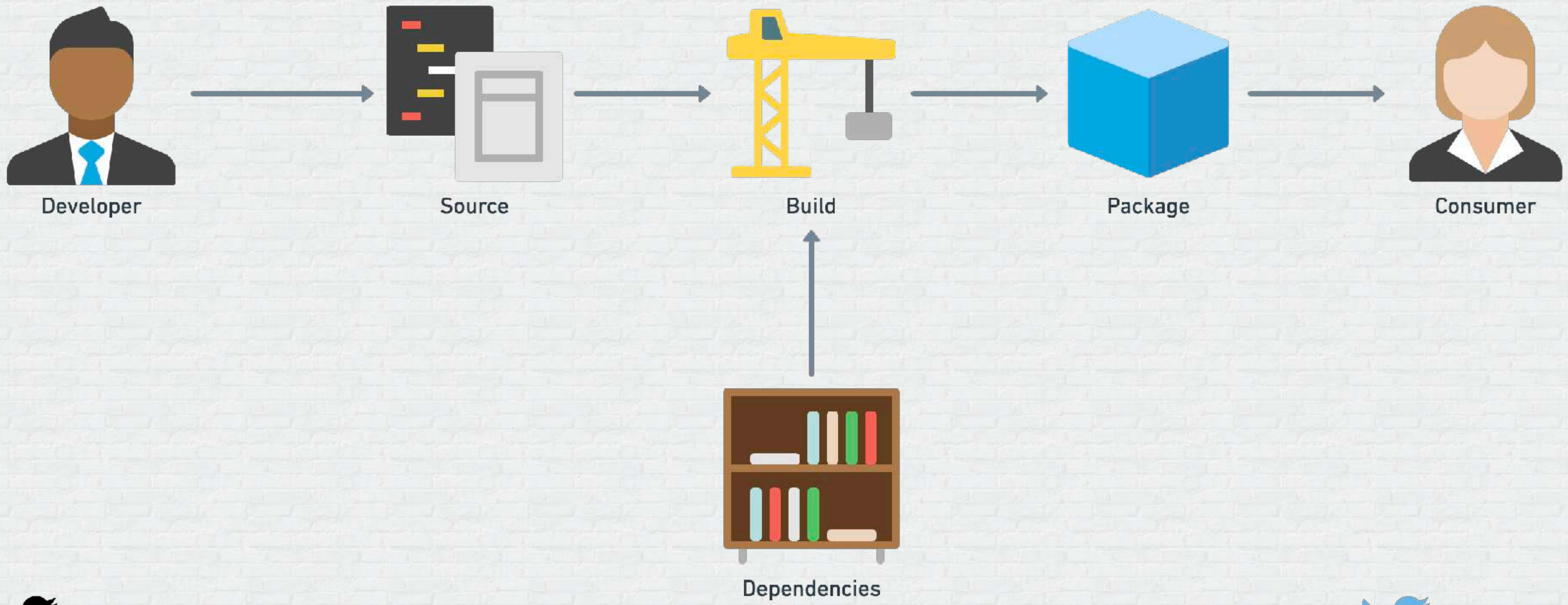
Malicious Git Hooks

Malicious/Compromised Infrastructure-as-Code Manifests

Compromised IDE Plugins/Dev-tooling



# Supply-Chain Lifecycle



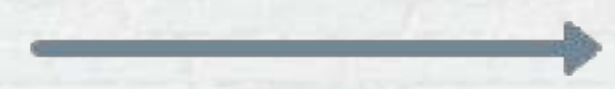


# Supply-Chain Lifecycle

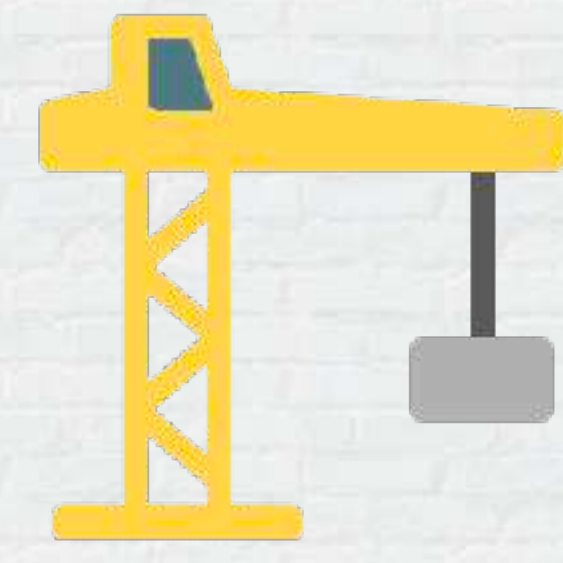
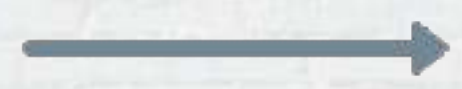
Dependency Confusion  
Malicious Git Hooks  
Malicious Terraform Modules



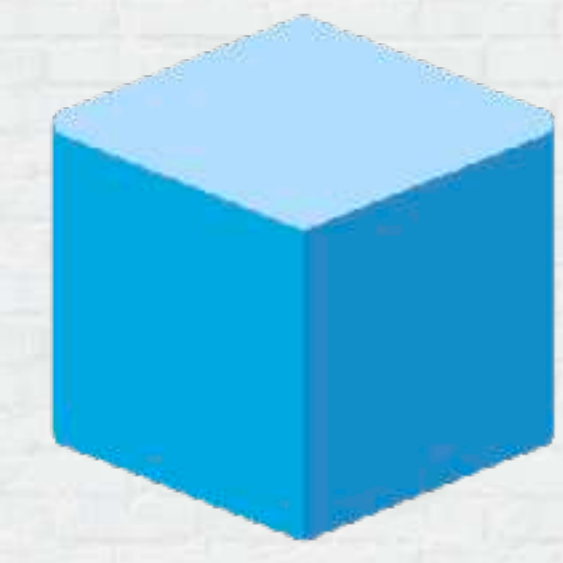
Developer



Source



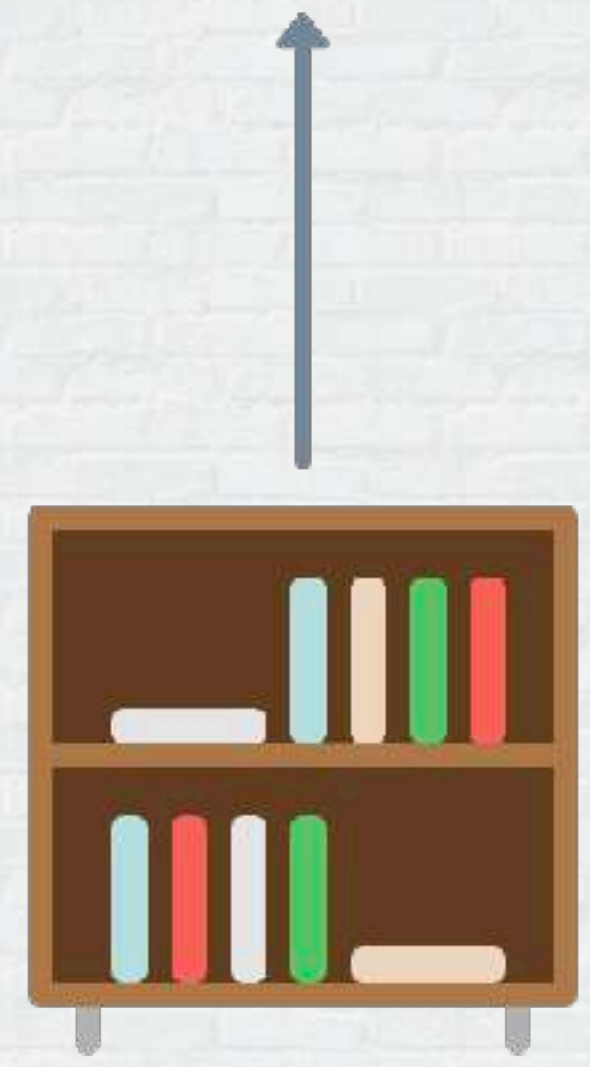
Build



Package



Consumer



Dependencies





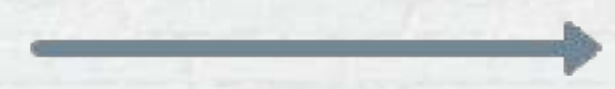
# Supply-Chain Lifecycle

Dependency Confusion  
Malicious Git Hooks  
Malicious Terraform Modules

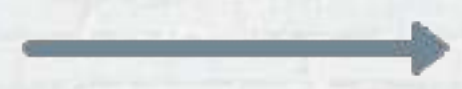
Poisoned Pipeline  
Build Manipulation  
Build System Compromise



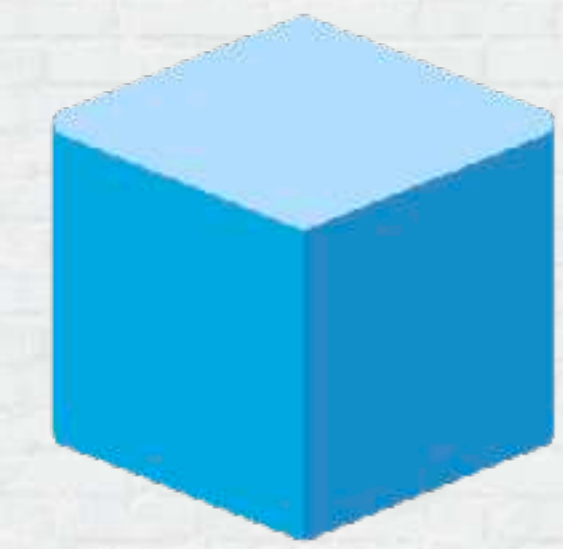
Developer



Source



Build



Package



Consumer



Dependencies





# Supply-Chain Lifecycle

Dependency Confusion  
Malicious Git Hooks  
Malicious Terraform Modules

Poisoned Pipeline  
Build Manipulation  
Build System Compromise

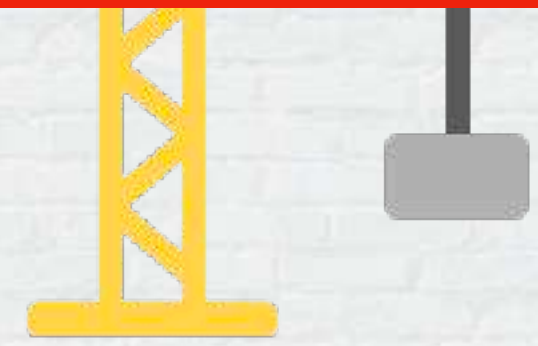
Dependency Confusion  
Dependency Tampering  
Tainted nested Dependencies



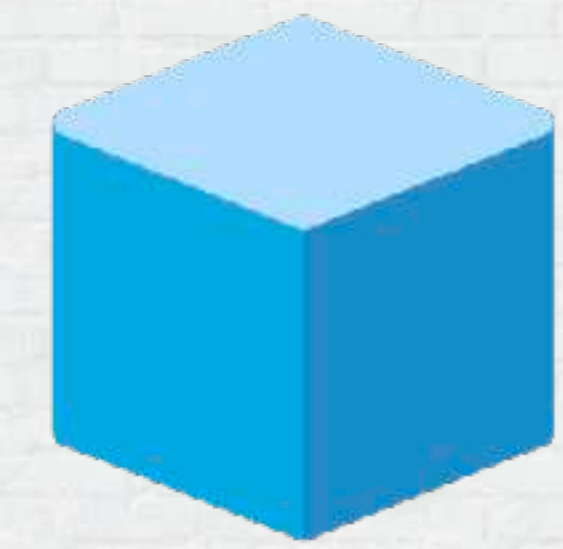
Developer



Source



Build



Package



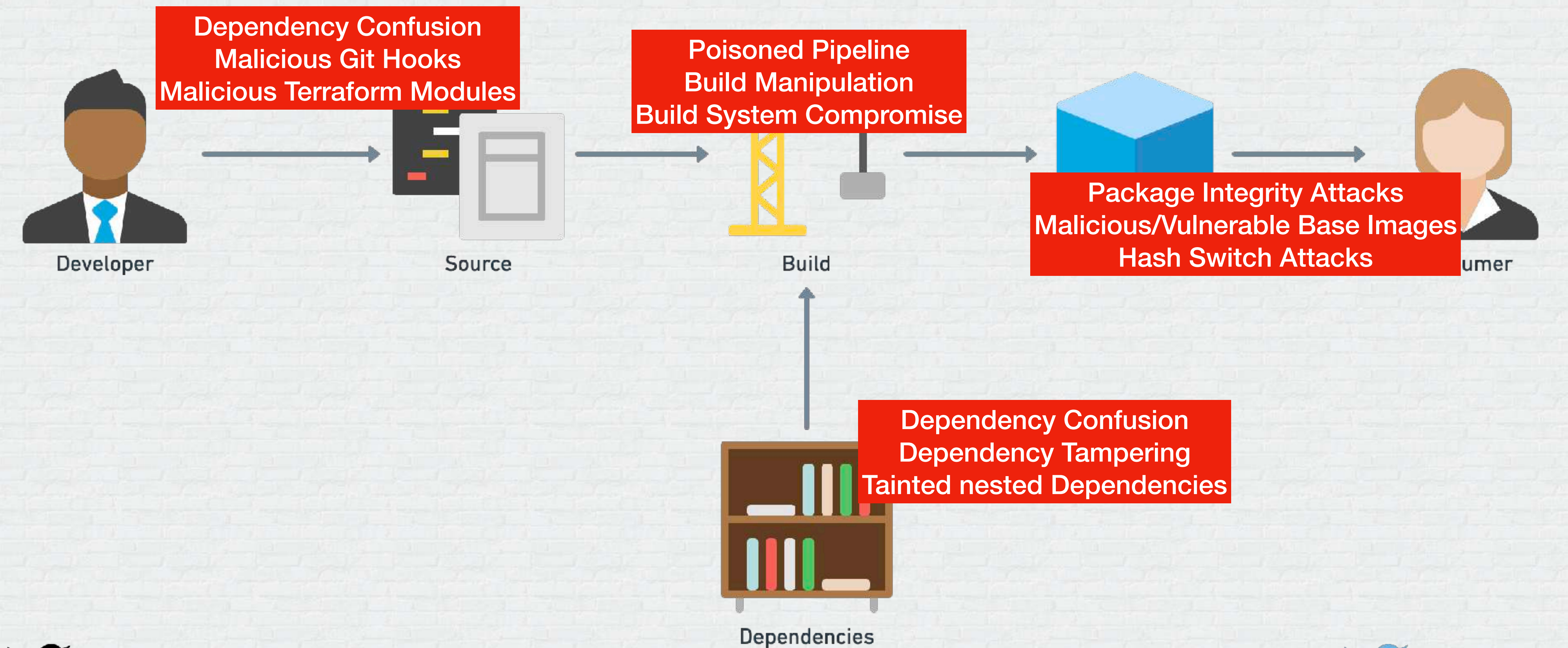
Consumer



Dependencies



# Supply-Chain Lifecycle





# Dependency Confusion





# How does it work?





# How does it work?



Developer



# How does it work?



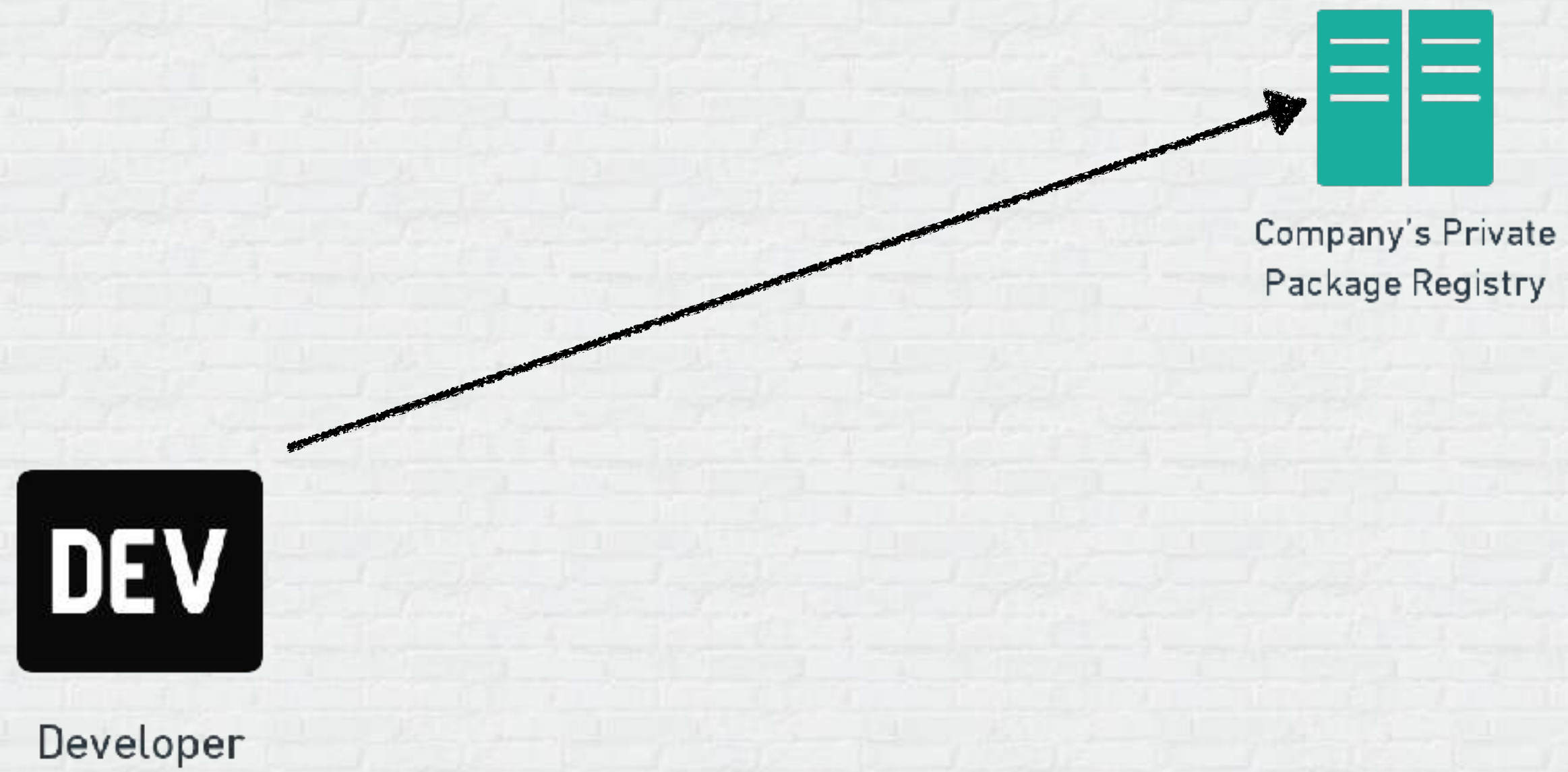
Company's Private  
Package Registry



Developer

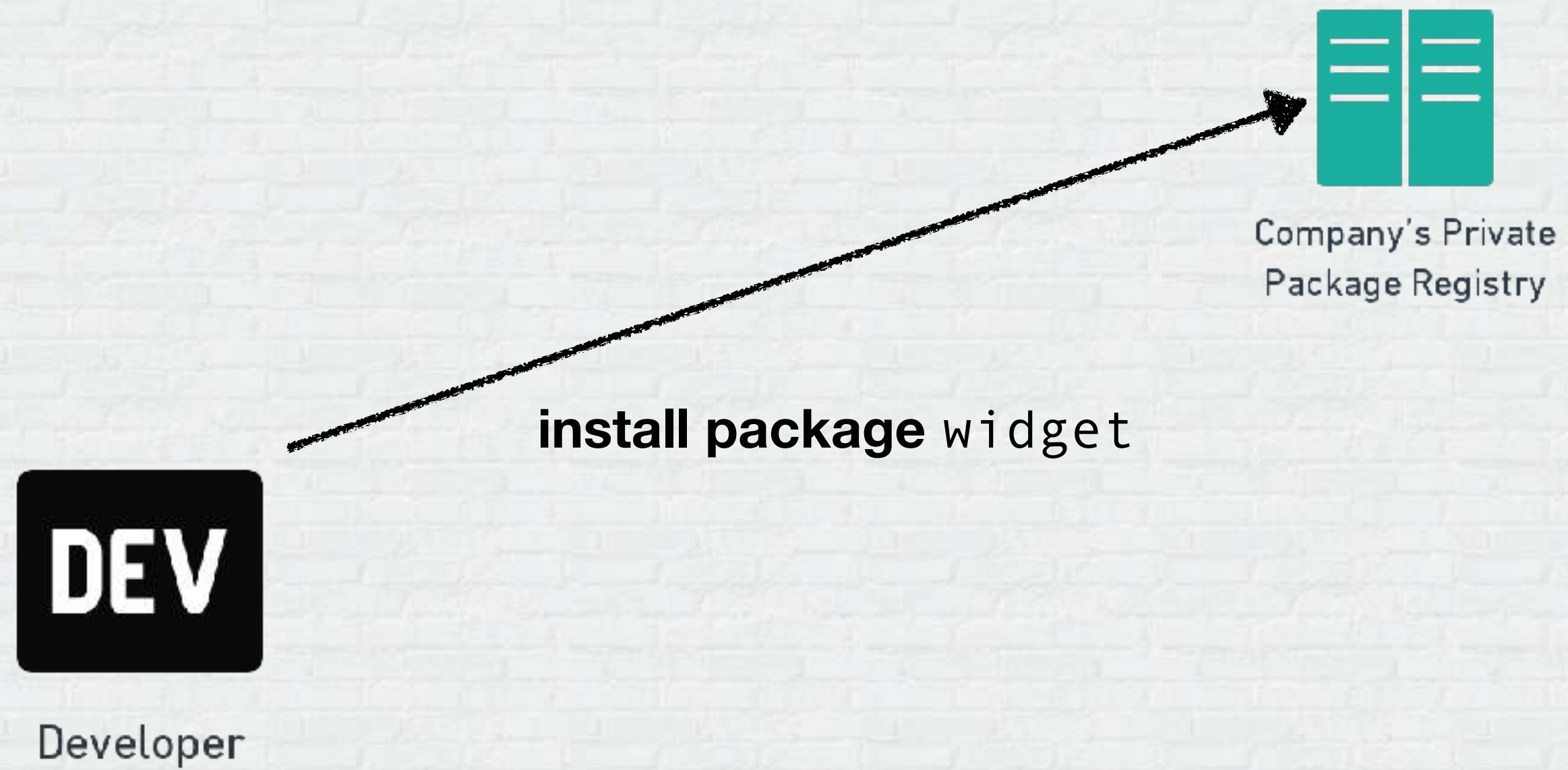


# How does it work?



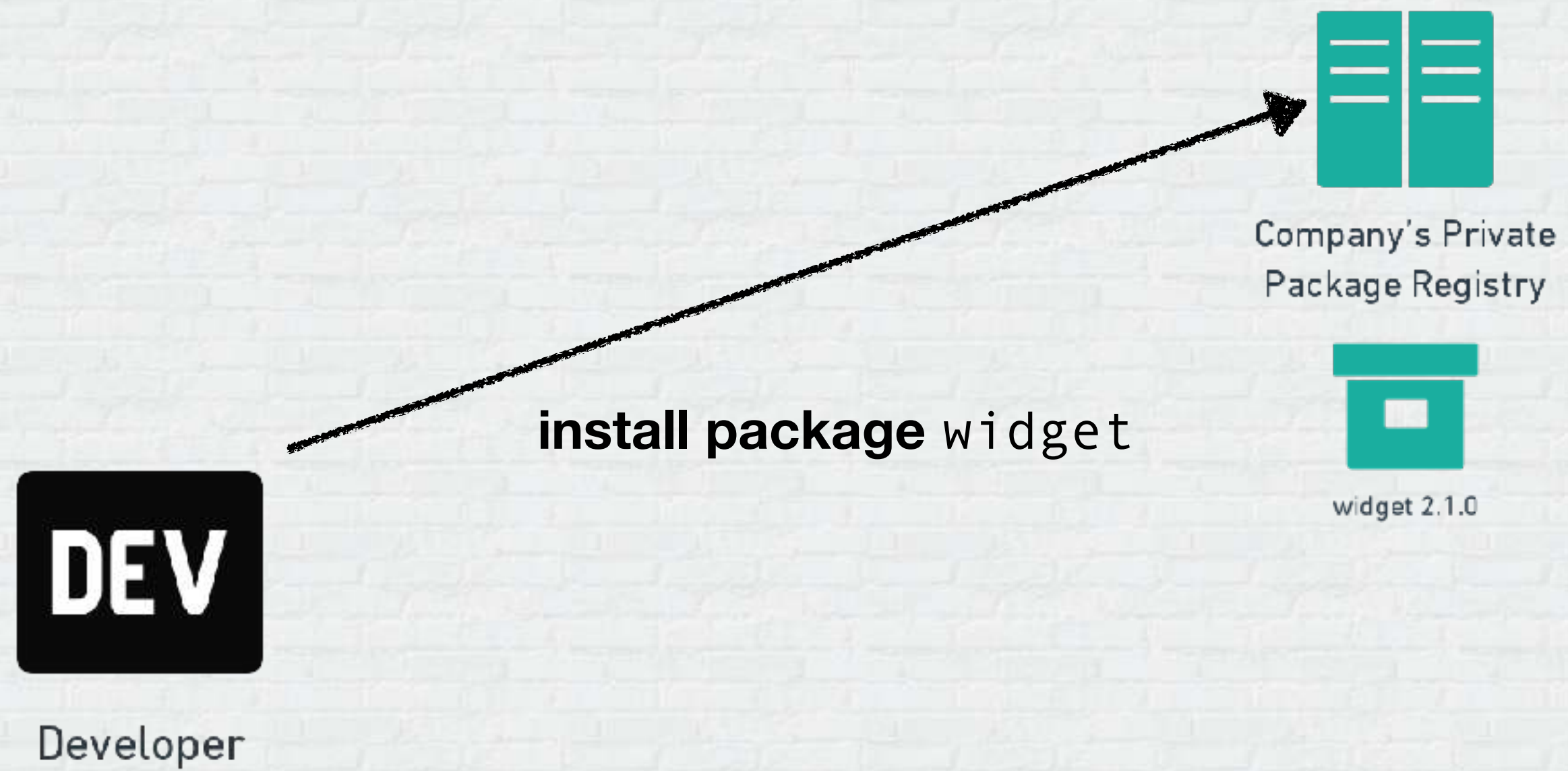


# How does it work?



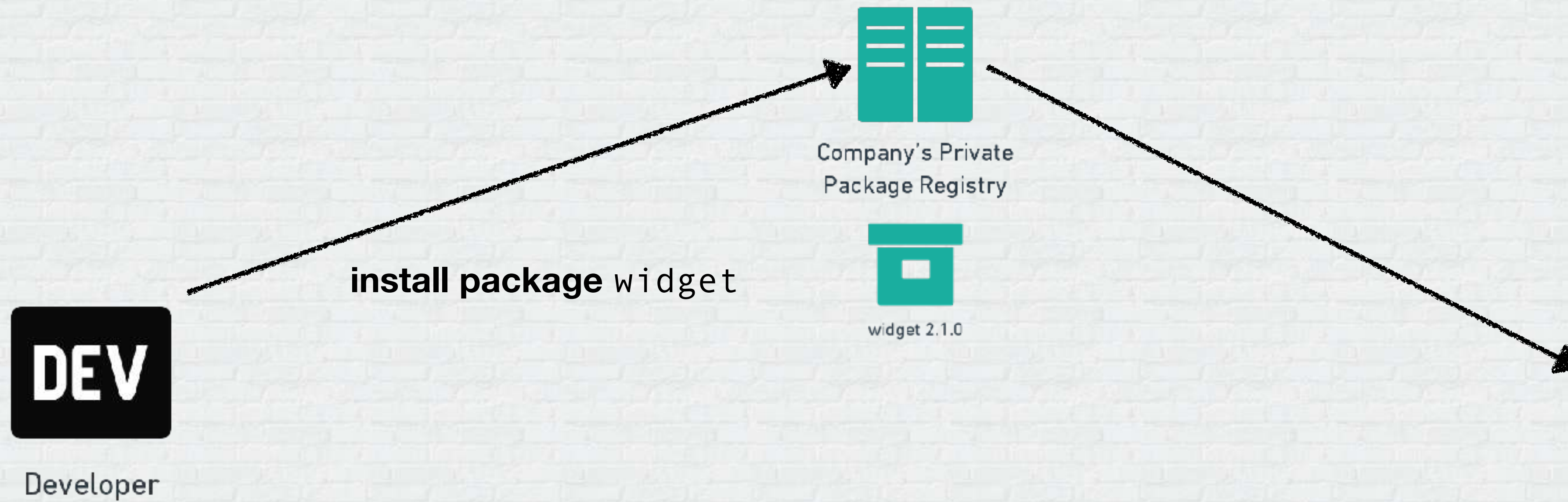


# How does it work?



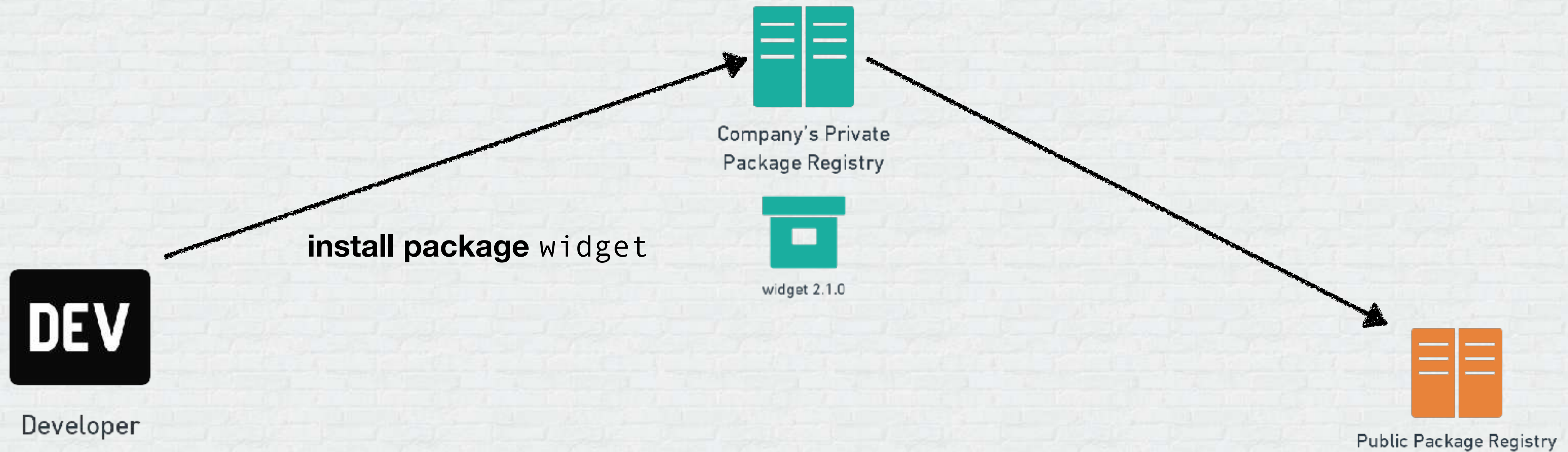


# How does it work?



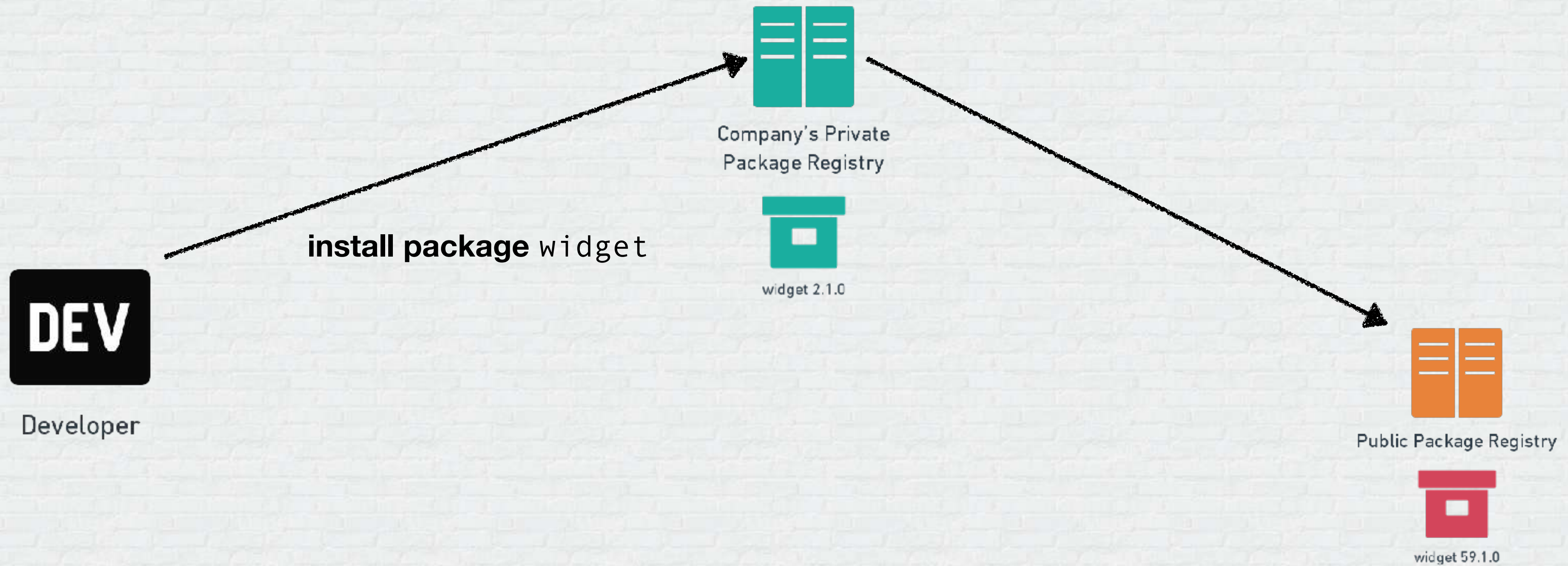


# How does it work?



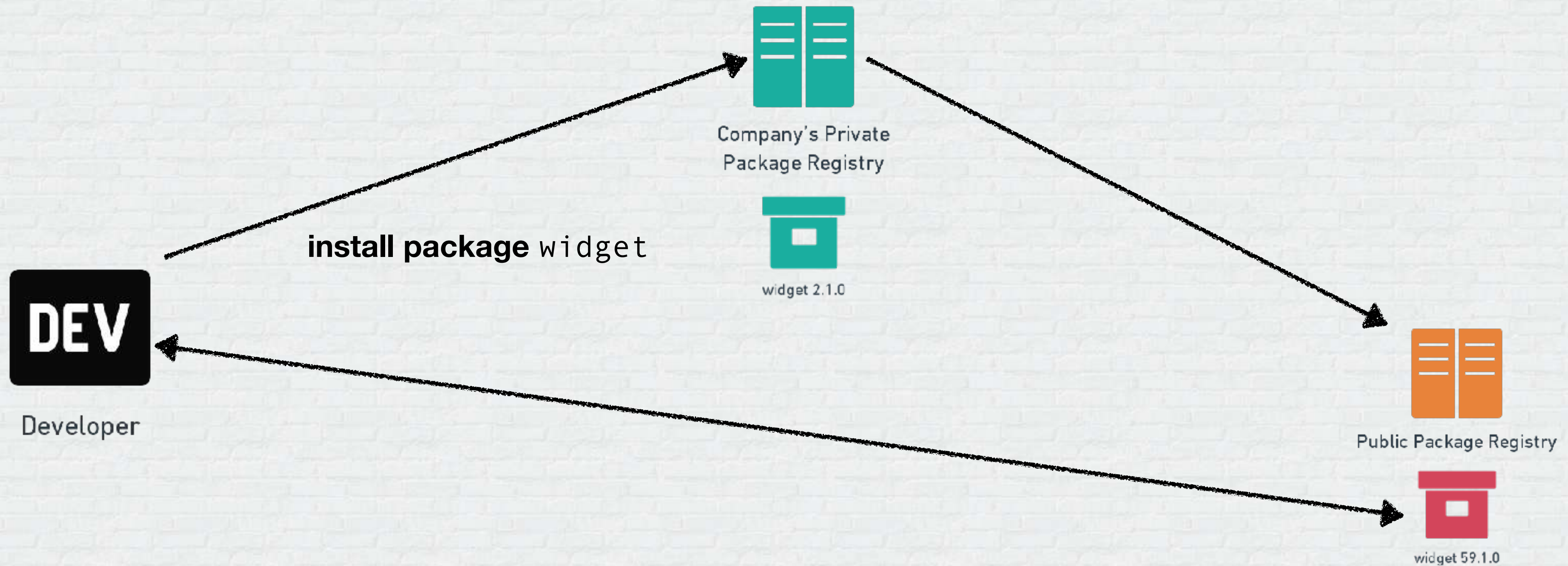


# How does it work?



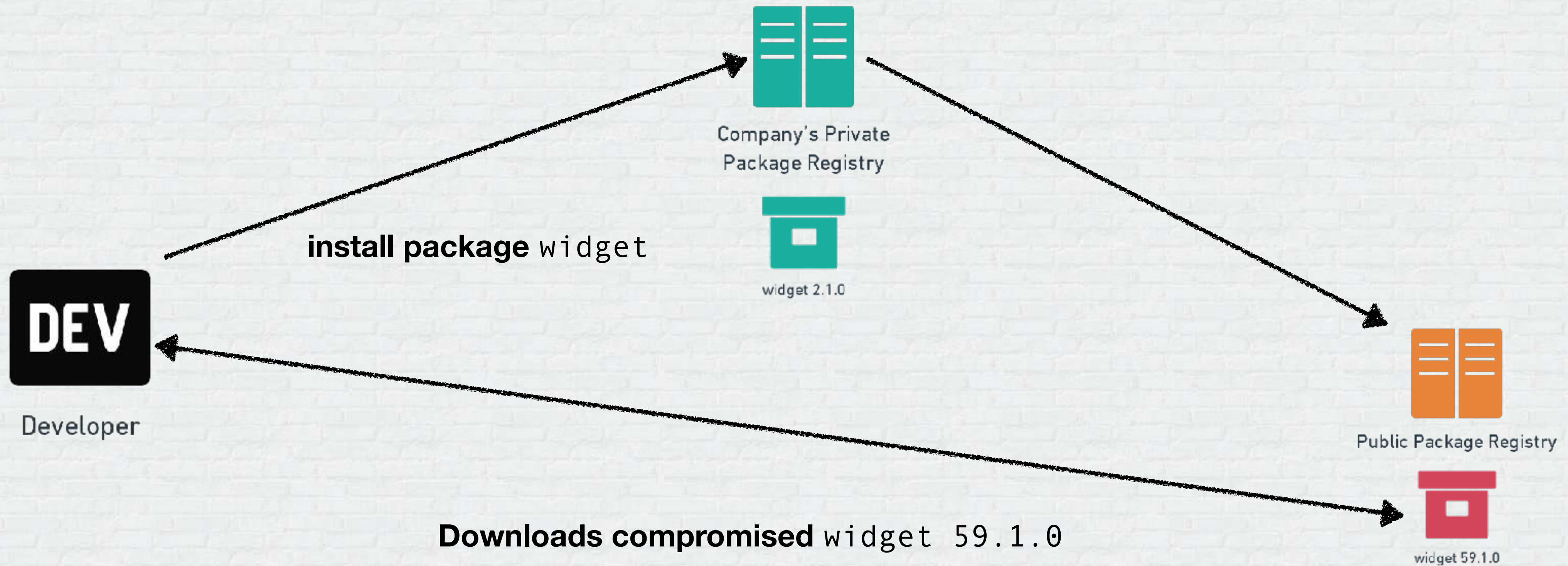


# How does it work?





# How does it work?





# Who does it affect?

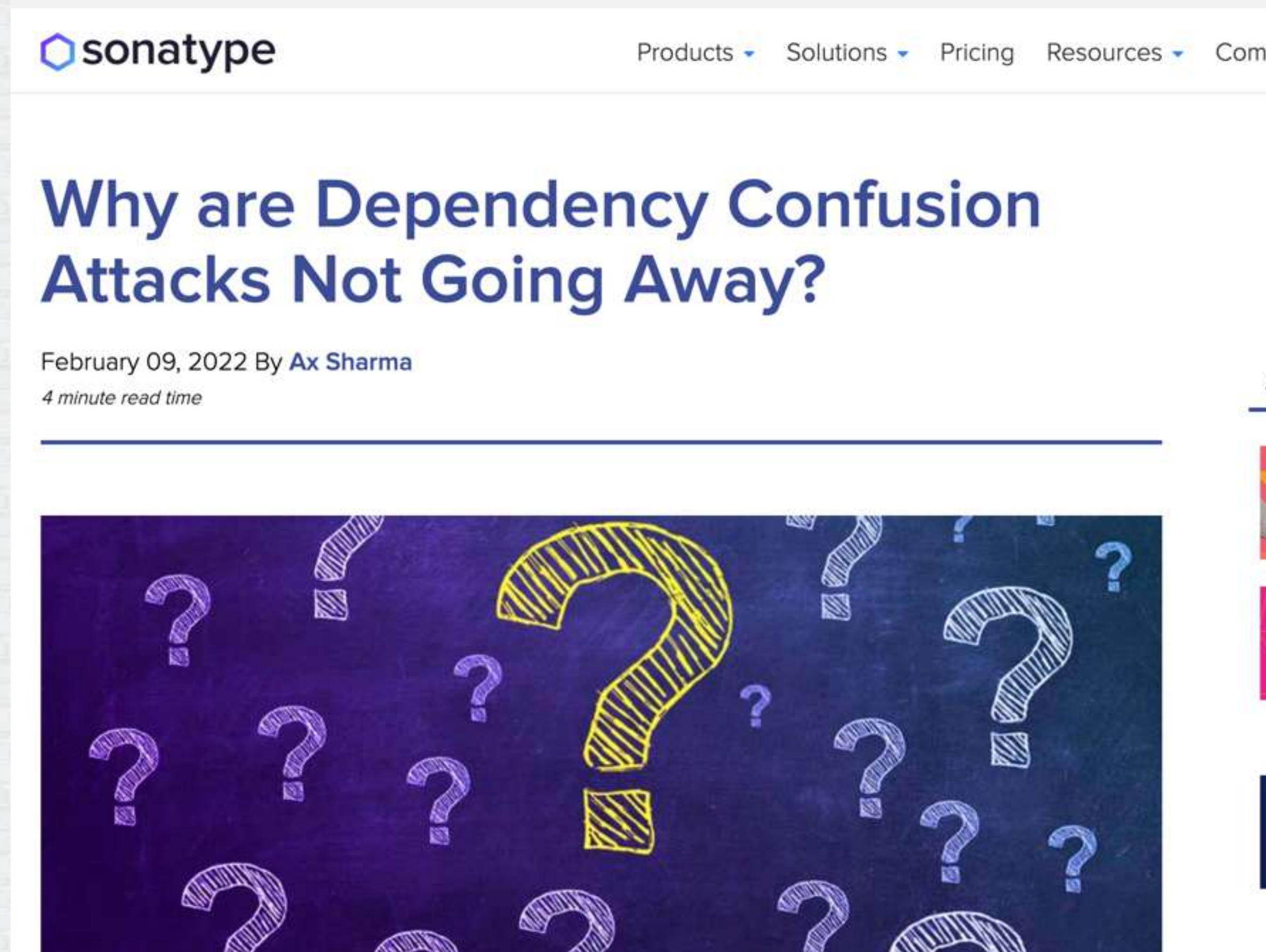
- Orgs with private packages in private repositories
- Orgs with private packages in artifactories (JFrog, etc)



# Examples




# Examples



sonatype Products ▾ Solutions ▾ Pricing Resources ▾ Comp

## Why are Dependency Confusion Attacks Not Going Away?

February 09, 2022 By Ax Sharma  
4 minute read time





# Examples



# Examples

## REVERSINGLABS BLOG

Threat Research | May 10, 2022

### Update: NPM dependency confusion hacks target German firms

Research by ReversingLabs suggests that dependency confusion attacks on npm repositories have been used to compromise German firms - exposing an apparent red team exercise.



BLOG AUTHOR

Paul Roberts,  
Cyber Content Lead at ReversingLabs. [Read More...](#)








# Examples





# Examples

**BLEEPINGCOMPUTER**   

[NEWS](#) [DOWNLOADS](#) [VIRUS REMOVAL GUIDES](#) [TUTORIALS](#) [DEALS](#)

[Home](#) > [News](#) > [Security](#) > [Microsoft's Halo dev site breached using dependency hijacking](#)

## Microsoft's Halo dev site breached using dependency hijacking

By [Ax Sharma](#)  June 29, 2021  03:40 AM  0





# Examples



# Lab: Dependency Confusion



The screenshot shows the BleepingComputer website header with the site name and navigation menu. The article title is "PyPi python packages caught sending stolen AWS keys to unsecured sites" by Bill Toulas, dated June 25, 2022, at 11:32 AM. The article content area is mostly obscured by a large blue rectangle.



# Terror with Terraform





# Terraform Terminology



- Providers => Plugins to interact with cloud environments. Found in the Terraform Registry (example: AWS)
- Modules => Container for multiple resources that are used together (example - your app stack with specific resources, network and variable definitions)
- Resources => API Resources that refer to resources in specific cloud providers (example `aws_ssm_parameter`)



# Provider Types

- Community Providers - Anyone can submit. Will be signed. No additional verification
- Verified Providers -> Verified by Hashicorp Alliances Team
- Official Provider -> Managed by Hashicorp



# Terraform Modules

- Can be loaded from local directories
- Can be loaded from registry
- Can be loaded from Git repos
- No concept of verified or unverified Modules
- No signature for Terraform modules



# Implant Mechanisms





# Implant Mechanisms

- Developers using module in \$environment



# Implant Mechanisms

- Developers using module in \$environment
- Developers using providers that use the module



# Implant Mechanisms

- Developers using module in \$environment
- Developers using providers that use the module
- Terraform containers using module (prebuilt)



# Implant Mechanisms

- Developers using module in \$environment
- Developers using providers that use the module
- Terraform containers using module (prebuilt)
- Cross-Build Injection - Forced use of terraform module



# What about IaC SAST?





# What about IaC SAST?

- Bypassing IaC SAST rules entirely possible with base64-encoding, other techniques



# What about IaC SAST?

- Bypassing IaC SAST rules entirely possible with base64-encoding, other techniques
- Its all about studying the rules and identifying bypasses based on the checks



# Recommendations

- Only use modules/providers that have been audited
- Run SAST rules on modules to identify possible anomalies - use of base64, credential usage, etc.
- When running with CI/CD systems, try and build hermetically to avoid possible tainting of modules/providers
- Commit and Leverage lock files across the source artefact supply-chain



# Cluster Buster: Kubernetes Admission Control Scandal





# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



GitOps CD Tools



# Typical Players – Containers and K8s





# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



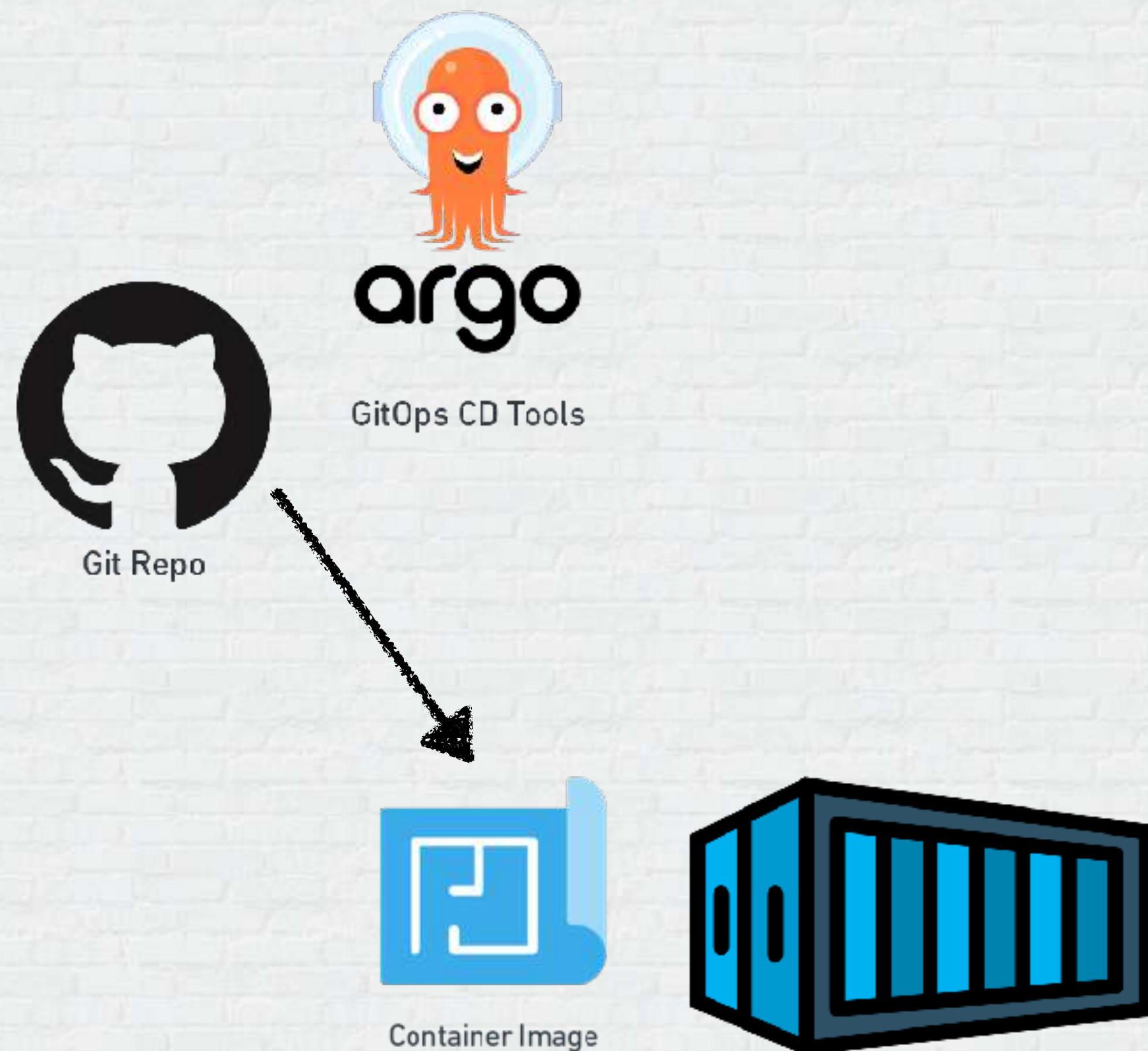


# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



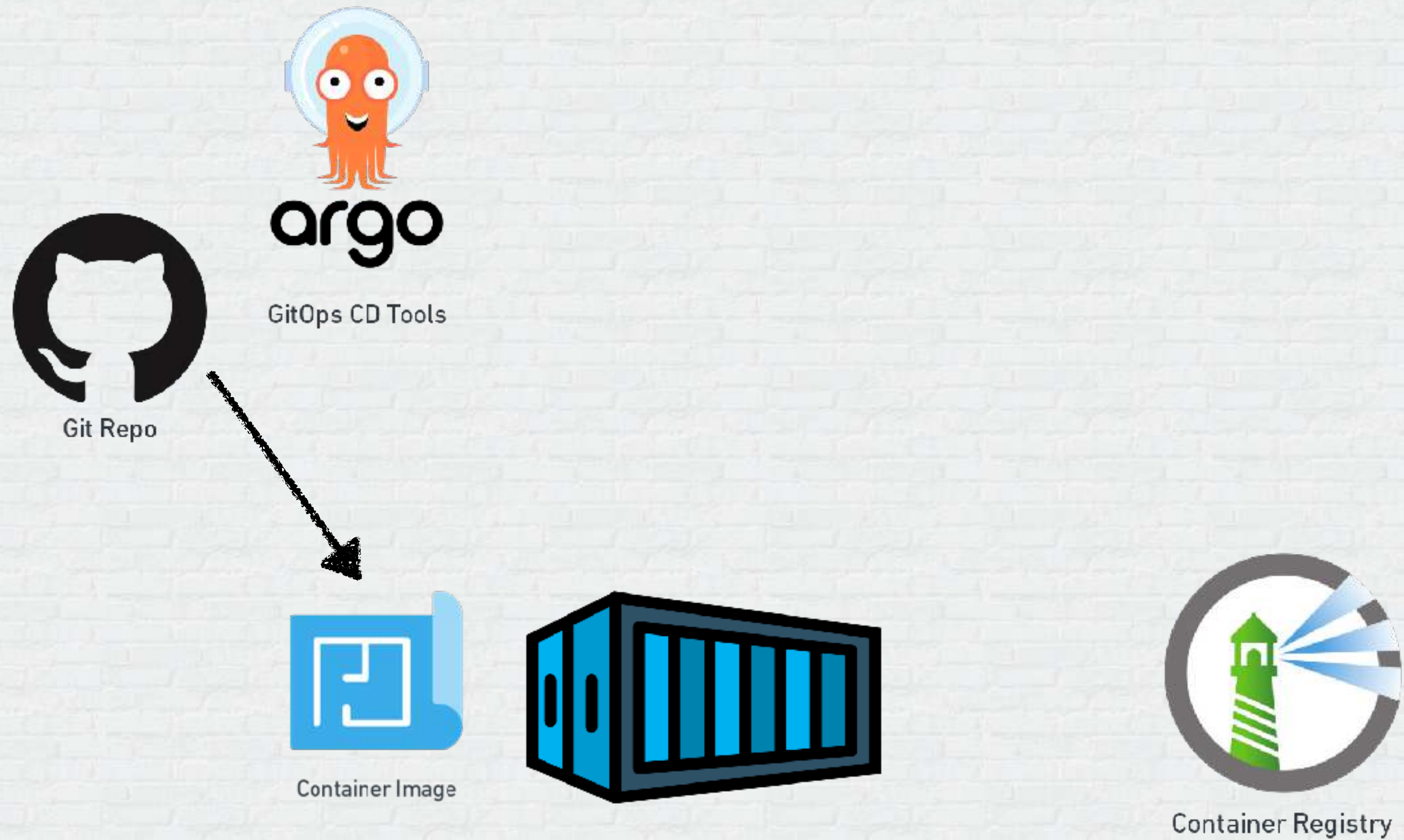


# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



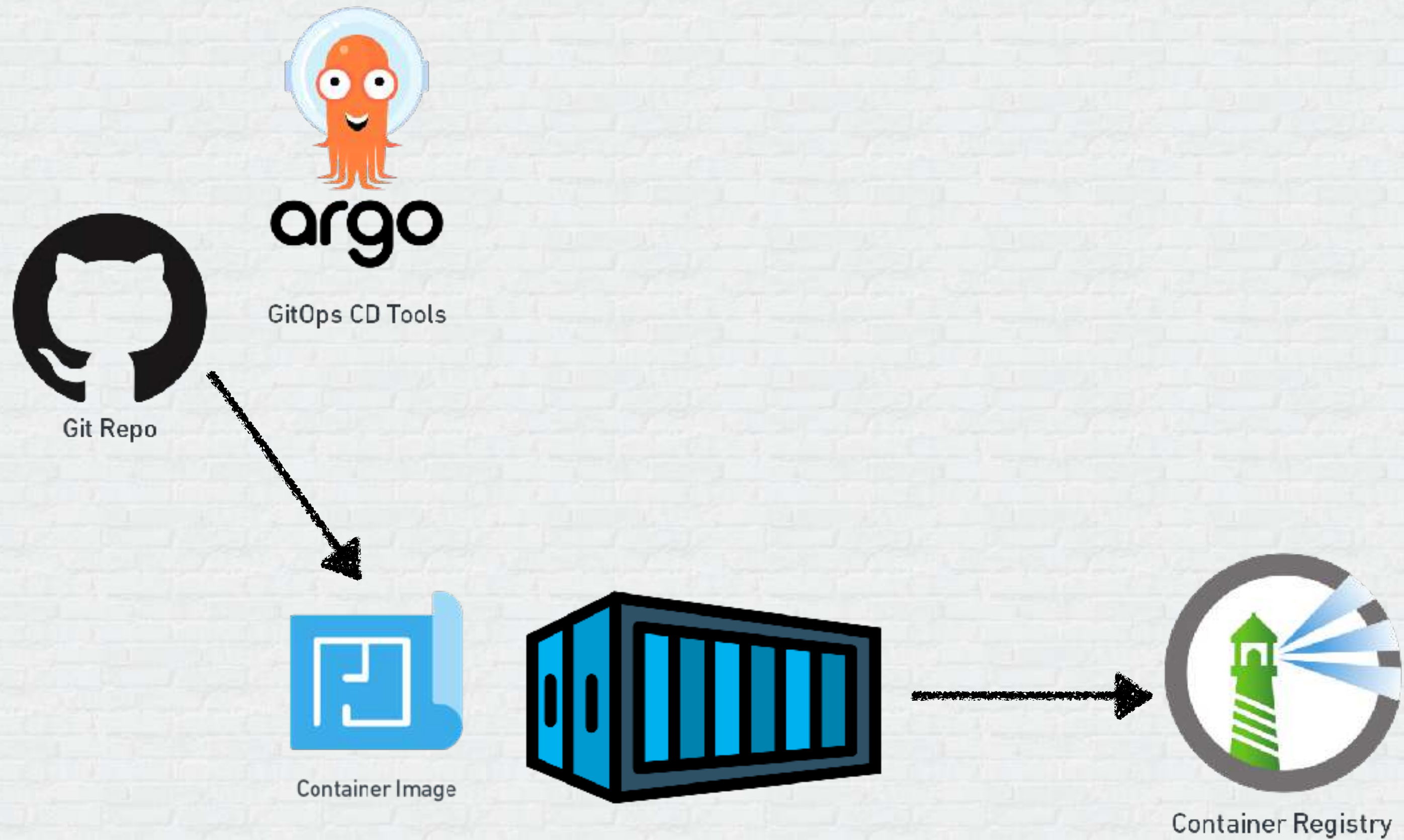


# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



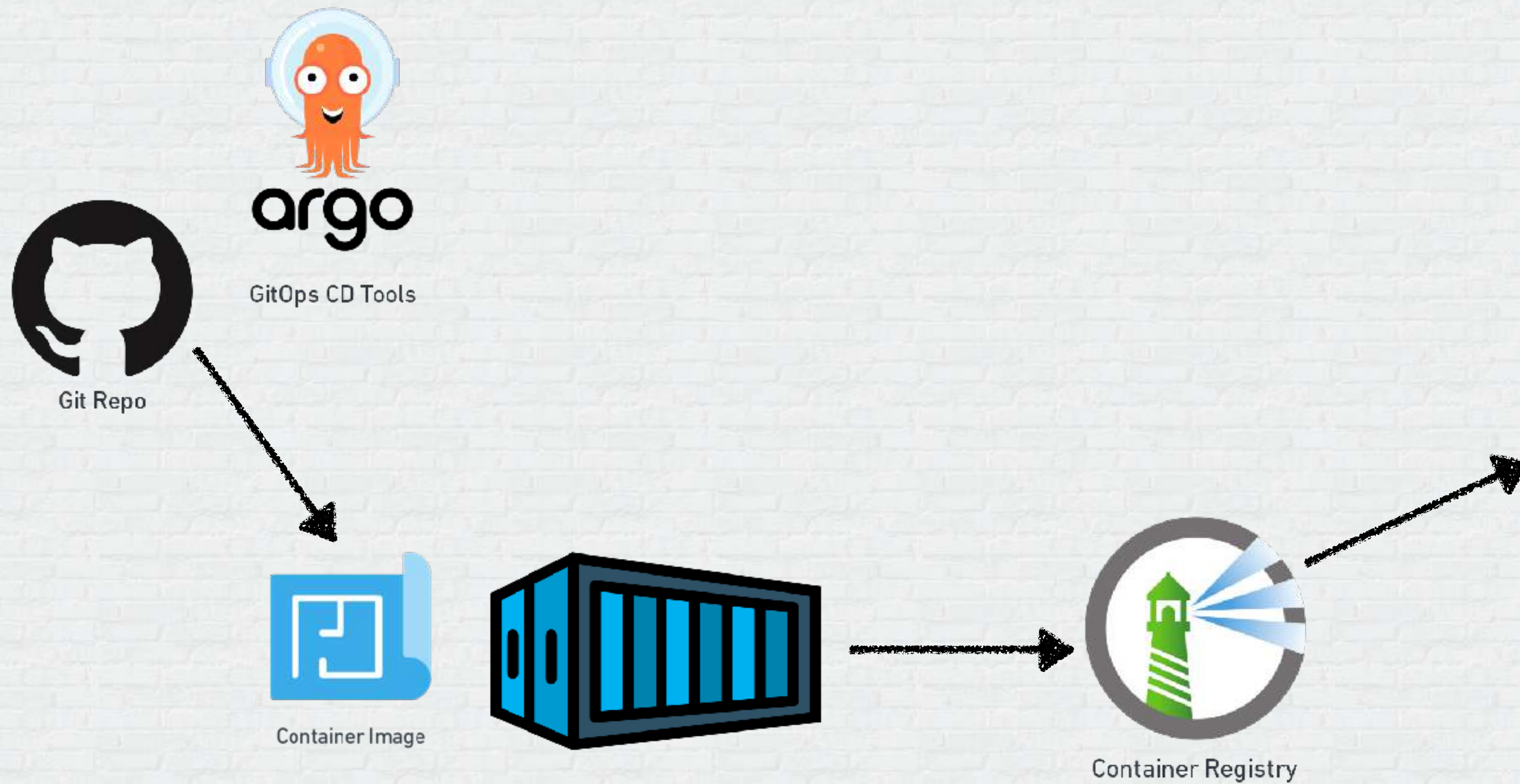


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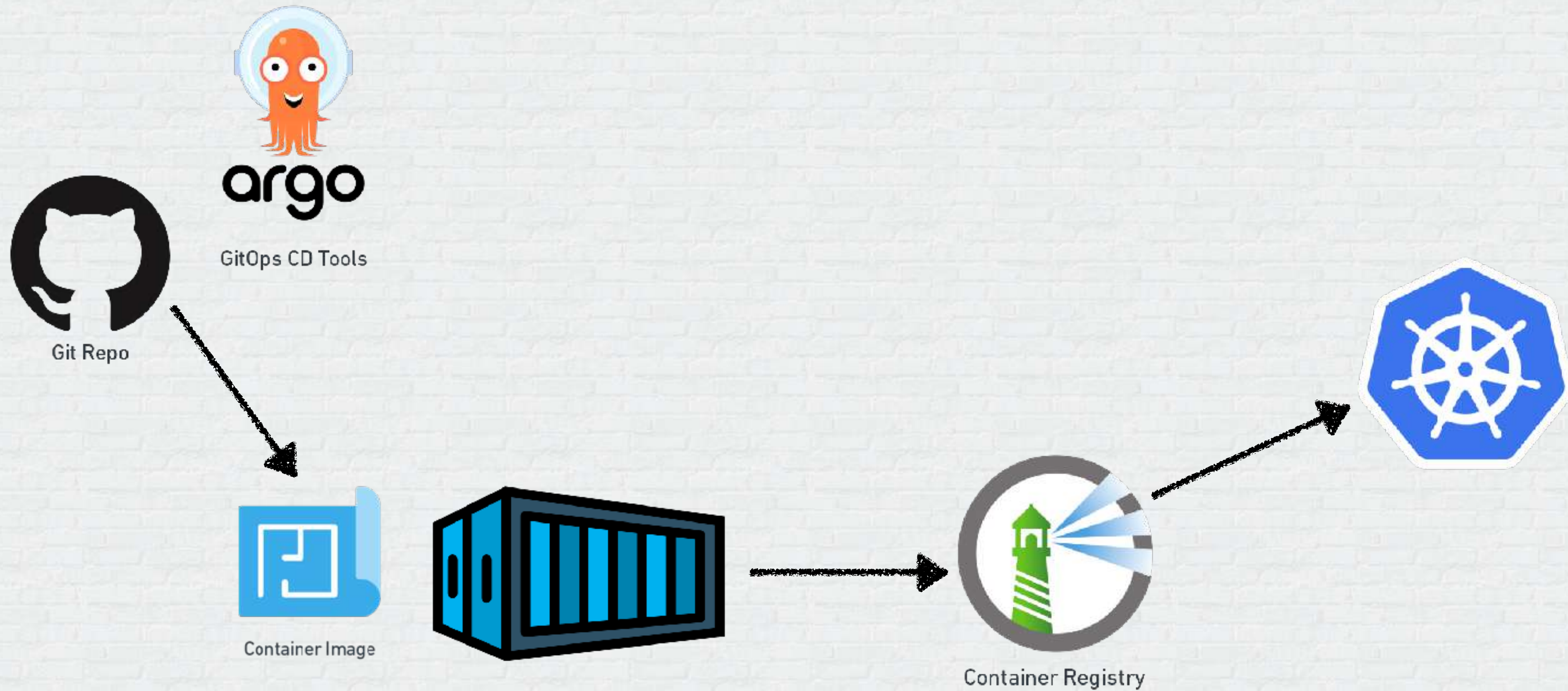


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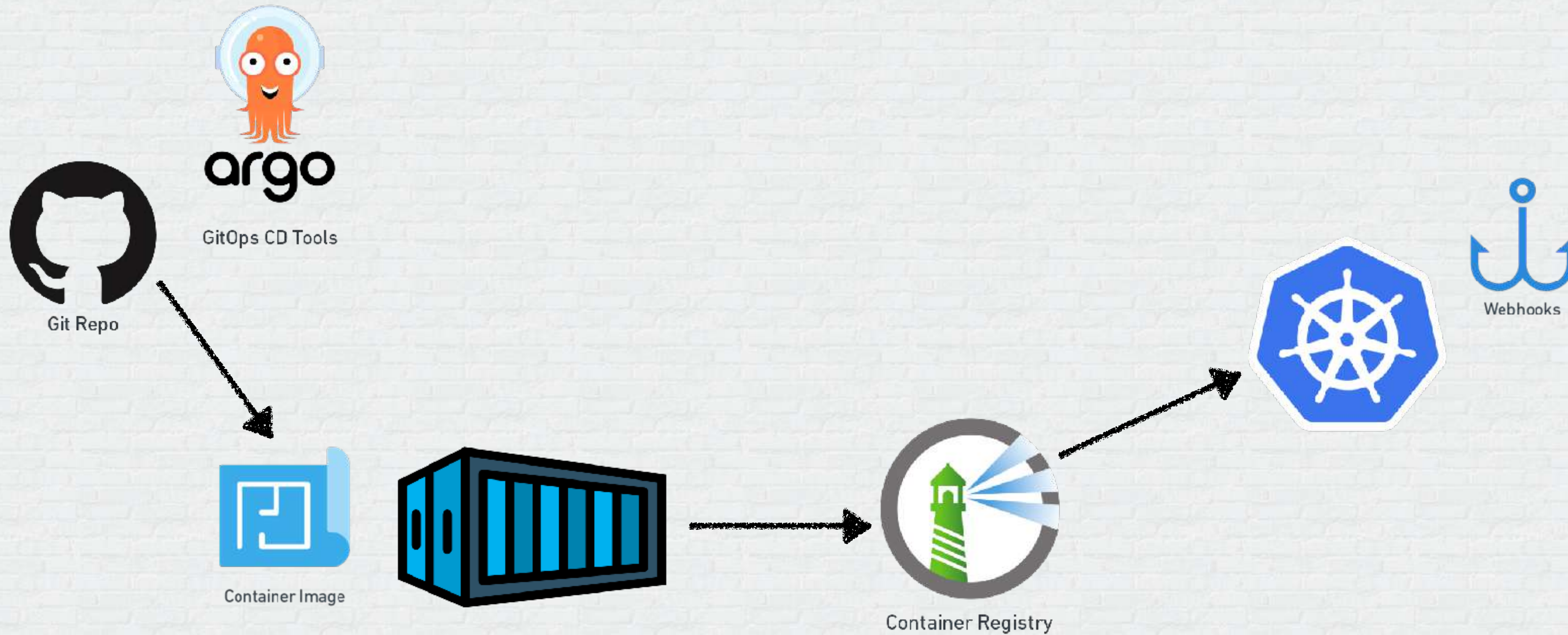


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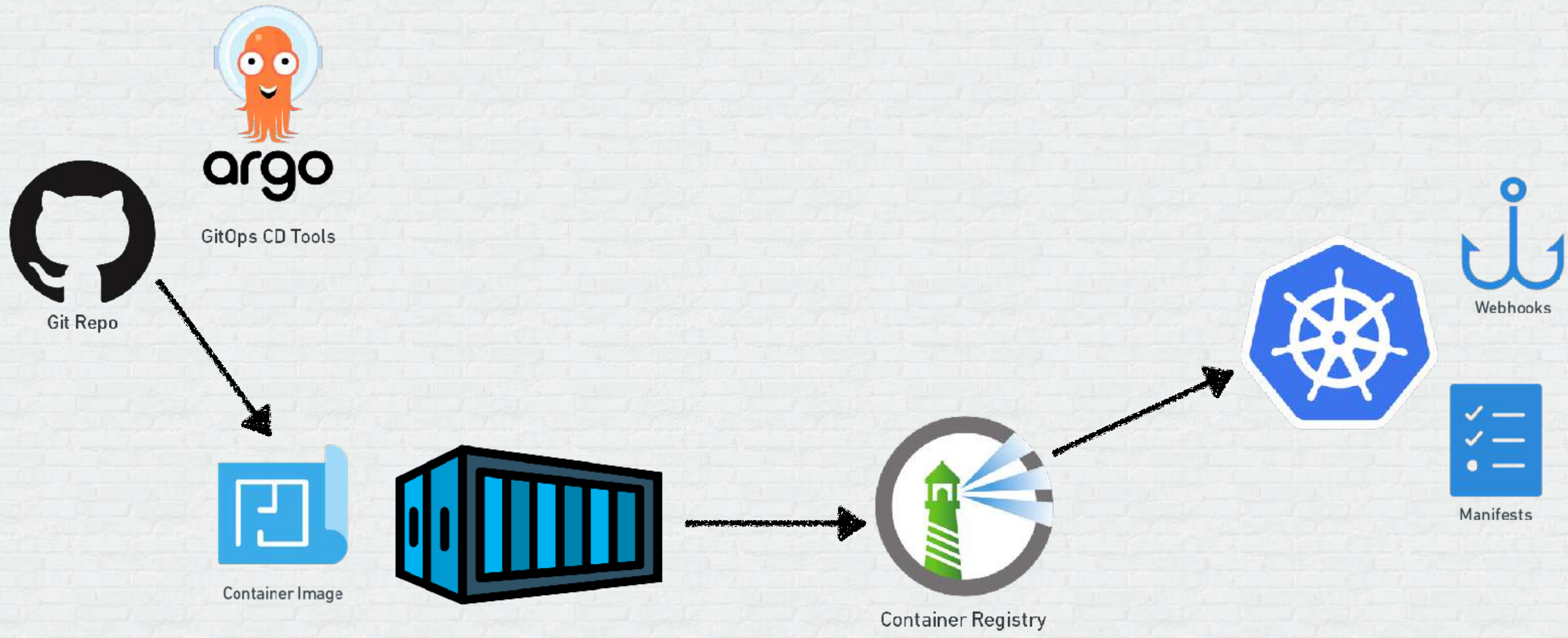


# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



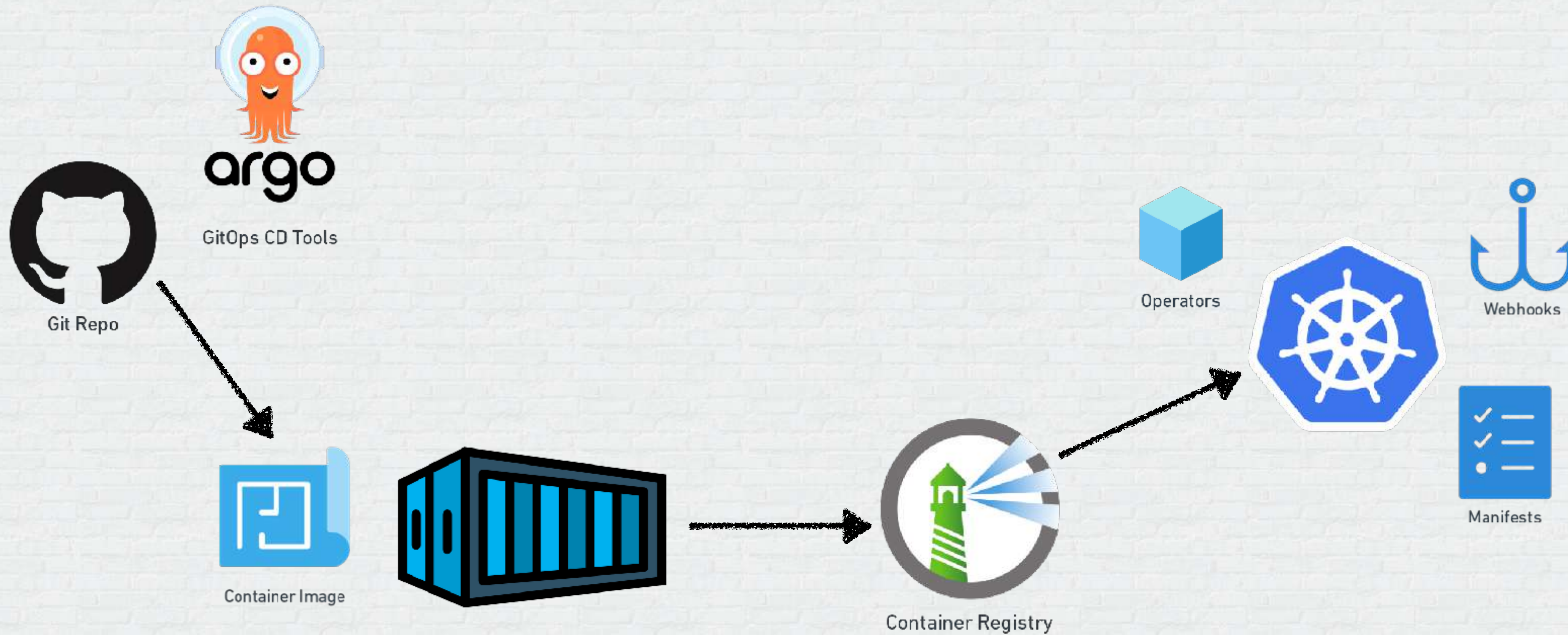


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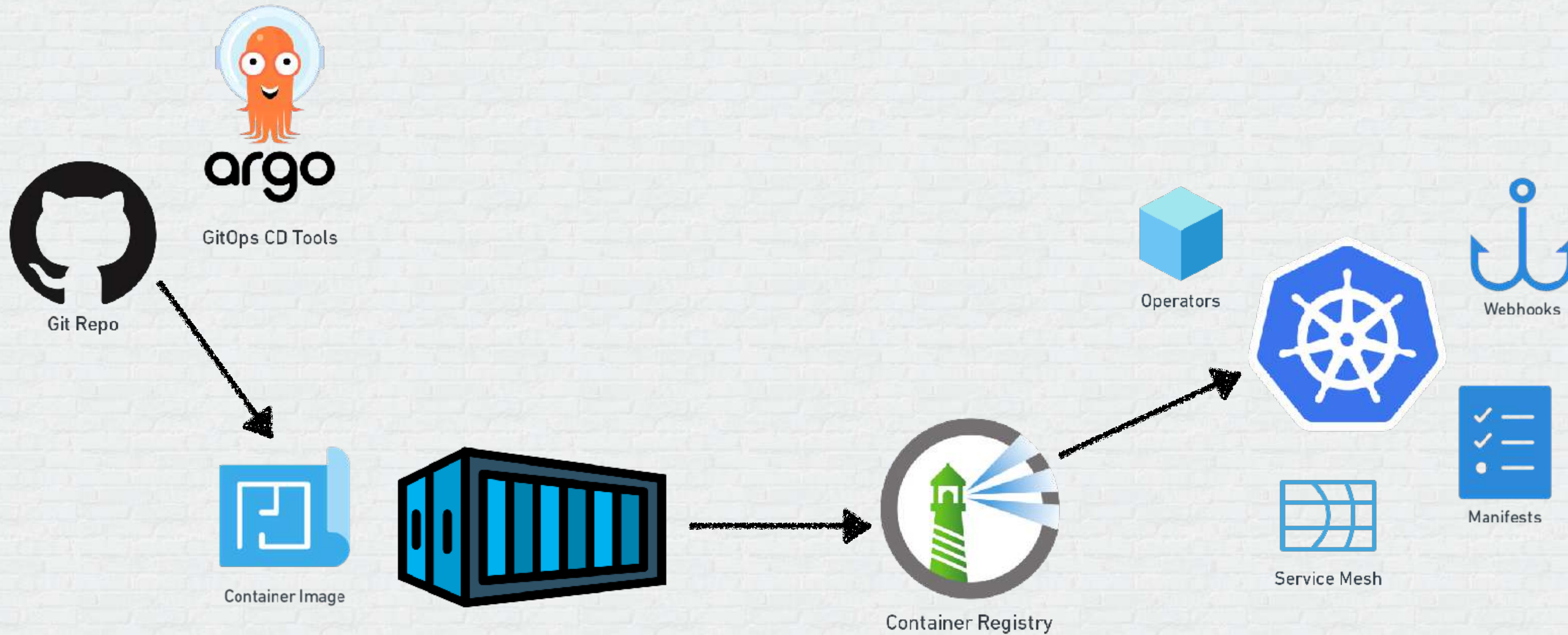


# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



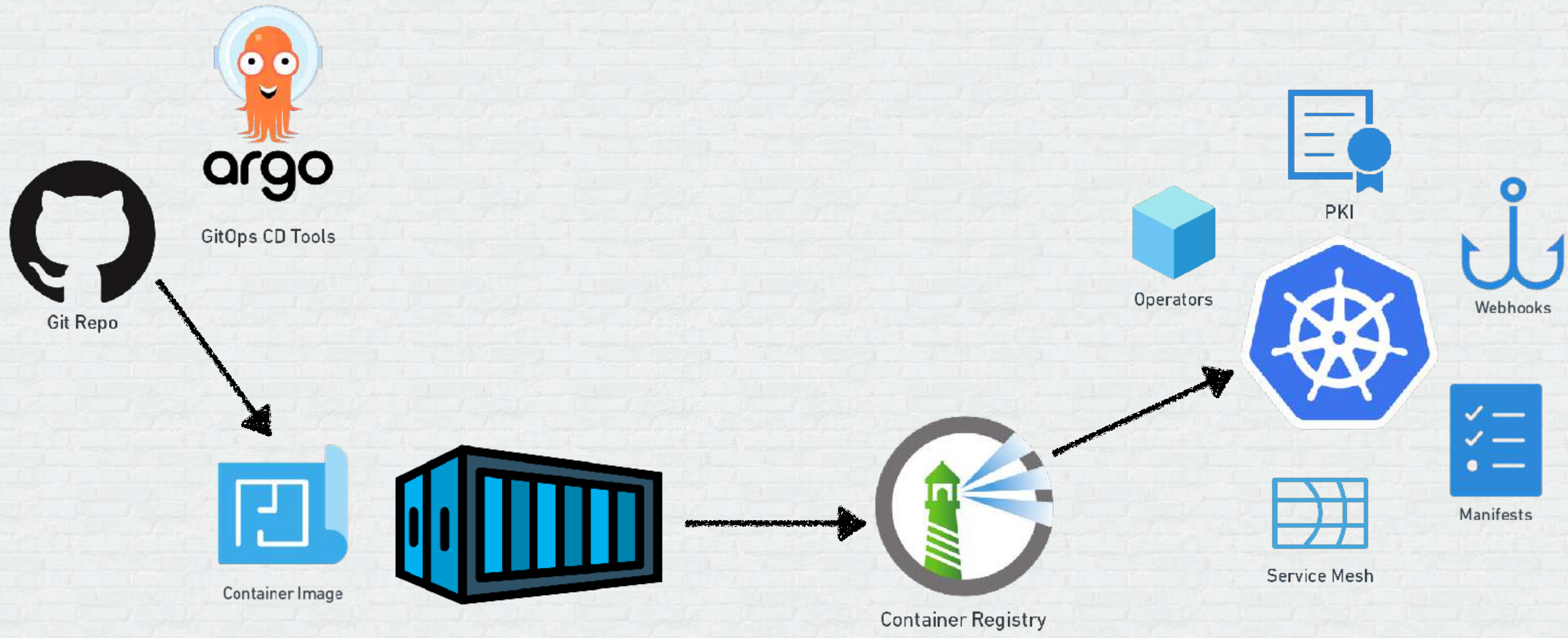


# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



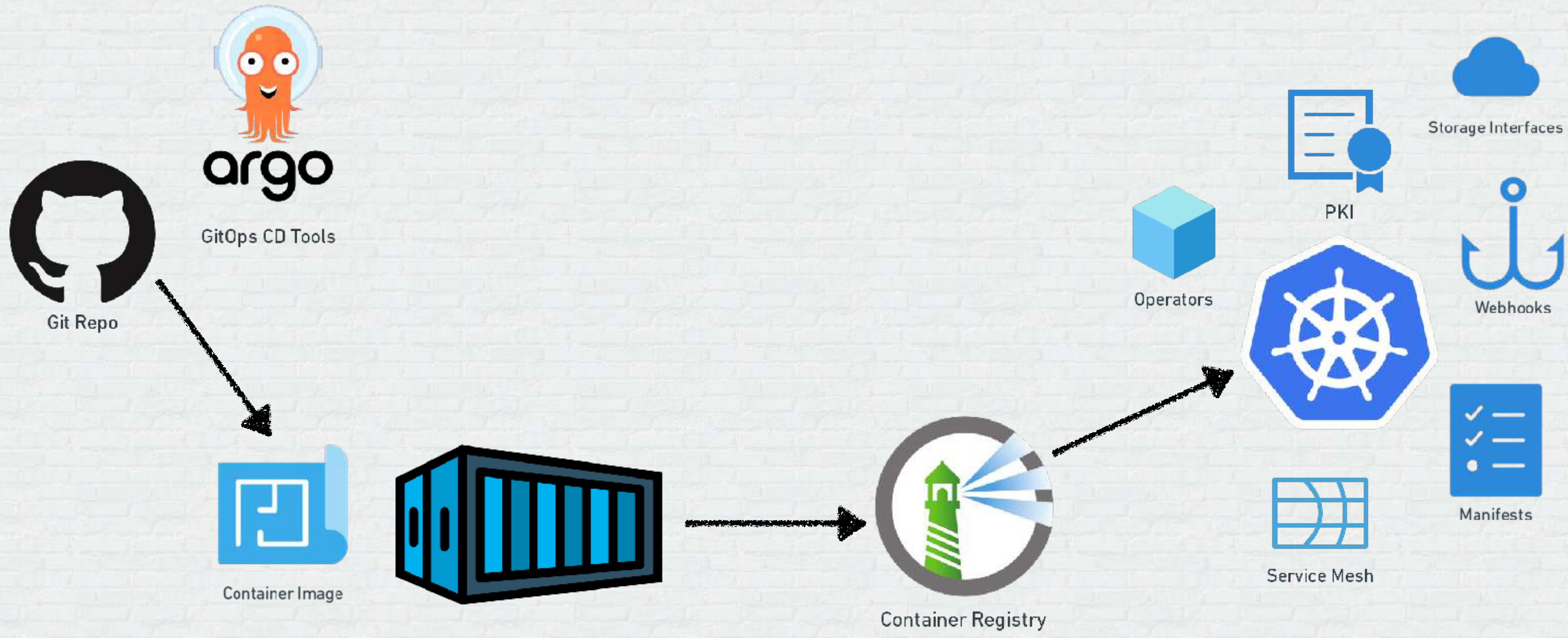


# Typical Players – Containers and K8s



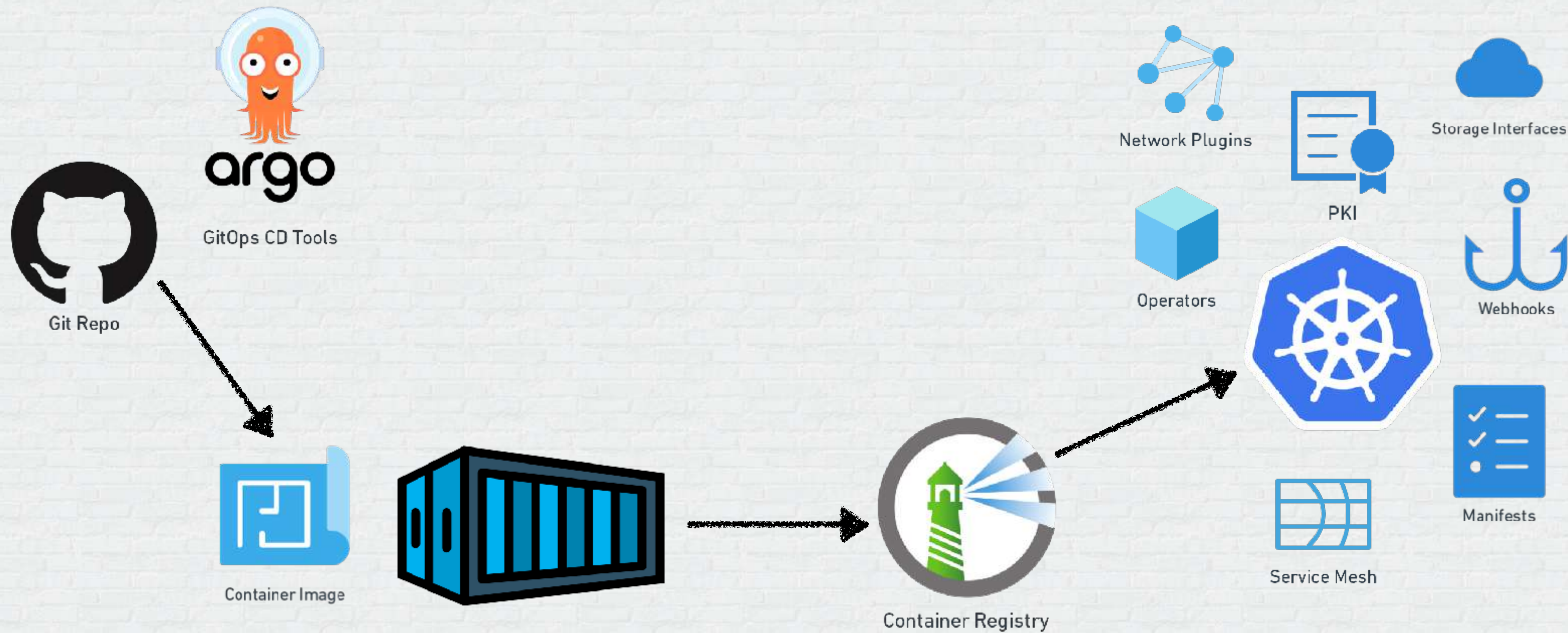


# Typical Players – Containers and K8s





# Typical Players – Containers and K8s





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



GitOps CD Tools



# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



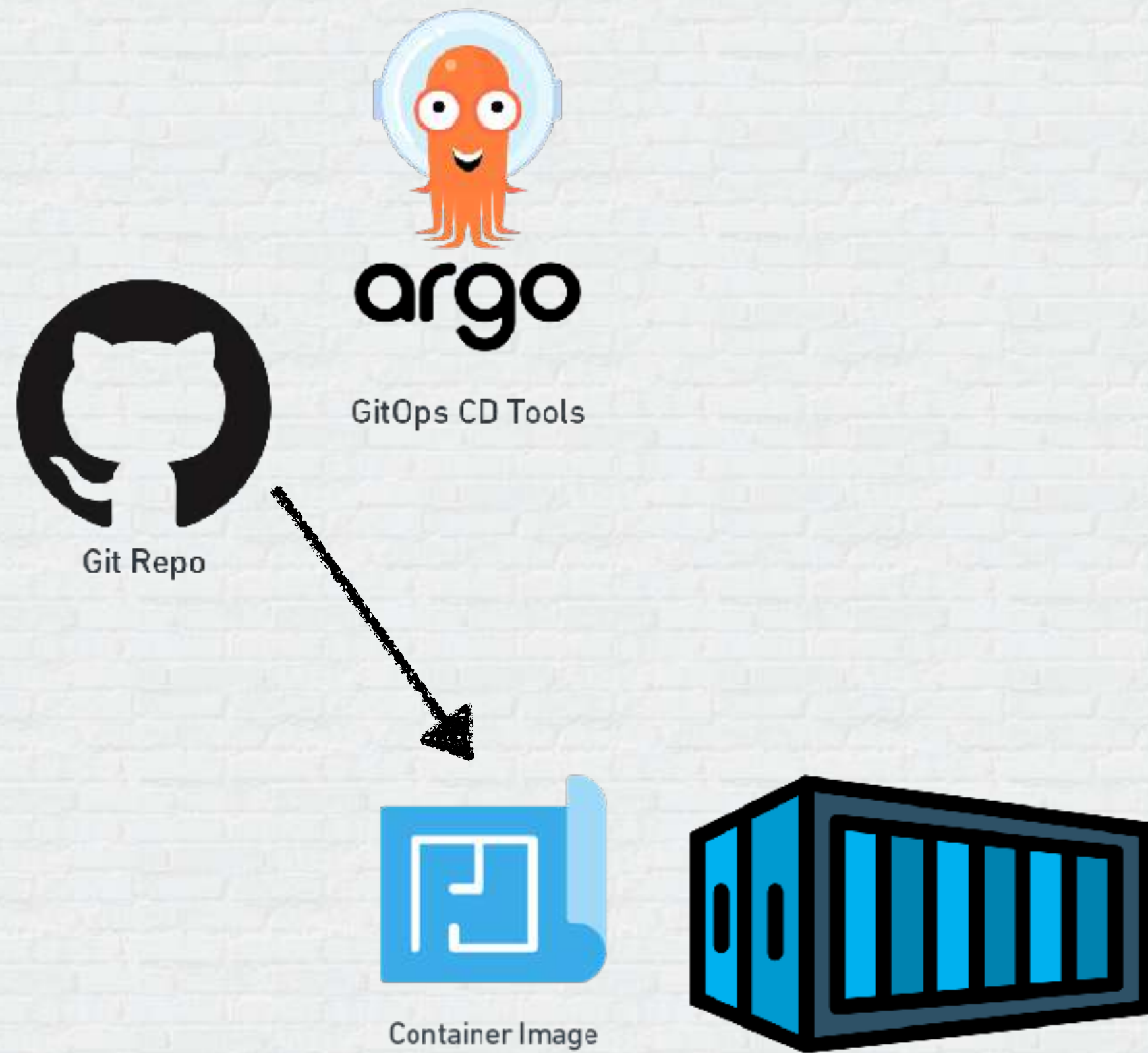


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



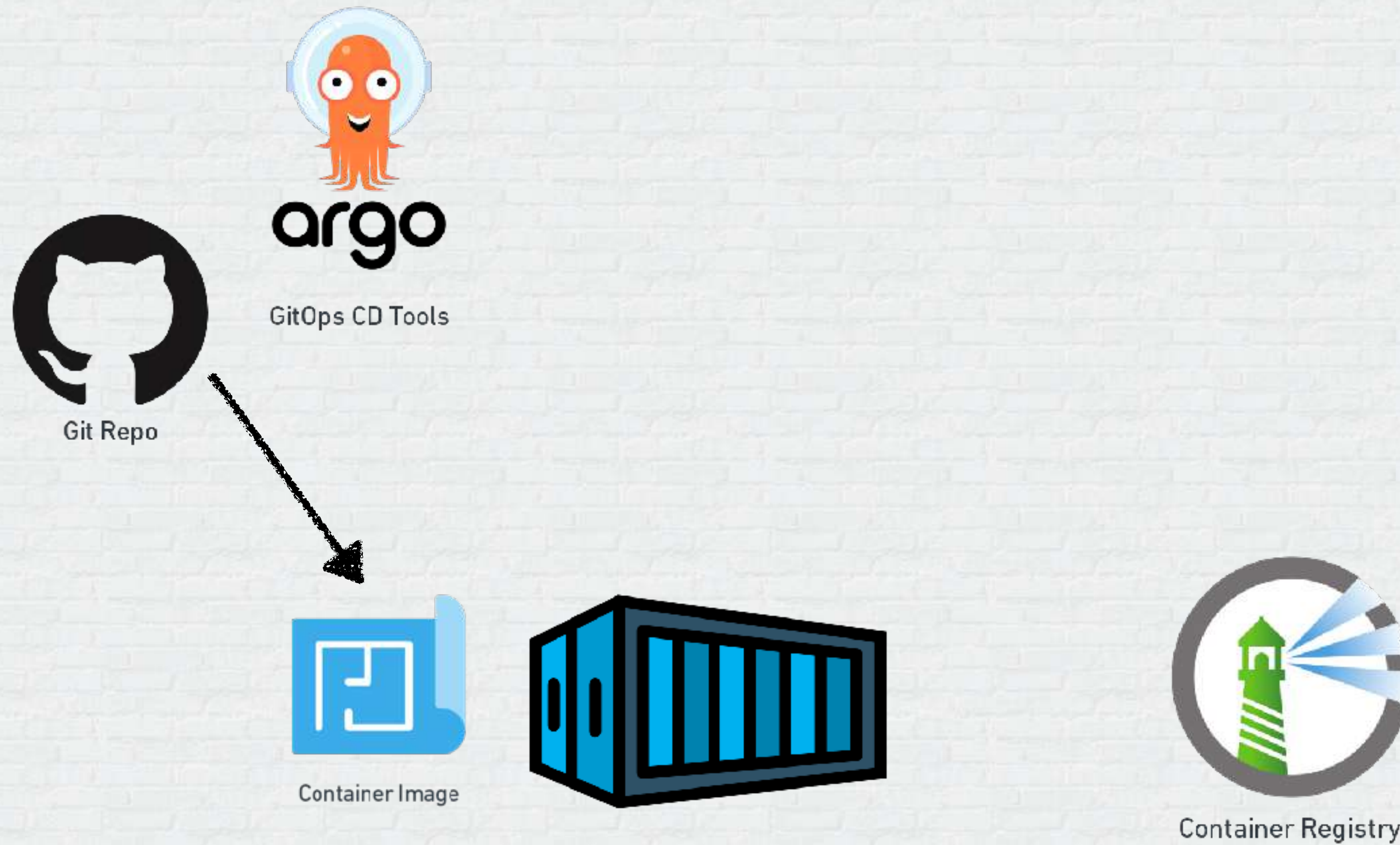


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



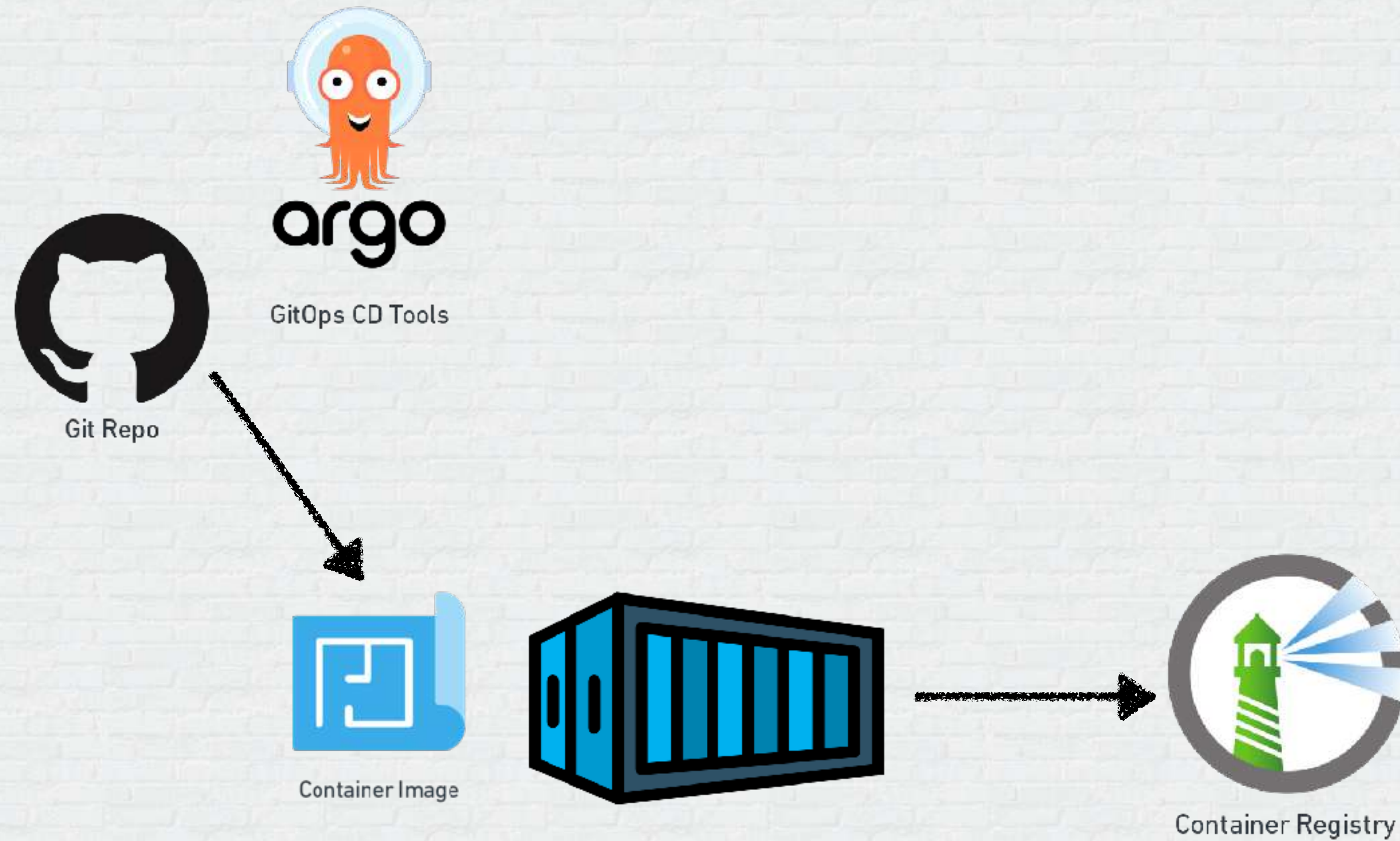


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



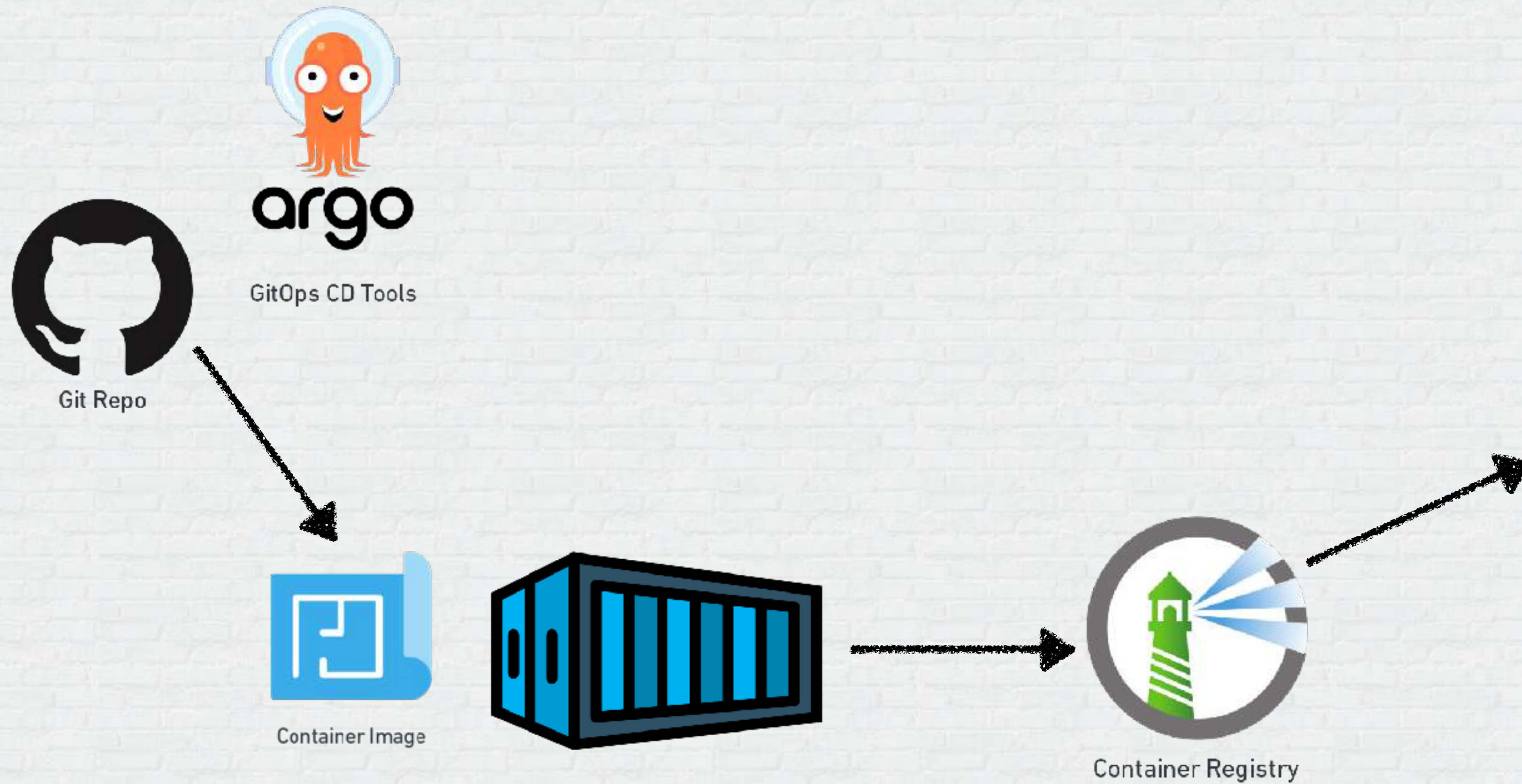


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



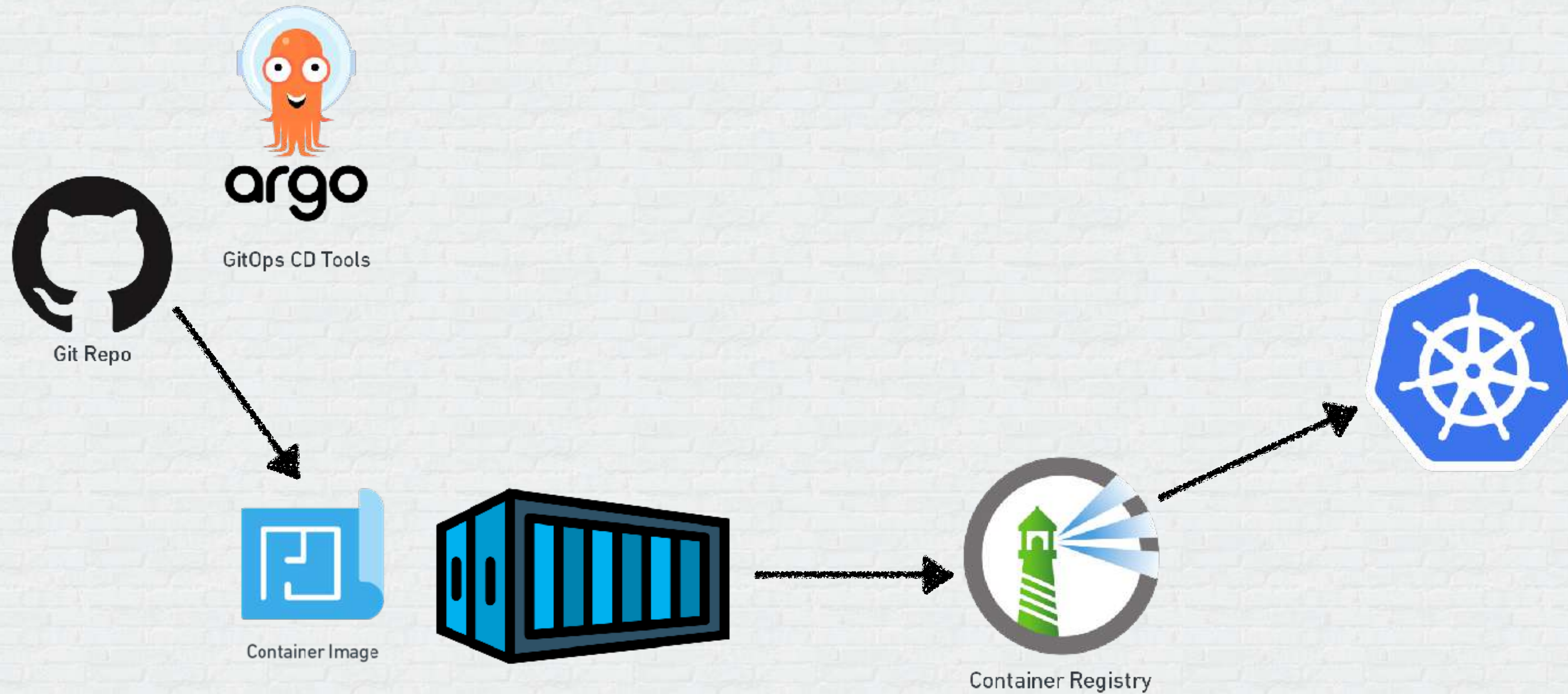


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



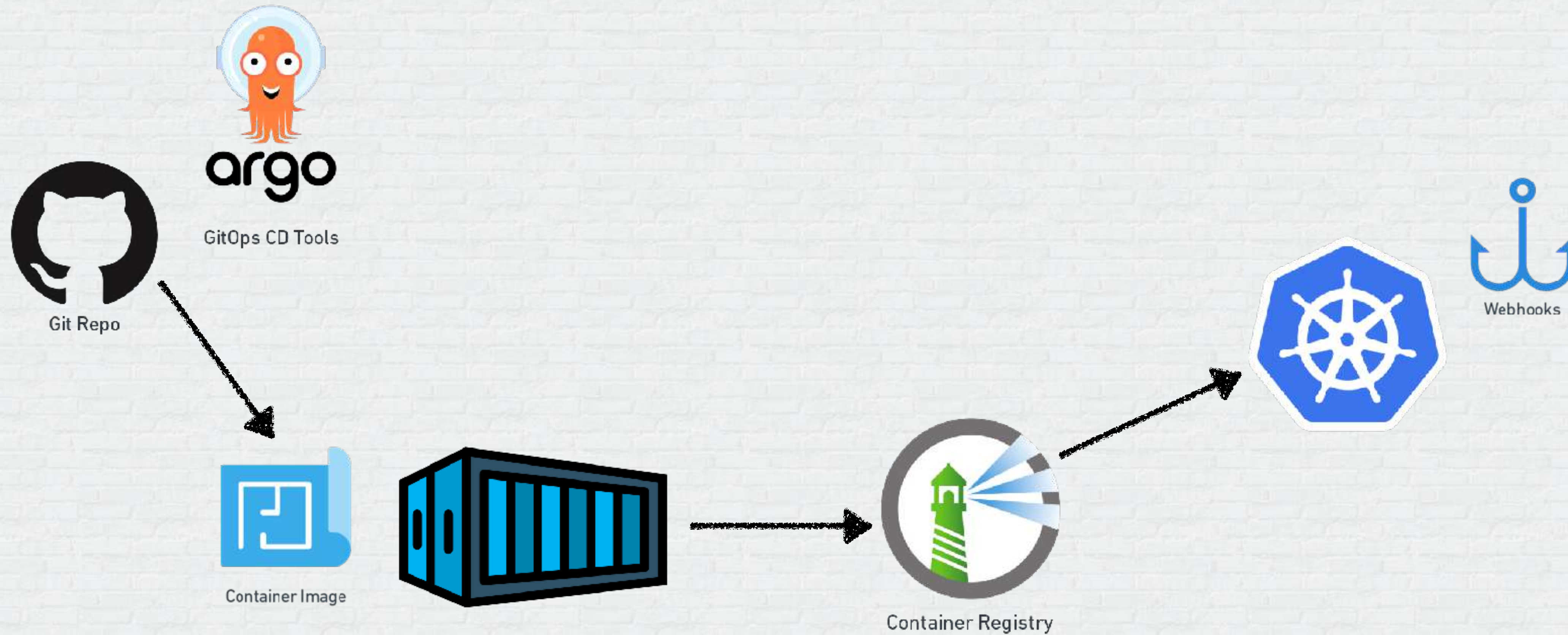


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



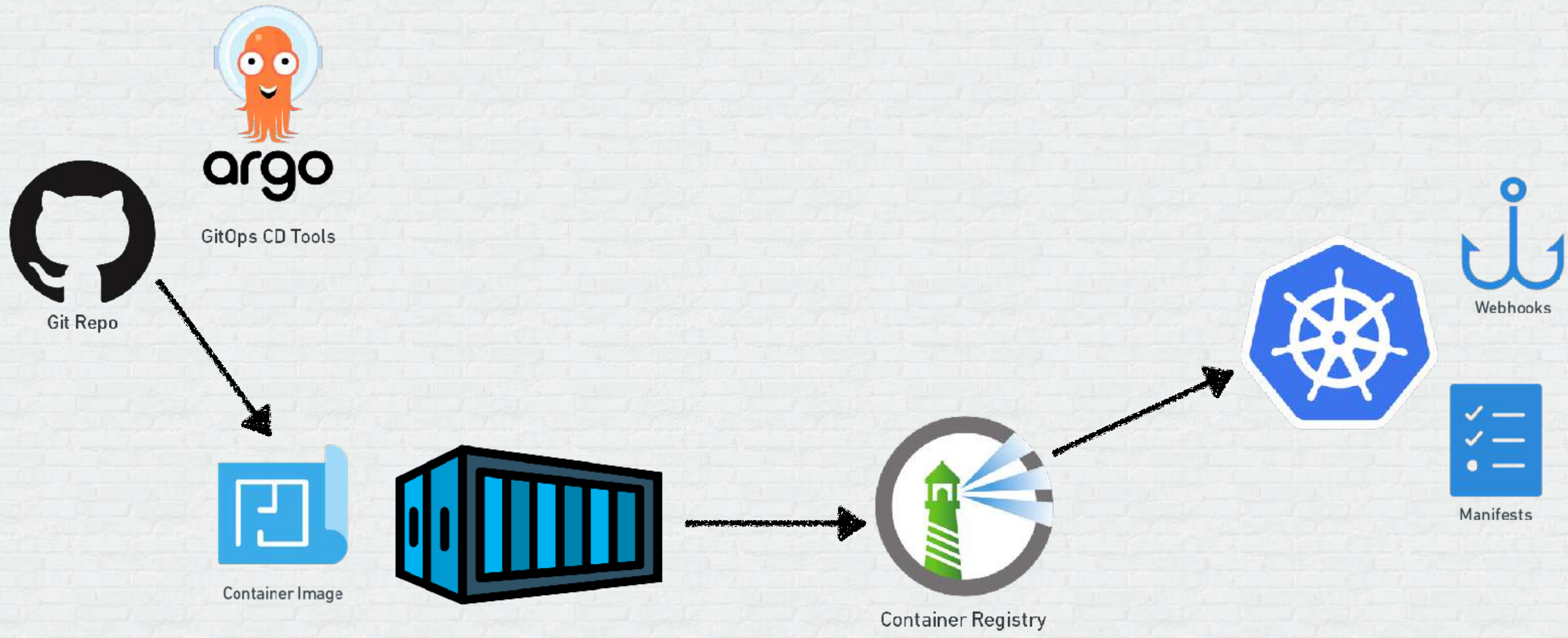


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



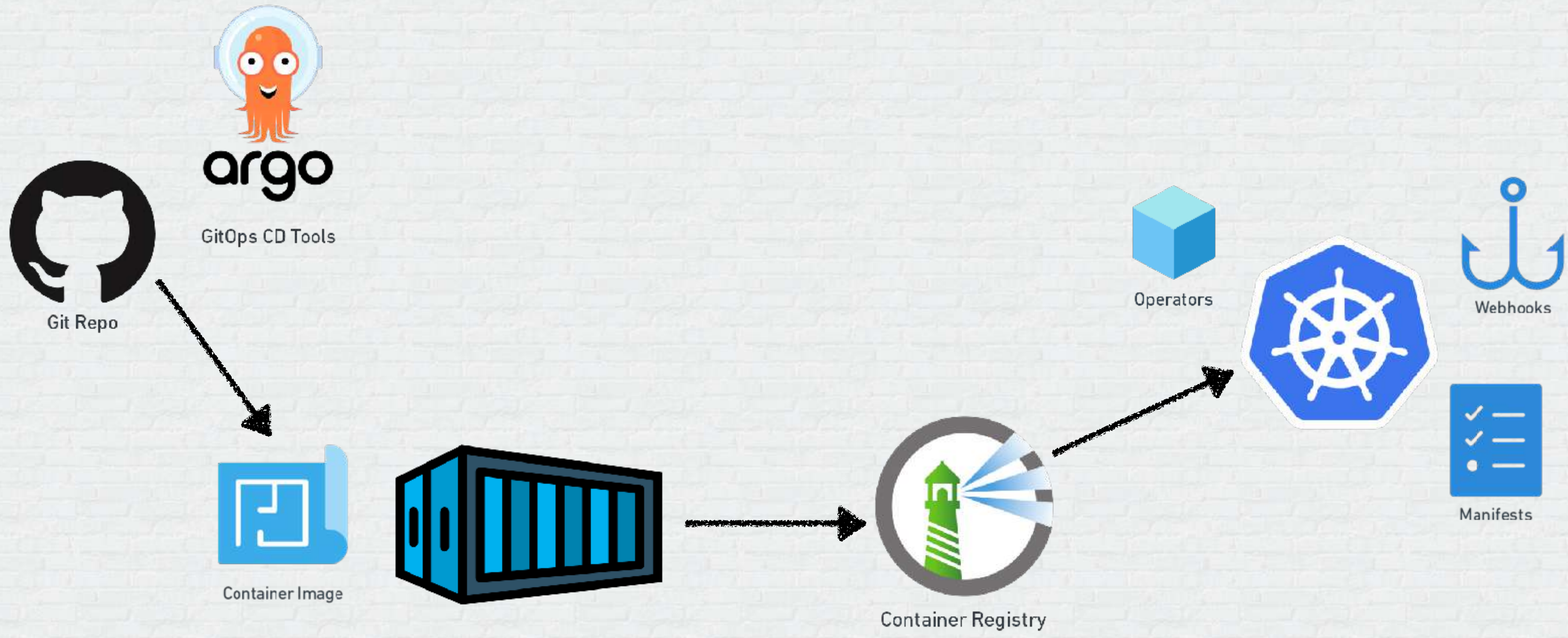


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



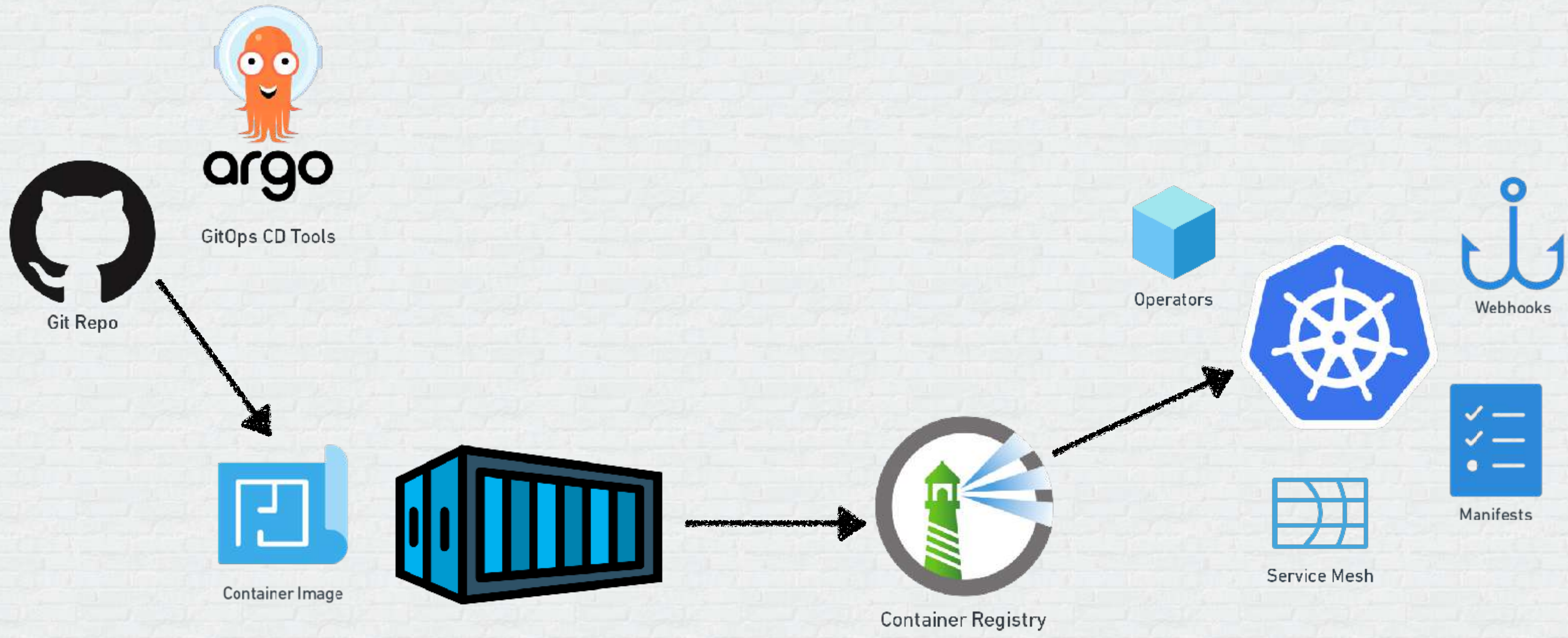


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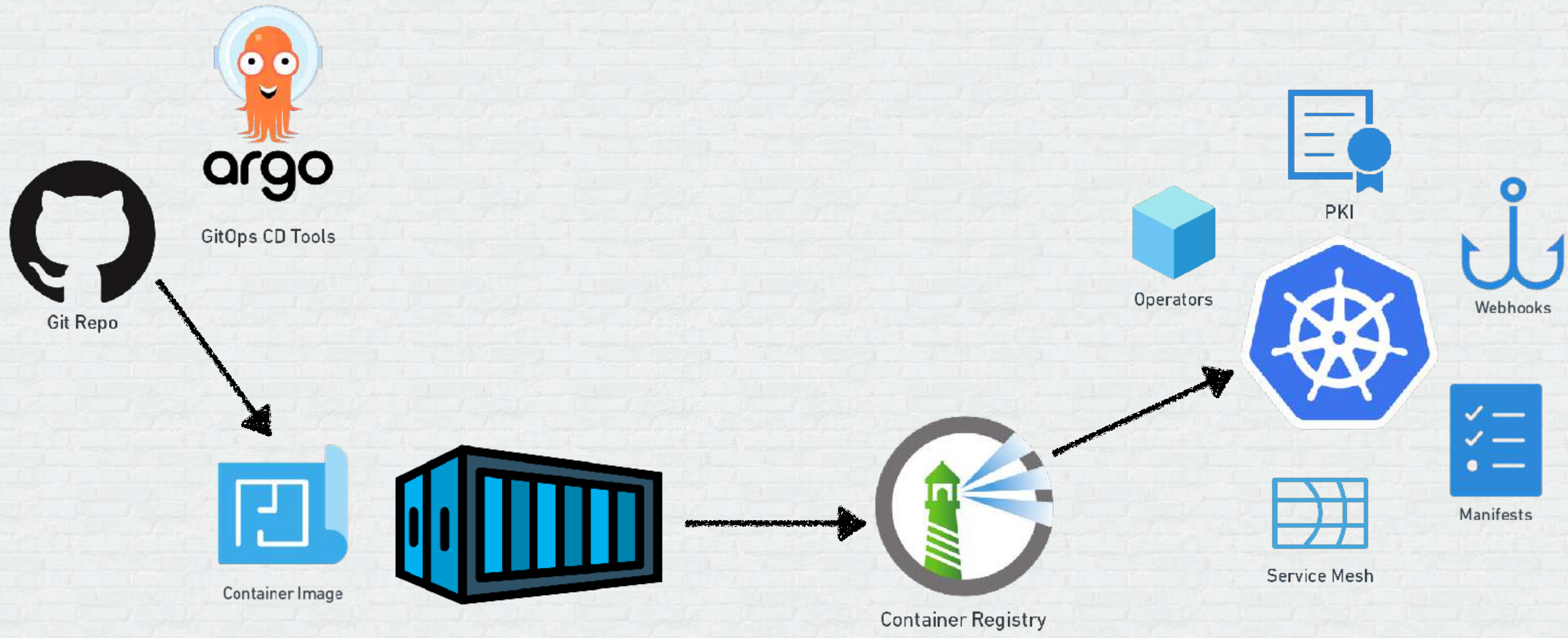


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



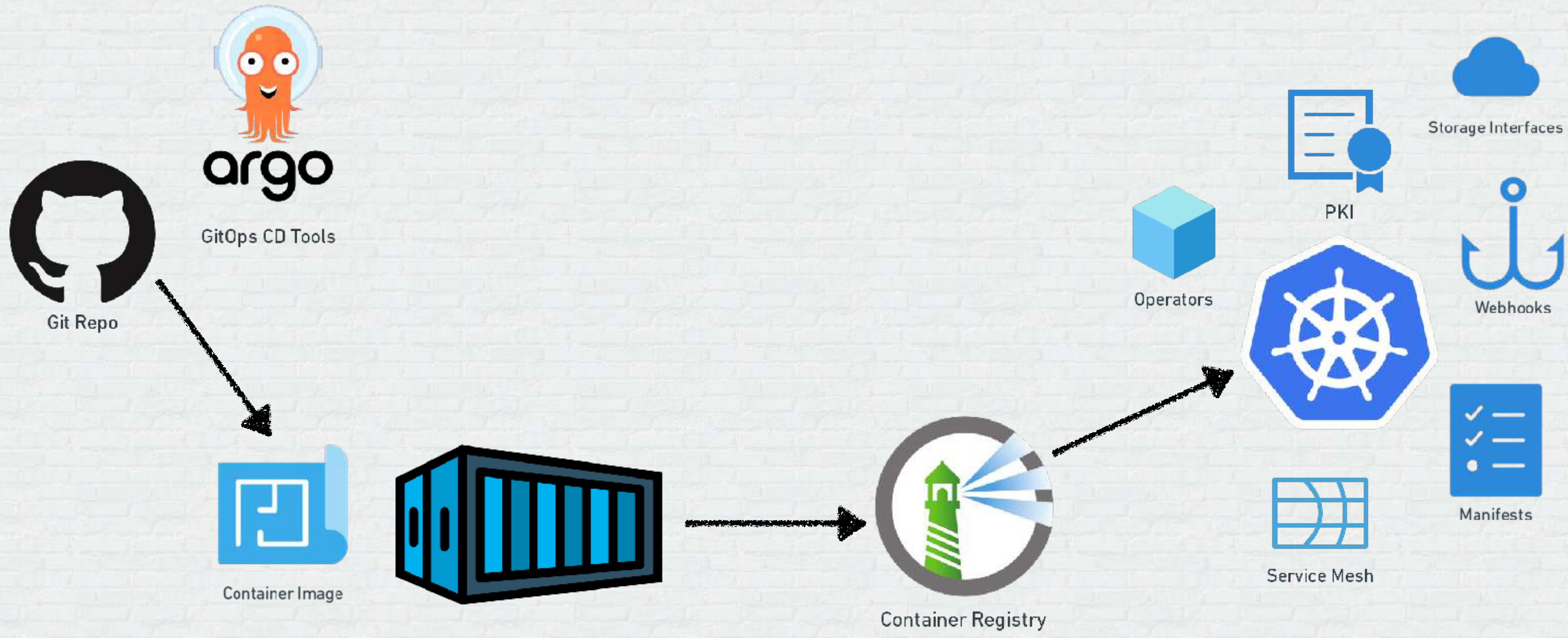


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



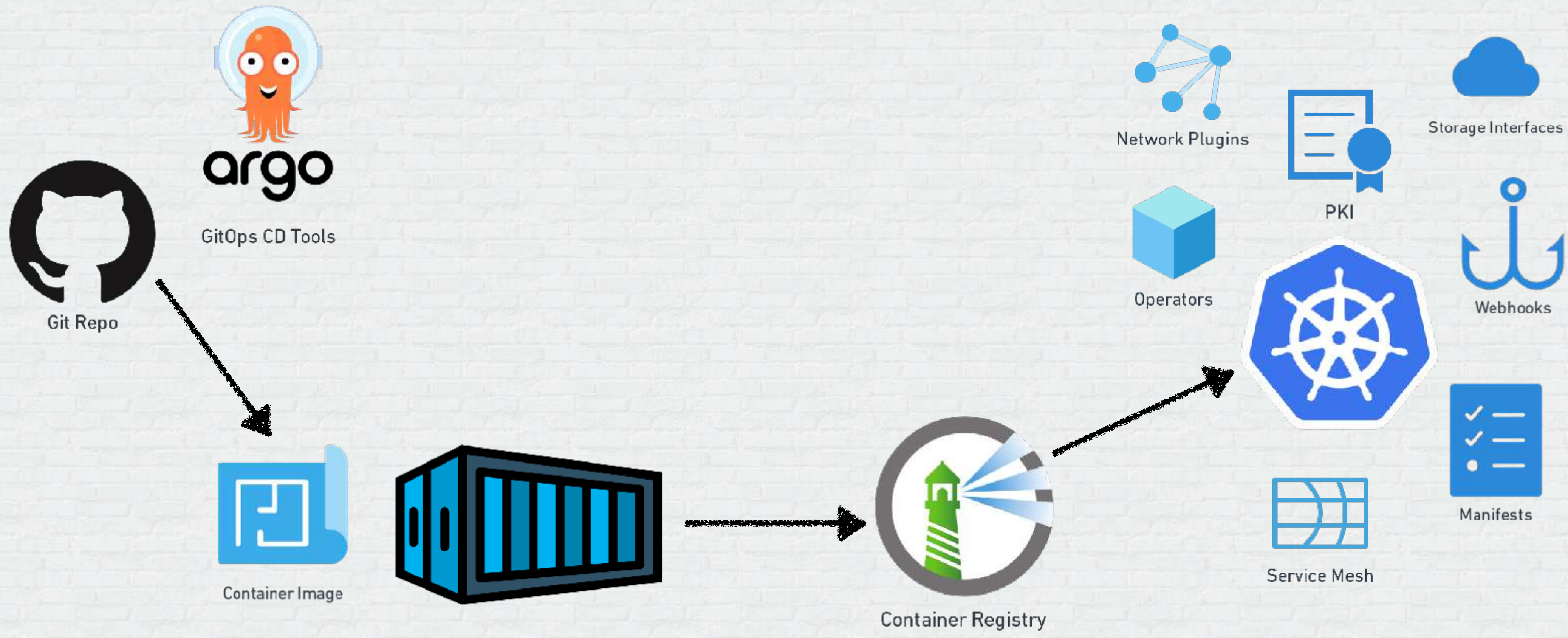


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



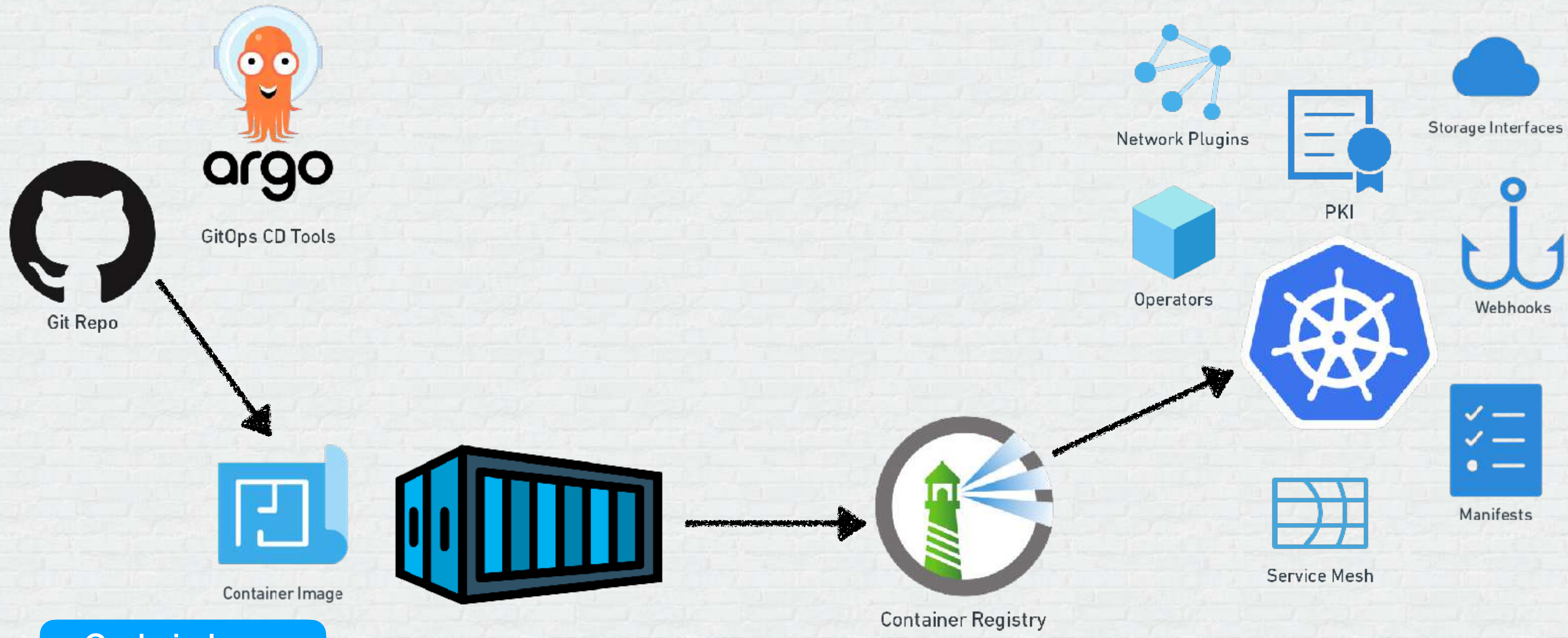


# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations

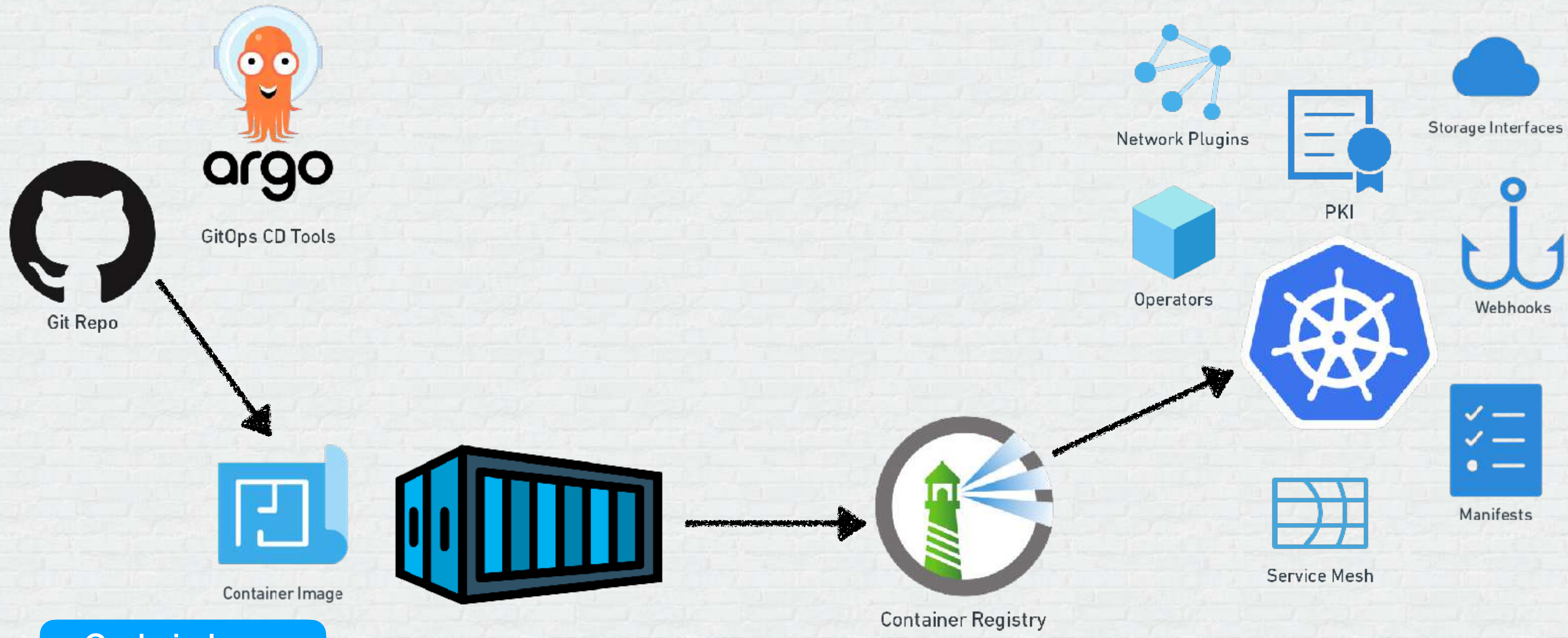


- Code in layers





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations

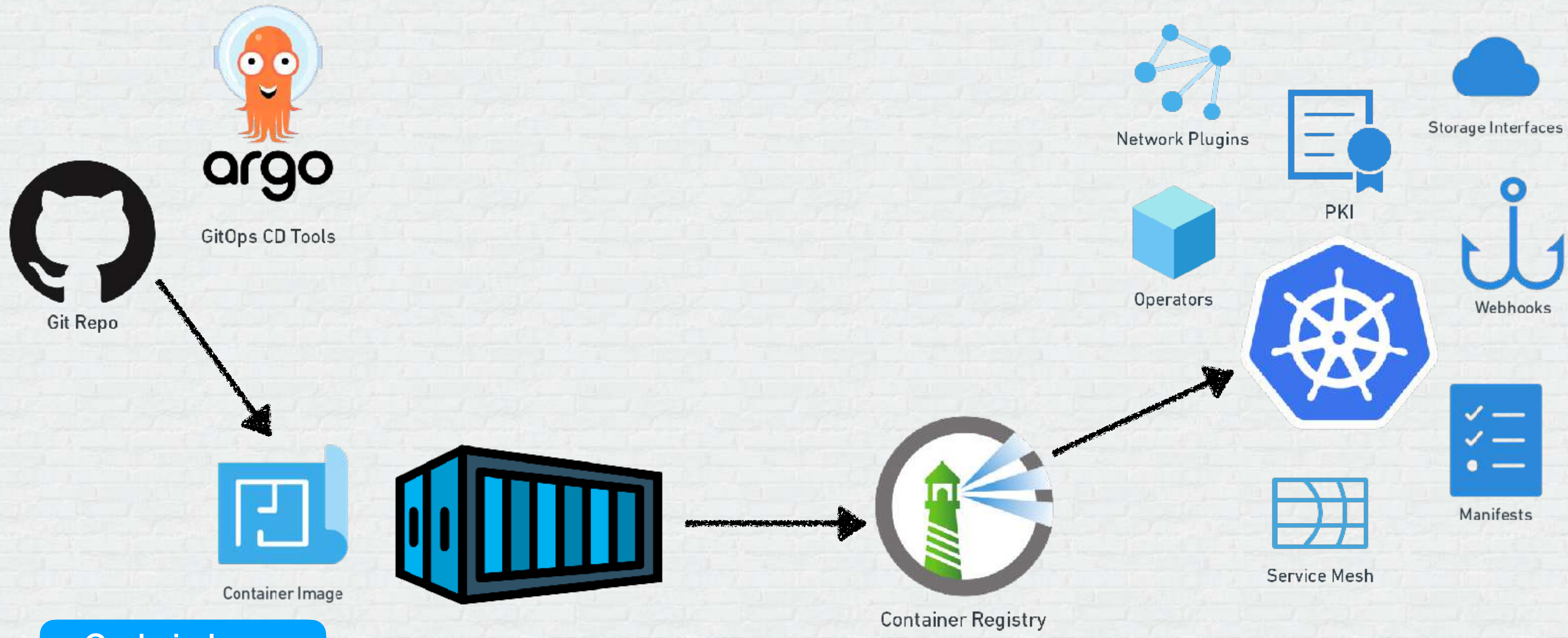


- Code in layers
- Base Image





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations

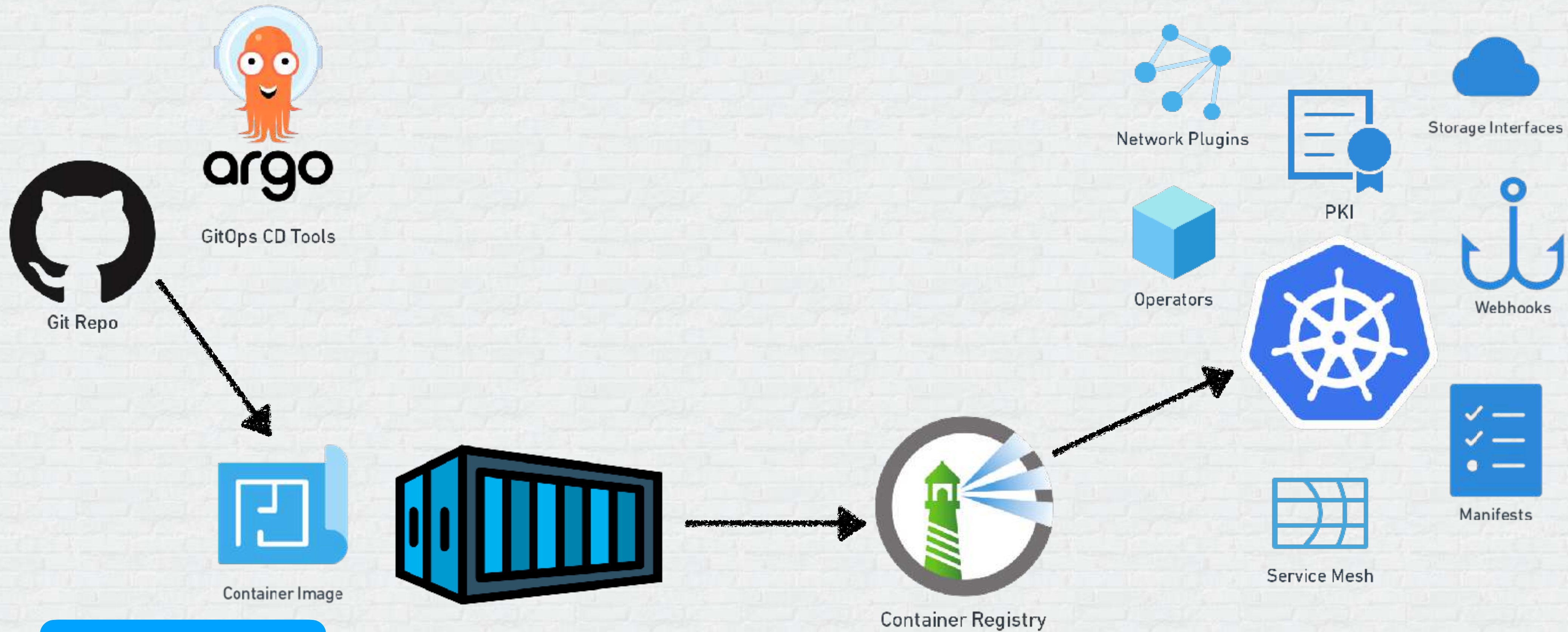


- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations

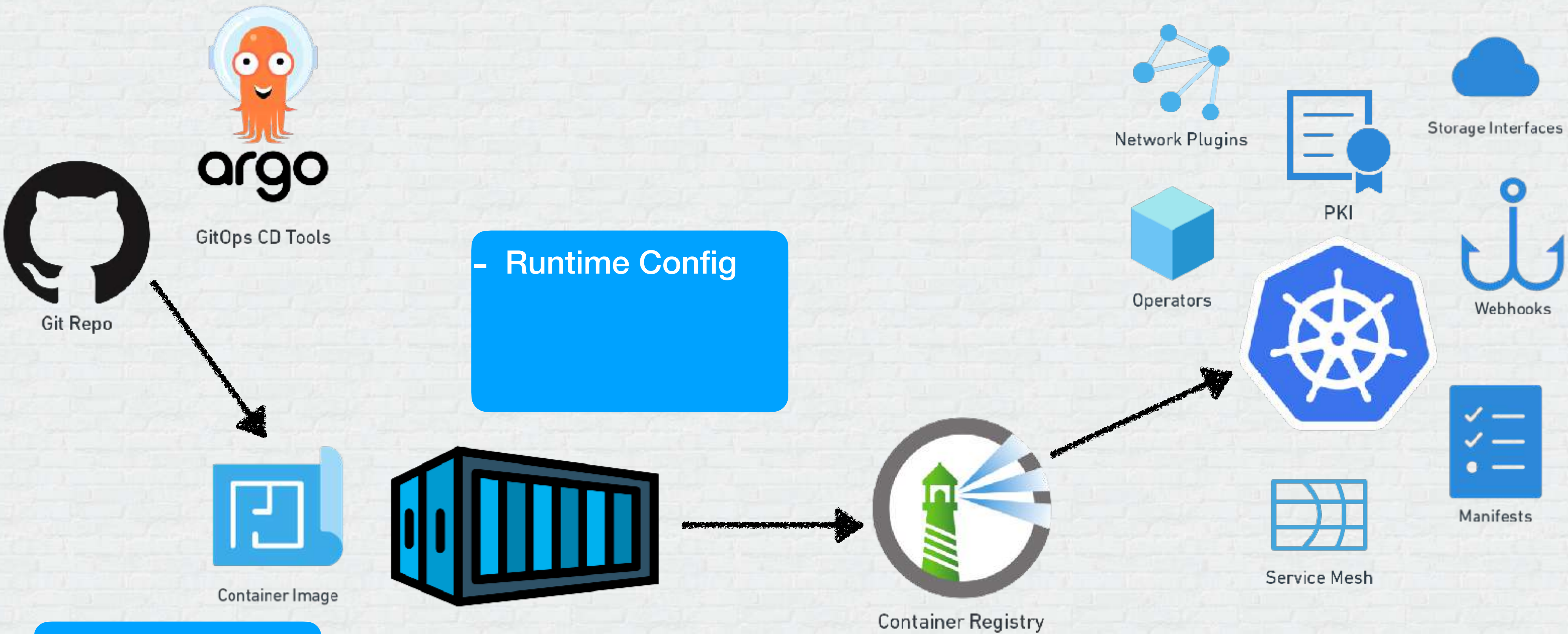


- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets
- AuthN





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations

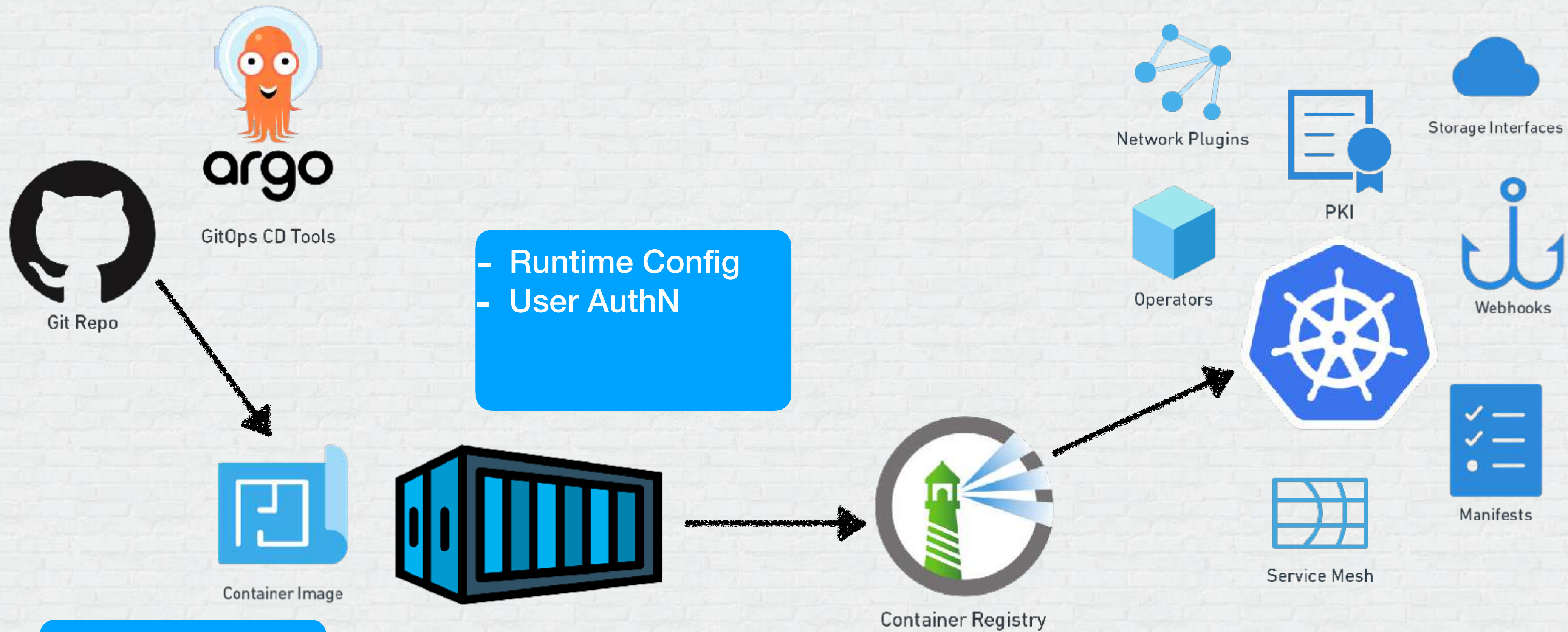


- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets
- AuthN





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



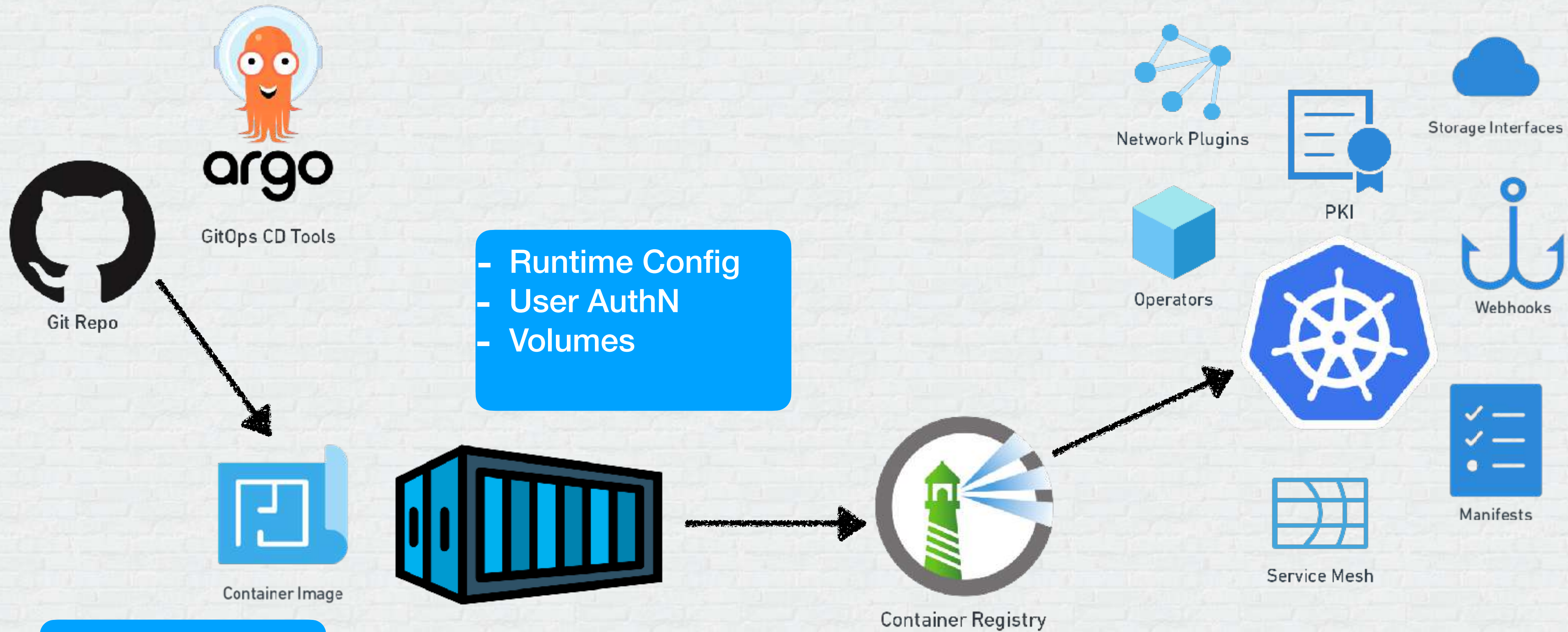
- Runtime Config
- User AuthN

- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets
- AuthN





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



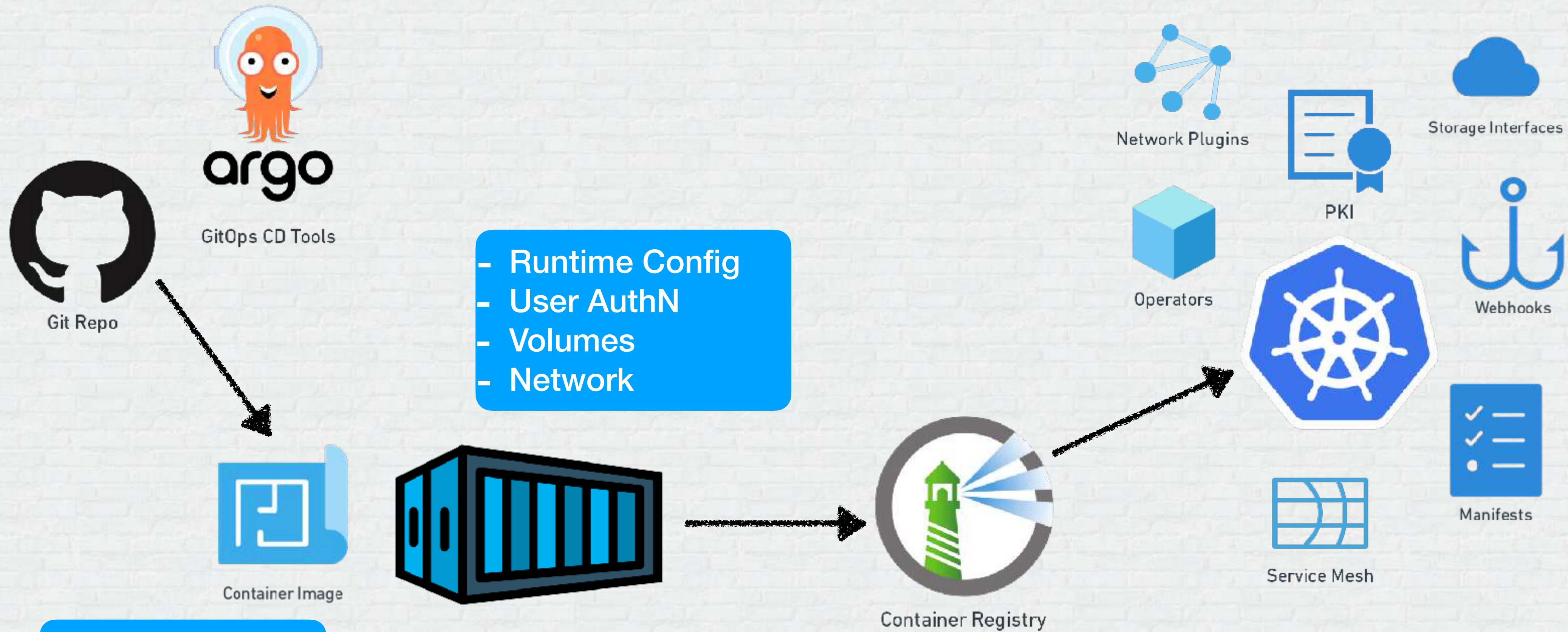
- Runtime Config
- User AuthN
- Volumes

- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets
- AuthN





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



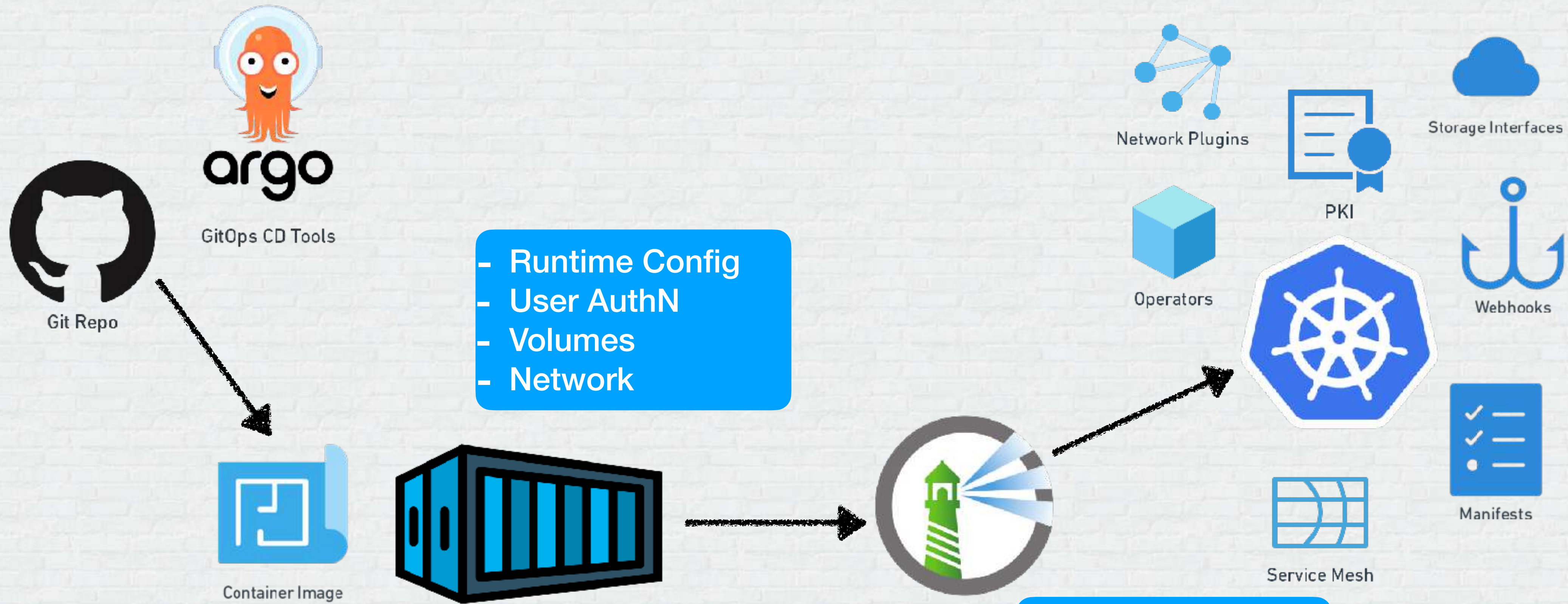
- Runtime Config
- User AuthN
- Volumes
- Network

- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets
- AuthN





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



- Runtime Config
- User AuthN
- Volumes
- Network

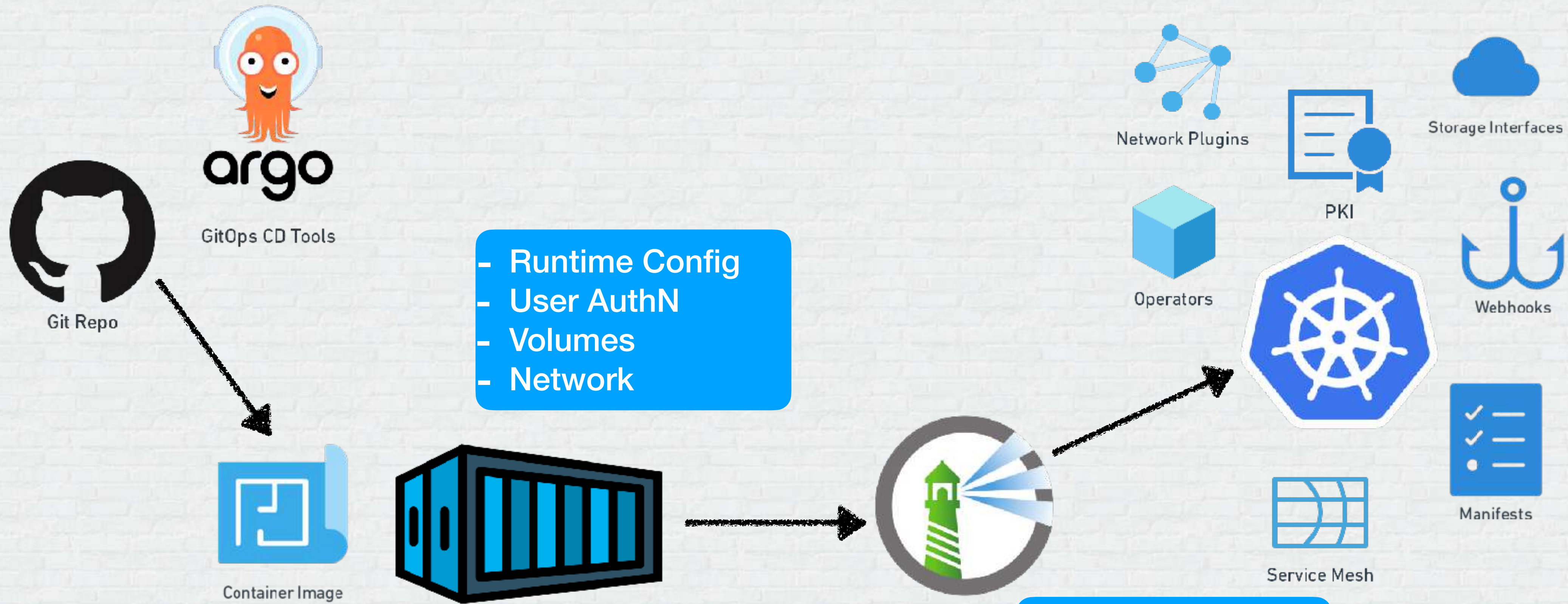
- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets
- AuthN

- AuthN





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



- Runtime Config
- User AuthN
- Volumes
- Network

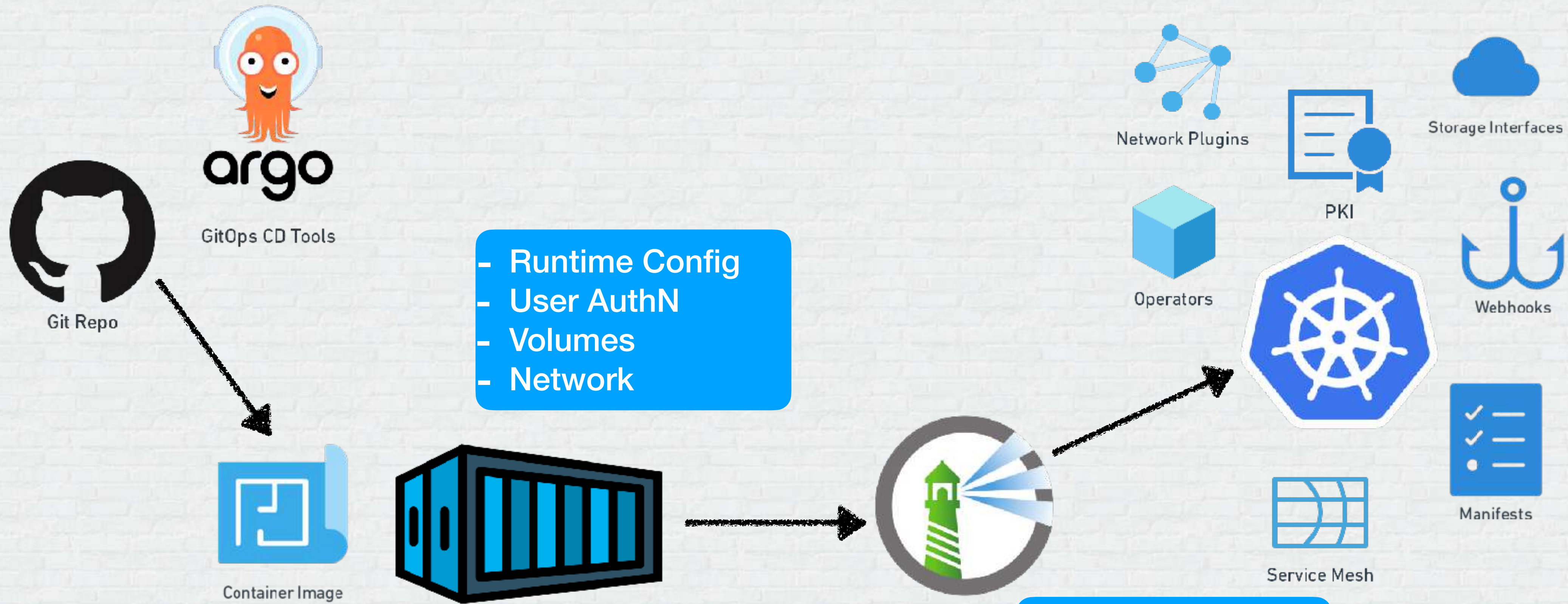
- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets
- AuthN

- AuthN
- AuthZ





# Container Supply-Chain Security Considerations



- Runtime Config
- User AuthN
- Volumes
- Network

- Code in layers
- Base Image
- Secrets
- AuthN

- AuthN
- AuthZ
- Tag Security





# \$1 Tour of Kubernetes Admission Controllers







# Admission Control – K8s

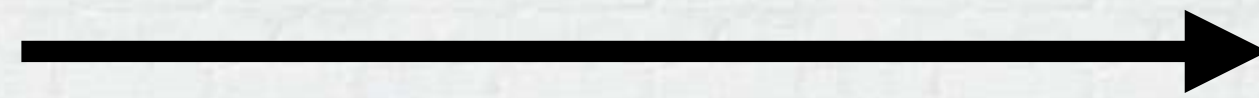


# Validating Web Hook





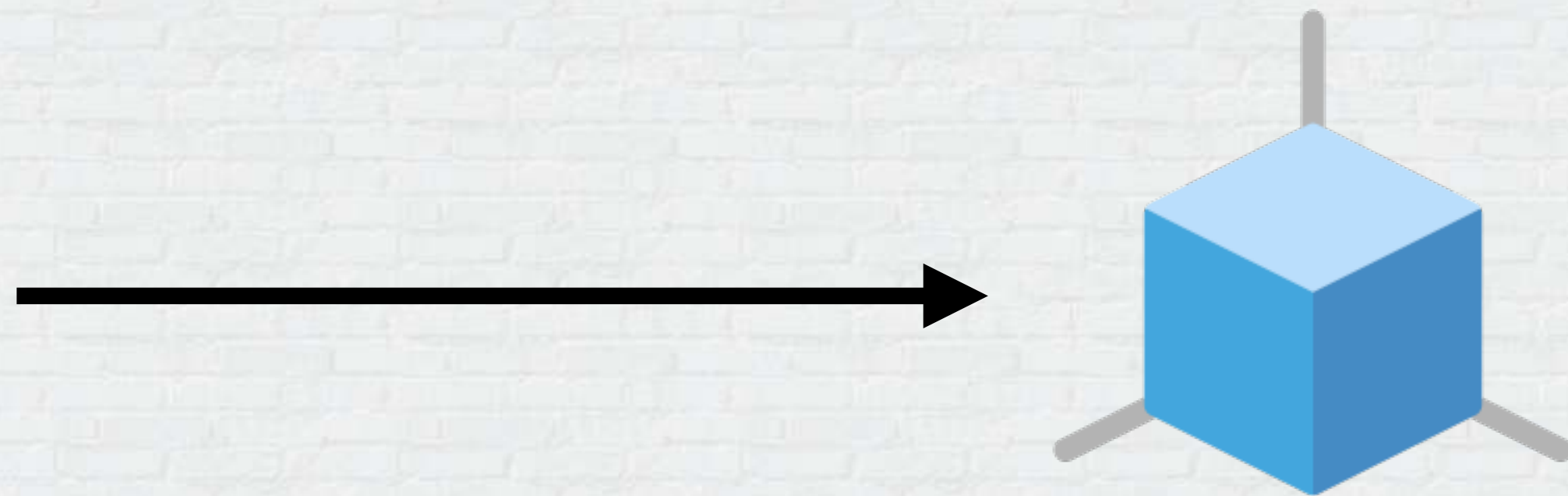
# Validating Web Hook





# Validating Web Hook

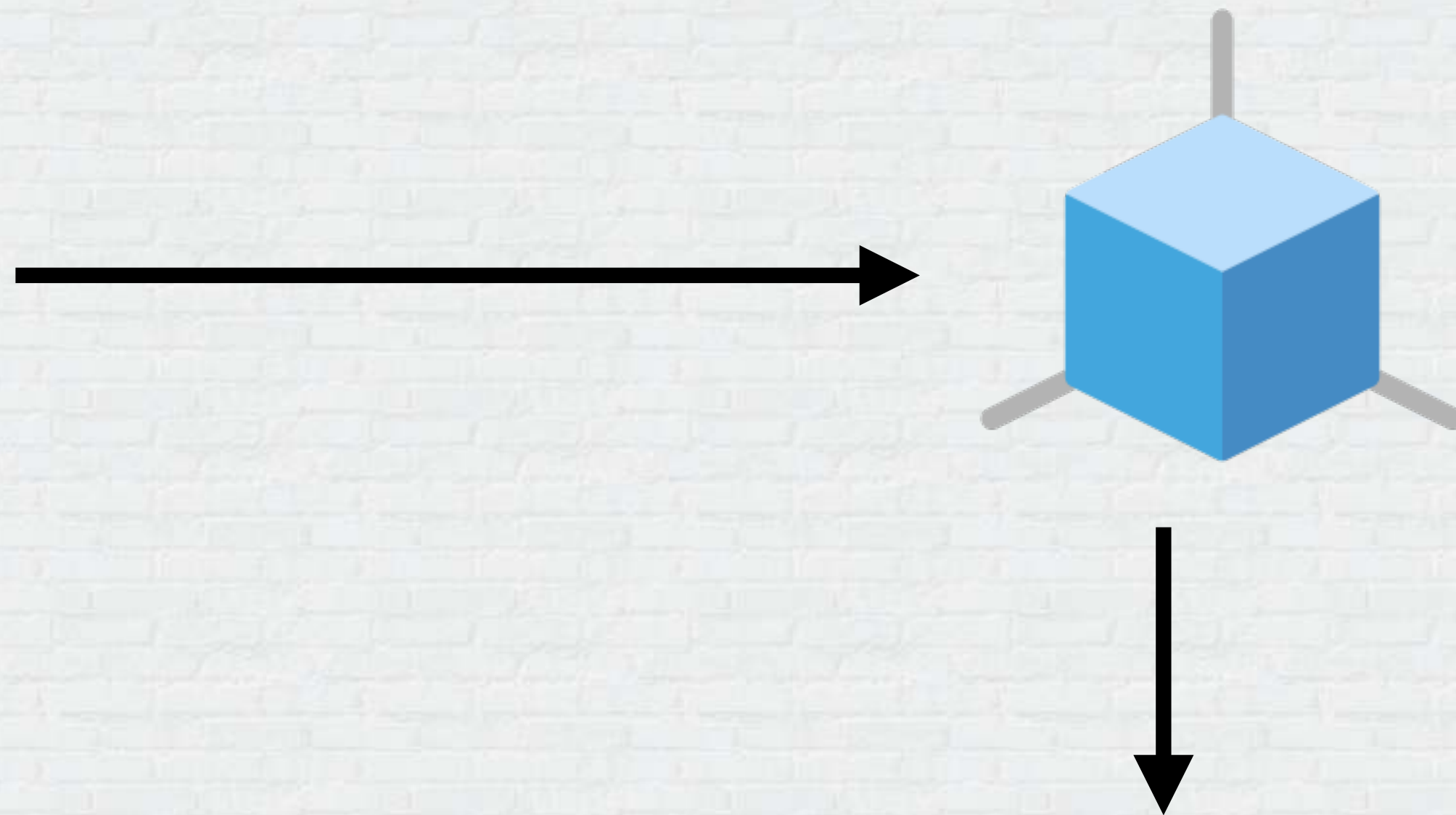
Validation Admission Controller





# Validating Web Hook

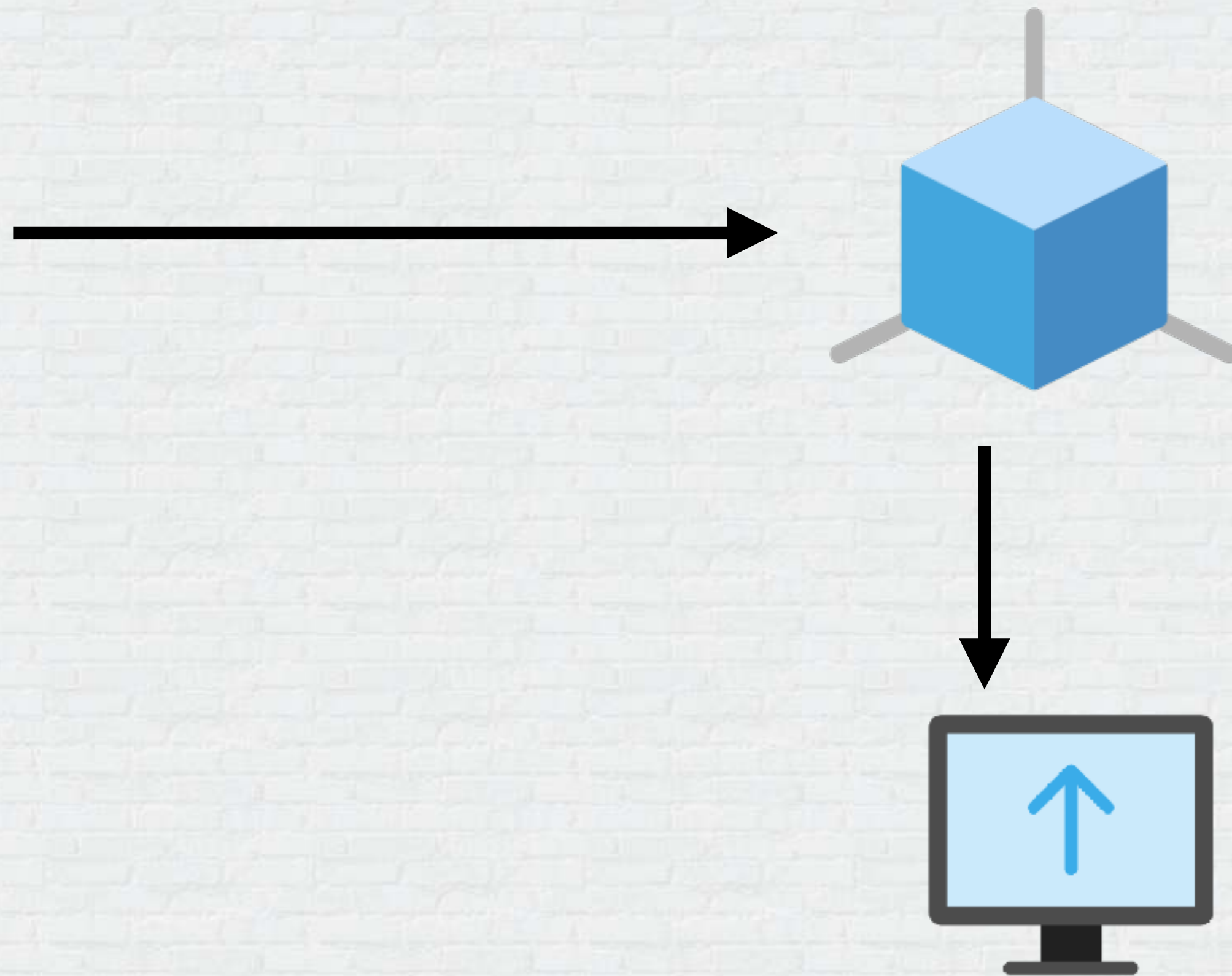
Validation Admission Controller





# Validating Web Hook

Validation Admission Controller

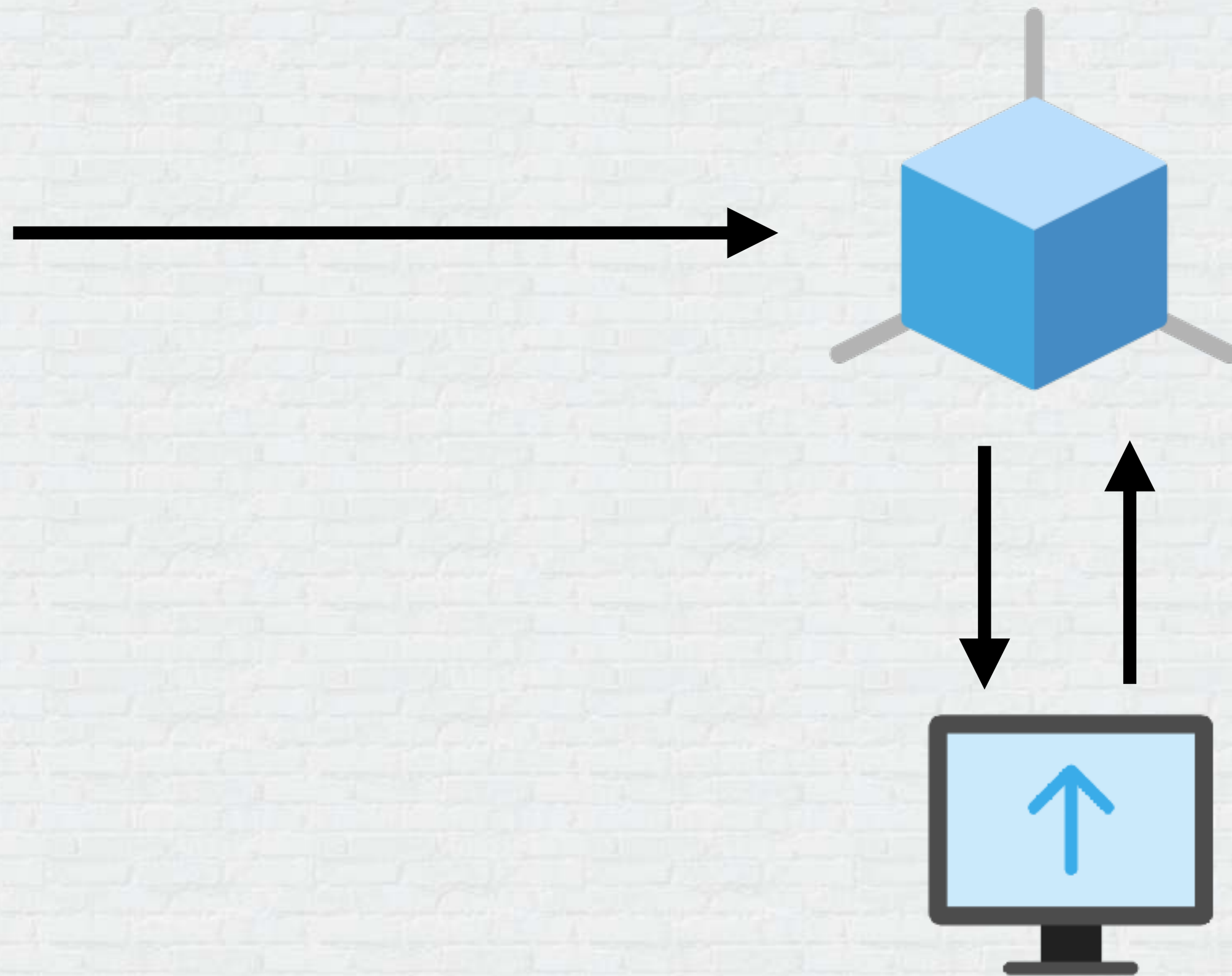


Validating Webhook



# Validating Web Hook

Validation Admission Controller

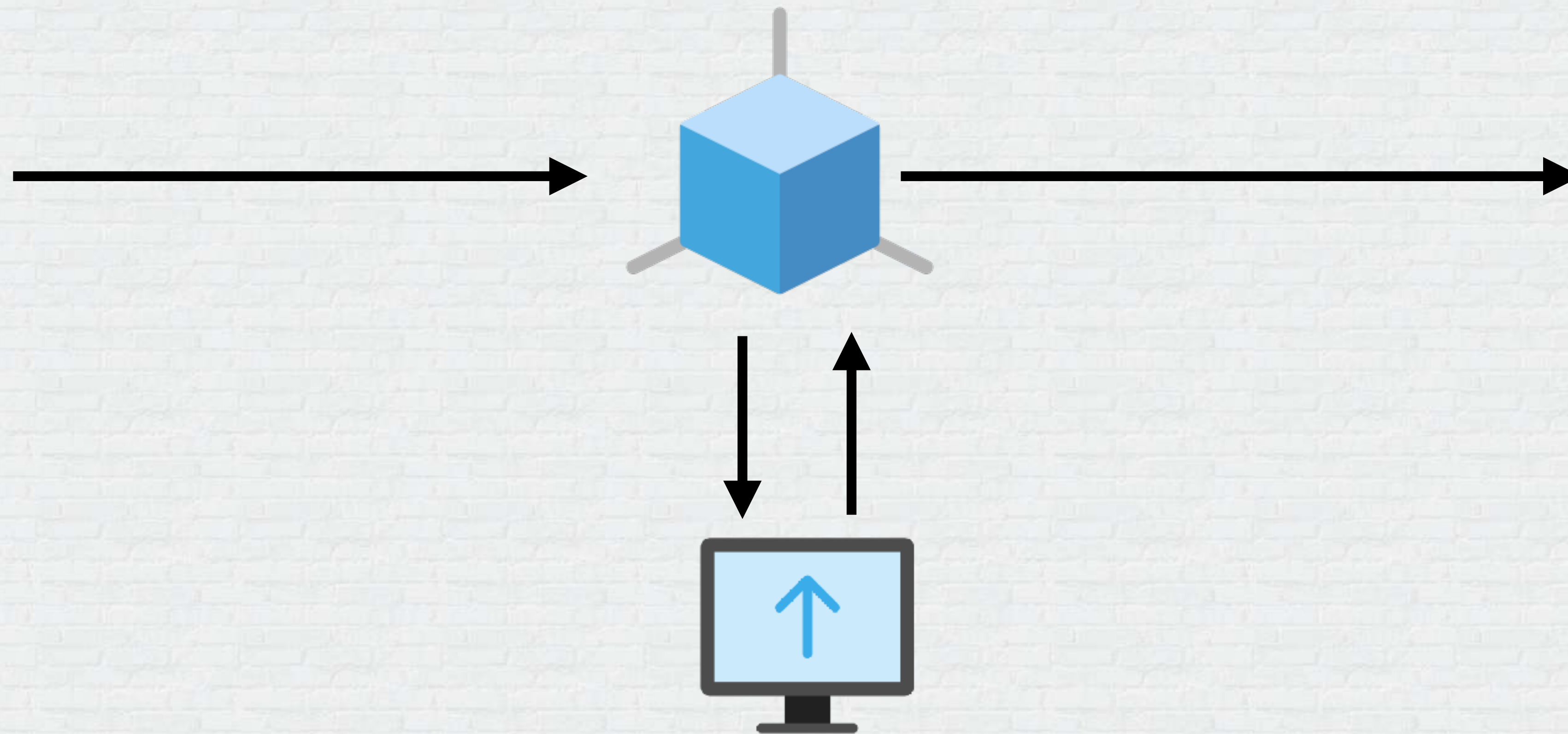


Validating Webhook



# Validating Web Hook

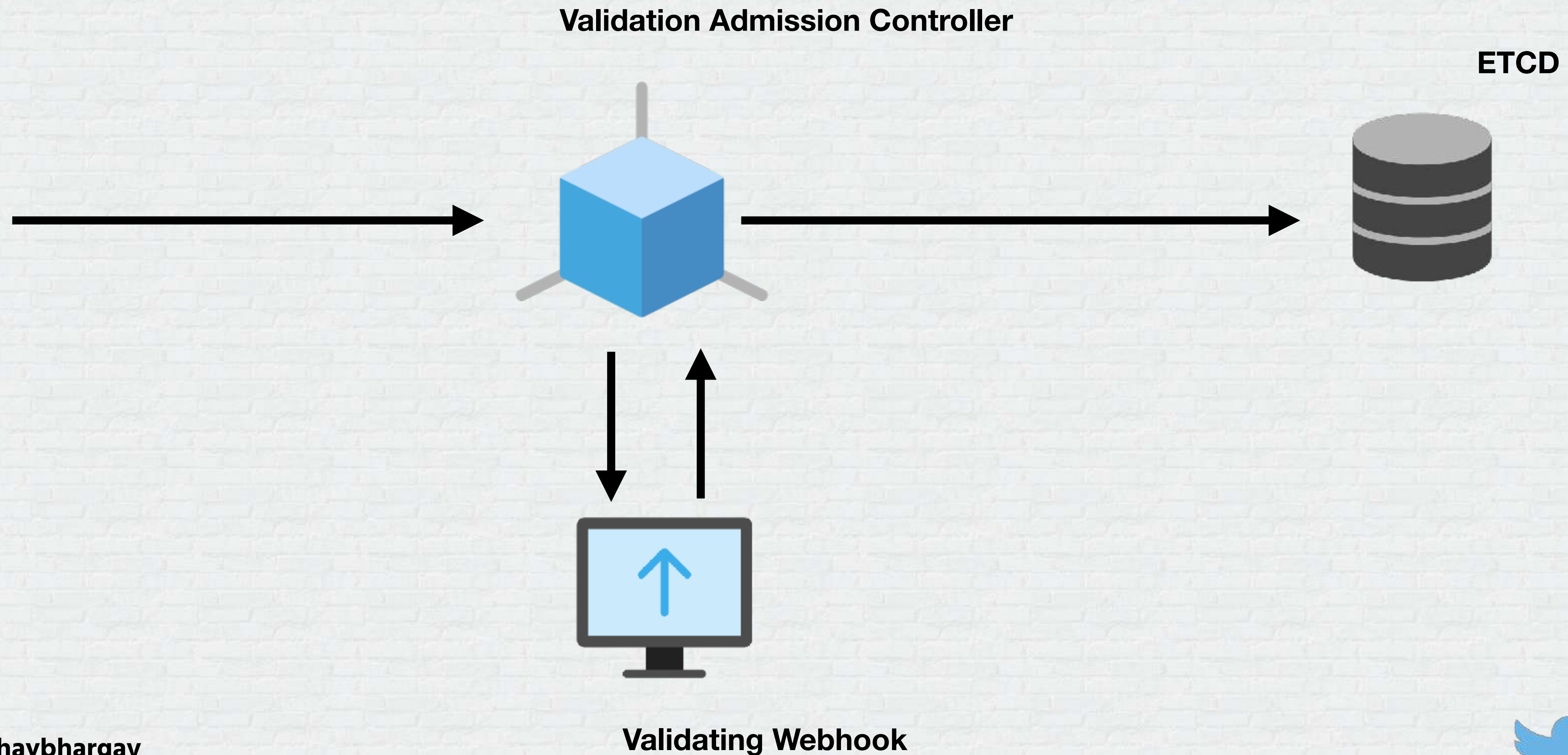
Validation Admission Controller



Validating Webhook



# Validating Web Hook



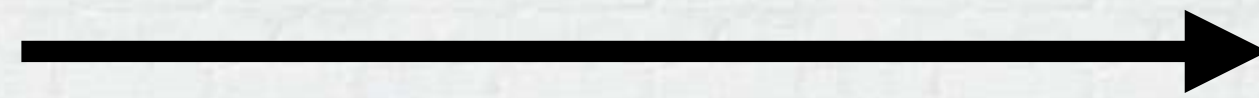


# Mutating Web Hook





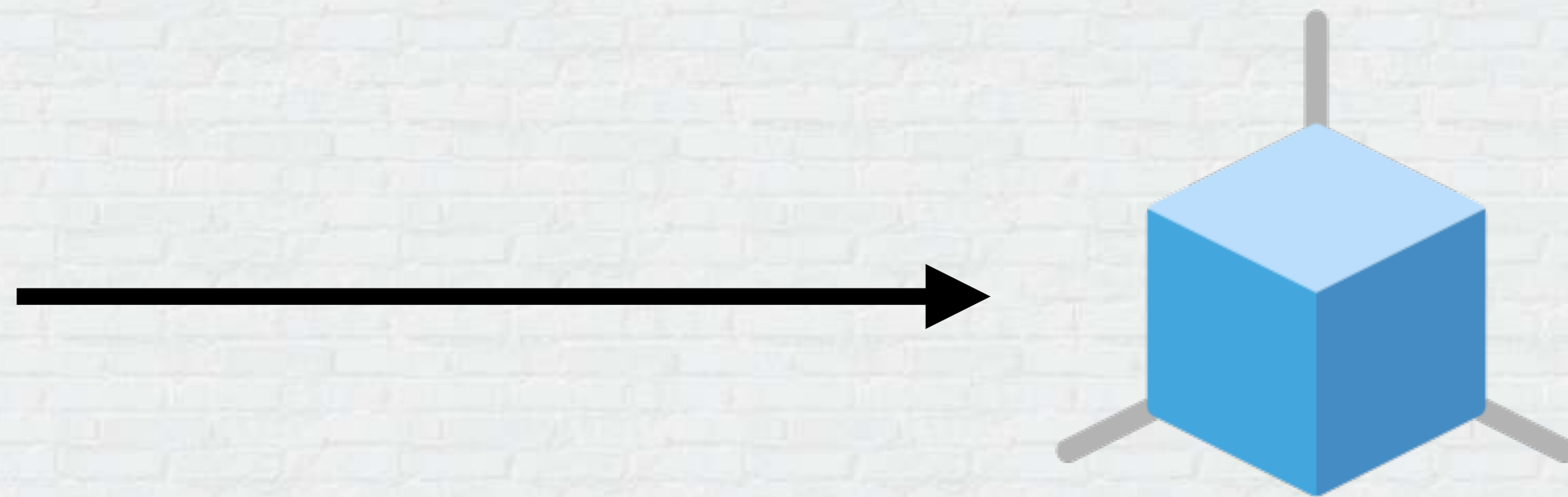
# Mutating Web Hook





# Mutating Web Hook

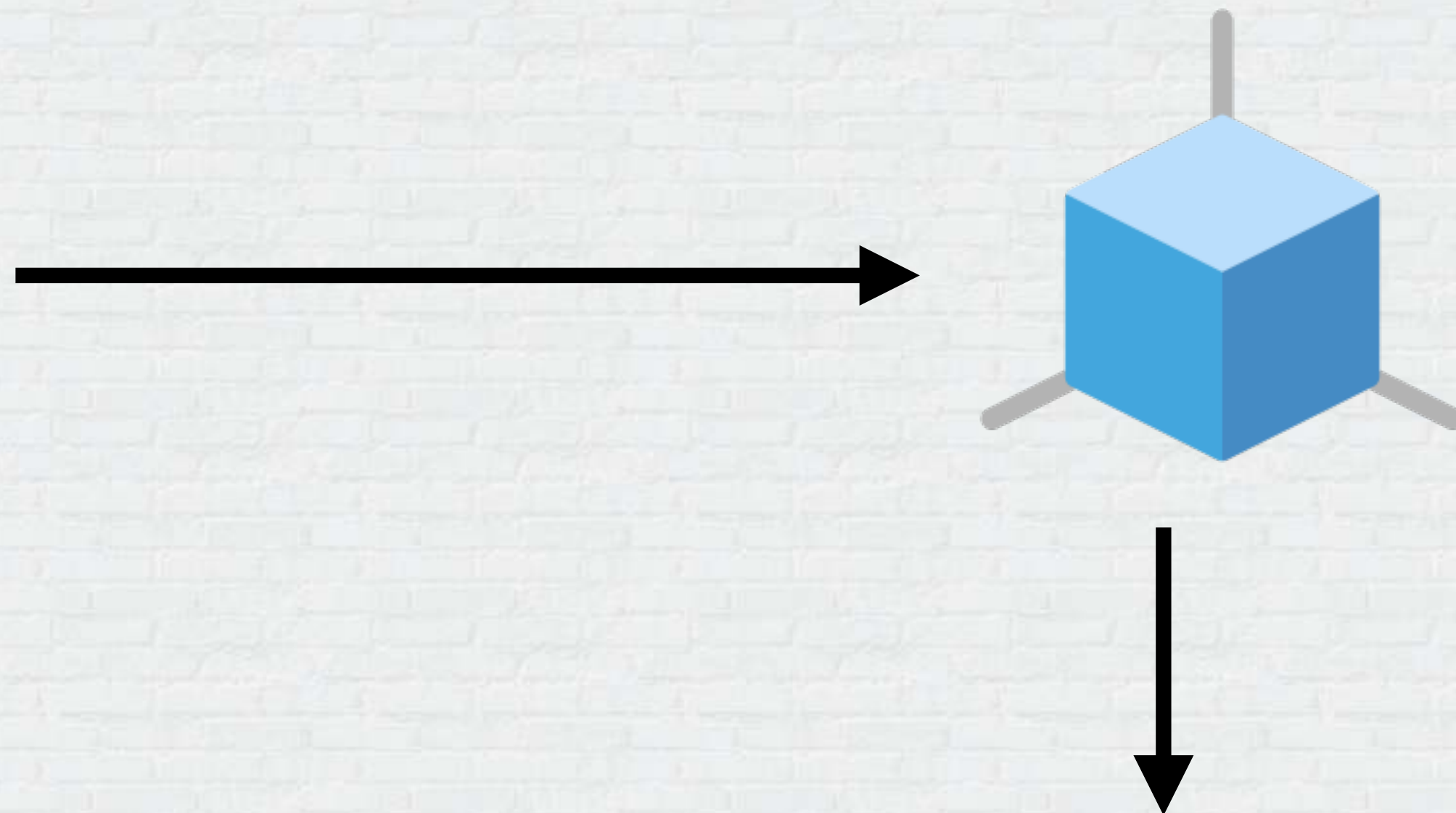
Mutating Admission Controller





# Mutating Web Hook

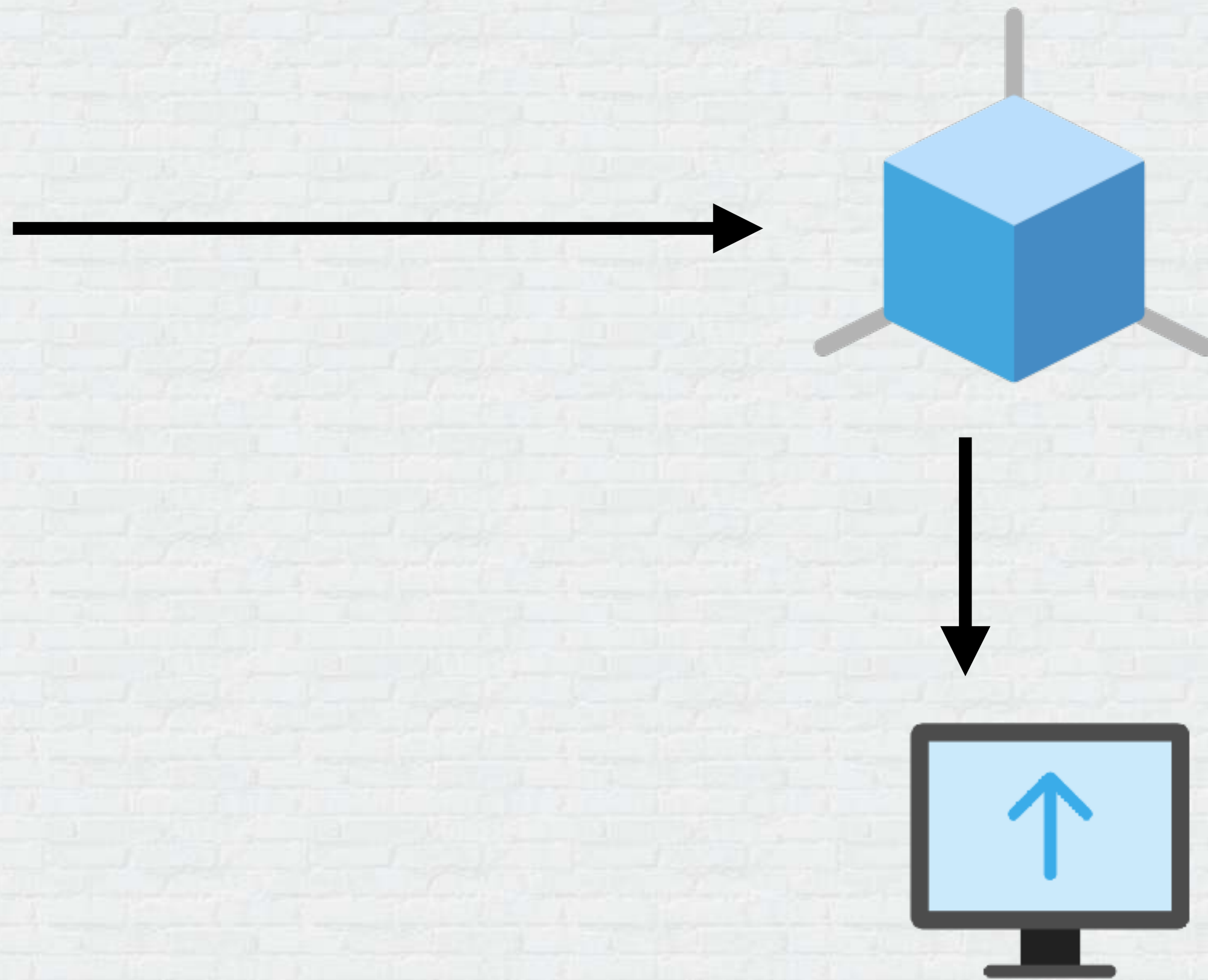
Mutating Admission Controller





# Mutating Web Hook

Mutating Admission Controller



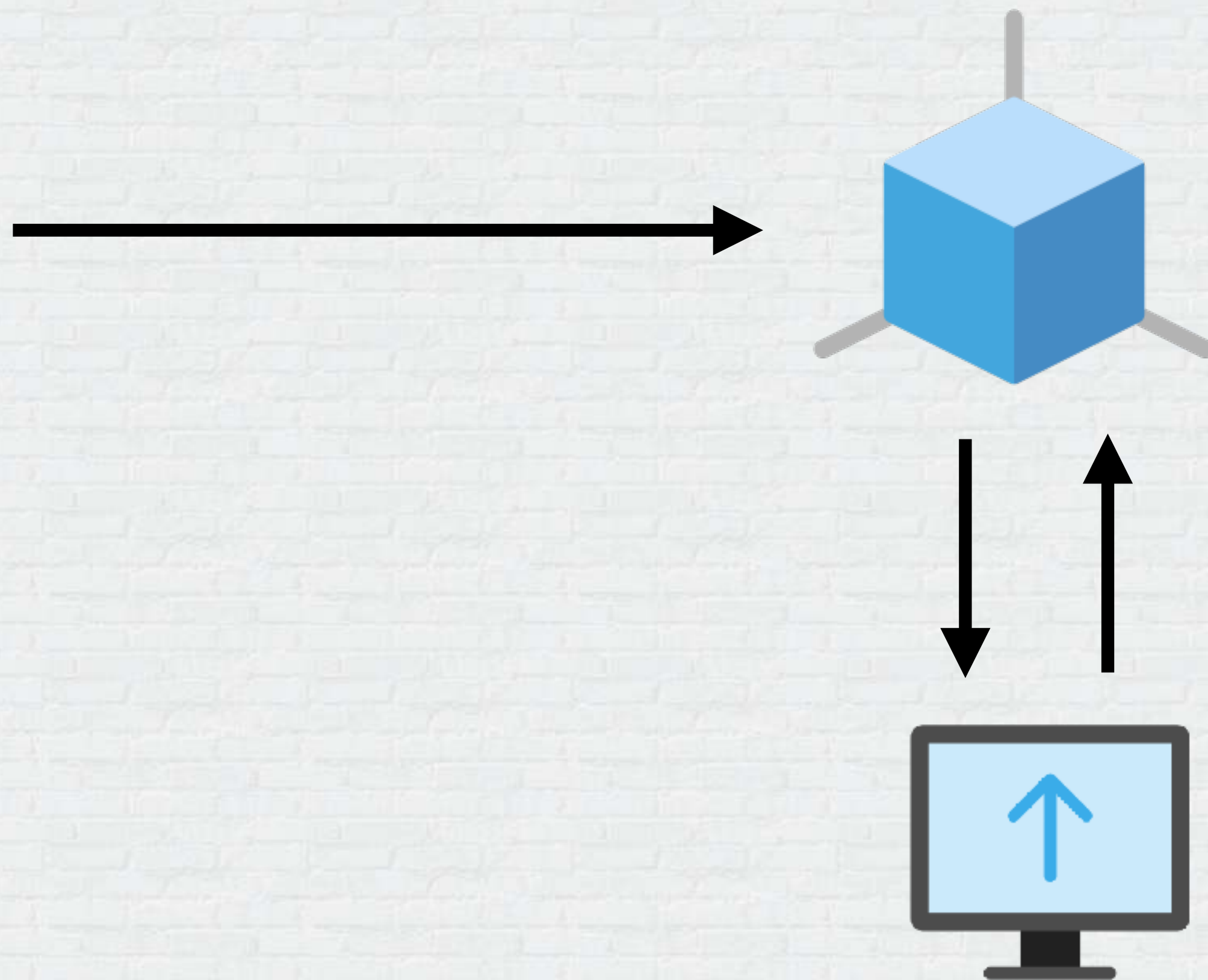
Mutating Webhook

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# Mutating Web Hook

Mutating Admission Controller



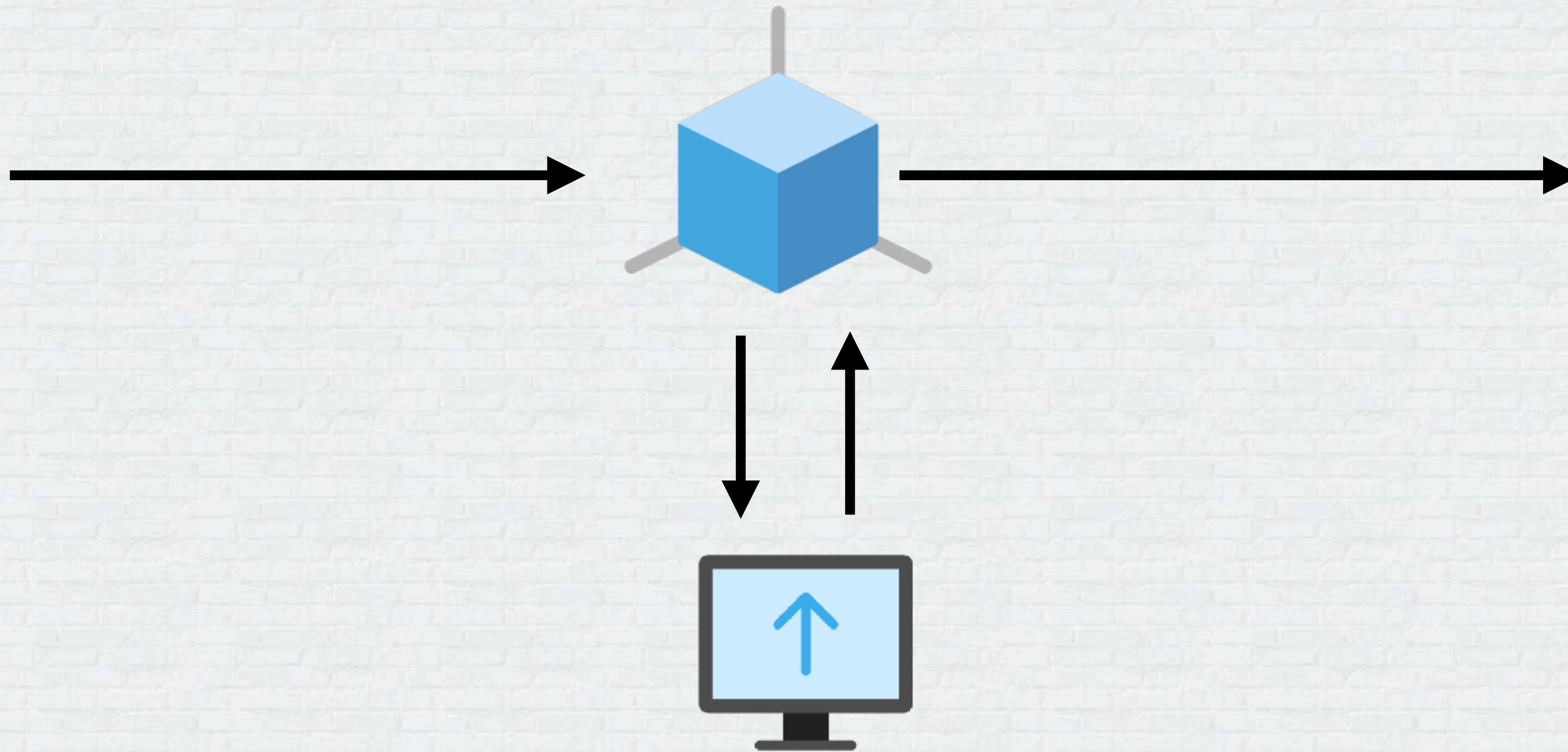
Mutating Webhook

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# Mutating Web Hook

Mutating Admission Controller



Mutating Webhook

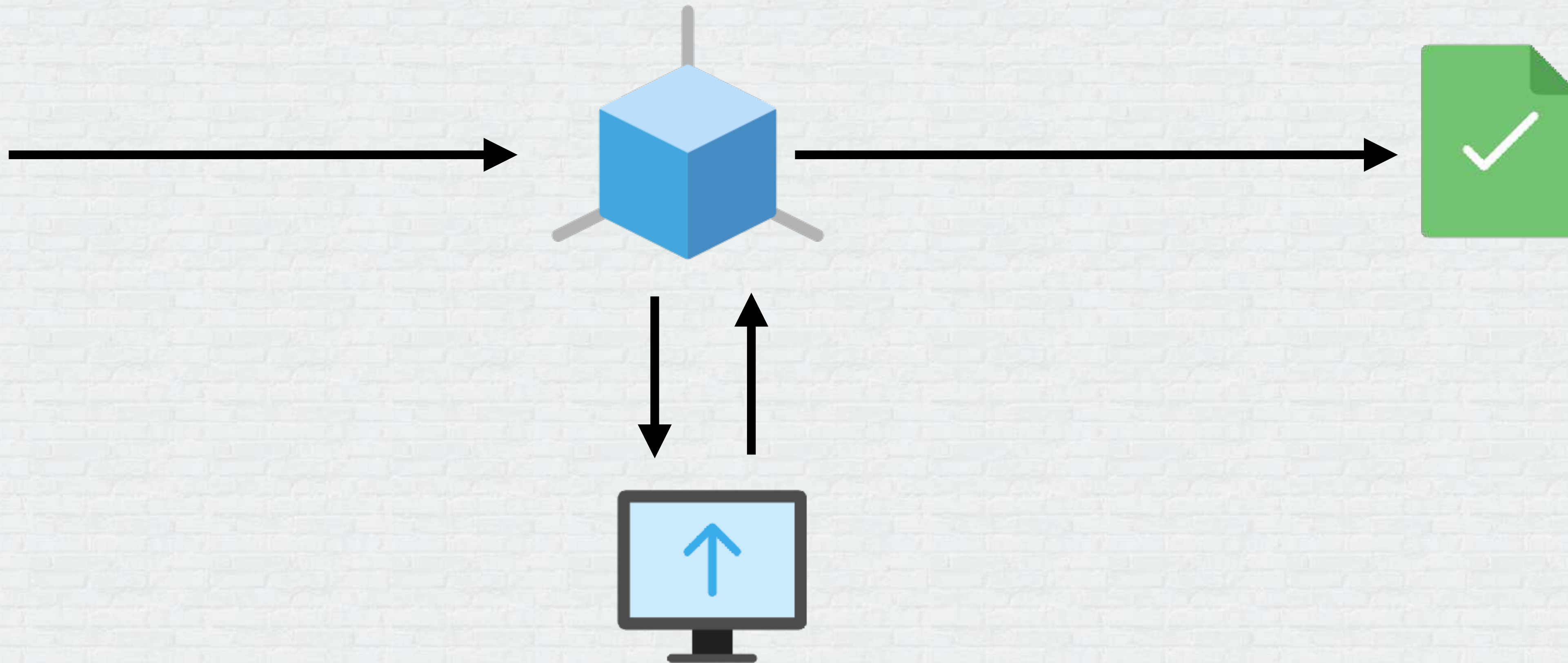
Copyright © AppSecEngineer 2022



# Mutating Web Hook

Mutating Admission Controller

Schema Validation



Mutating Webhook

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# Registering the Admission Controller

```
apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1
kind: ValidatingWebhookConfiguration/MutatingWebhookConfiguration
metadata:
  name: "pod-policy.appsecengineer.com"
webhooks:
- name: "pod-policy.appsecengineer.com"
  rules:
  - apiGroups: [""]
    apiVersions: ["v1"]
    operations: ["CREATE"]
    resources: ["pods"]
    scope: "Namespaced"
  clientConfig:
    service:
      namespace: "webhook-namespace"
      name: "webhook-service"
      caBundle: "CA Bundle to validate the server Certificate"
  admissionReviewVersions: ["v1", "v1beta1"]
  timeoutSeconds: 5
```



# Validating Webhook Response





# Validating Webhook Response

```
{
  "apiVersion": "admission.k8s.io/v1",
  "kind": "AdmissionReview",
  "response": {
    "uid": "<value from request.uid>",
    "allowed": true
  }
}
```

Allowed Response



# Validating Webhook Response

```
{
  "apiVersion": "admission.k8s.io/v1",
  "kind": "AdmissionReview",
  "response": {
    "uid": "<value from request.uid>",
    "allowed": true
  }
}
```

Allowed Response

```
{
  "apiVersion": "admission.k8s.io/v1",
  "kind": "AdmissionReview",
  "response": {
    "uid": "<value from request.uid>",
    "allowed": false
  }
}
```

Denied Response



# Validating Webhook Response

```
{  
  "apiVersion":  
  "kind": "Admis  
  "response": {  
    "uid": "<va  
    "allowed":  
  }  
}
```

Allowe

```
{  
  "apiVersion": "admission.k8s.io/v1",  
  "kind": "AdmissionReview",  
  "response": {  
    "uid": "<value from request.uid>",  
    "allowed": false,  
    "status": {  
      "code": 403,  
      "message": "This request doesn't contain the valid label"  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Denied Response with Custom Messages

```
"admission.k8s.io/v1",  
ssionReview",  
  
ue from request.uid>",  
false
```

d Response

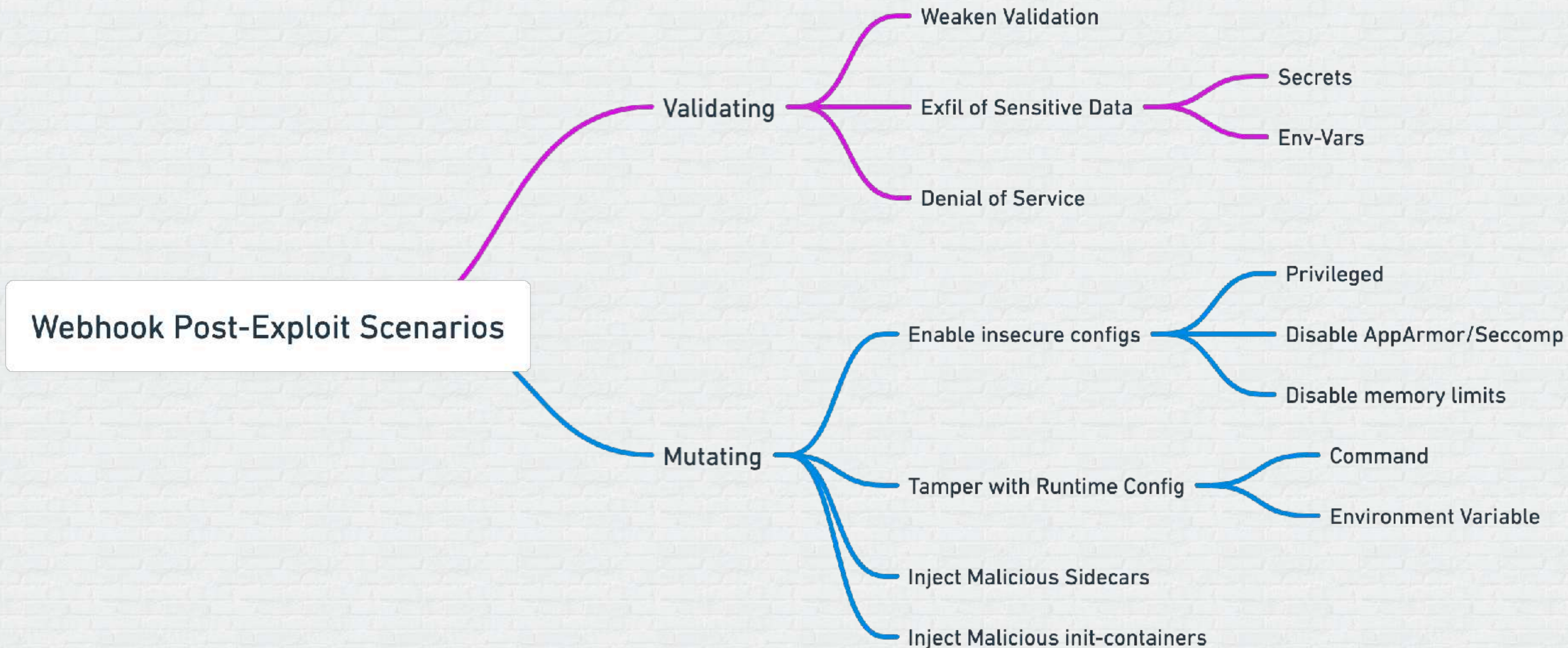


# Response in Mutating Webhook

```
{
  "apiVersion": "admission.k8s.io/v1",
  "kind": "AdmissionReview",
  "response": {
    "uid": "<value from request.uid>",
    "allowed": true,
    "patchType": "JSONPatch",
    "patch": "W3sib3Ai0iAiYWRkIiwgInBhdGgi0iAiL3NwZWMvbGFiZWwiLCAidmFsdWUi0iAiYXBwc2VjZW5naW5lZXIifV0="
  }
}
```



# Possible Post-Exploit Scenarios





# Demo

